according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



AIM® EC HERBICIDE

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 10/06/2022 1.1 11/12/2025 50001765 Date of first issue: 10/06/2022

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

Product name AIM® EC HERBICIDE

Other means of identification

Product code 50001765

Chemical nature Mixture

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Can be used as herbicide only.

Restrictions on useUse as recommended by the label.

Manufacturer or supplier's details

<u>Manufacturer</u> FMC Corporation

2929 WALNUT ST

PHILADELPHIA PA 19104

USA

+1 (215) 299-6000 (Corporate)

SDS-Info@fmc.com, +1-(800)-346-0833 (FMC Cust. Service)

<u>Supplier Address</u> FMC Corporation

2929 Walnut Street Philadelphia PA 19104

USA

Emergency telephone

For leak, fire, spill or accident emergencies, call:

1 800 / 424-9300 (CHEMTREC - U.S.A.) 1 703 / 741-5970 (CHEMTREC - International) 1 703 / 527-3887 (CHEMTREC - Alternate)

Medical emergency:

U.S.A. & Canada: +1 800 / 331-3148

All other countries: +1 651 / 632-6793 (Collect)

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR

1910.1200)

Carcinogenicity : Category 2

Aspiration hazard : Category 1

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



AIM® EC HERBICIDE

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 10/06/2022

 1.1
 11/12/2025
 50001765
 Date of first issue: 10/06/2022

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms

Signal Word : DANGER

Hazard Statements : H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/

face protection.

Response:

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/

attention.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

Other hazards

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy	64742-94-5	>= 70 - < 90
arom.; Kerosine — unspecified		
carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO)	128639-02-1	>= 20 - < 30
butan-1-ol	71-36-3	>= 1 - < 5
4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one	123-42-2	>= 0.1 - < 1

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



AIM® EC HERBICIDE

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 10/06/2022 11/12/2025 50001765 Date of first issue: 10/06/2022 1.1

General advice Move out of dangerous area.

Consult a physician.

Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attend-

Symptoms of poisoning may appear several hours later.

Do not leave the victim unattended.

If inhaled Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

In case of skin contact If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

> If on skin, rinse well with water. If on clothes, remove clothes,

In case of eye contact Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.

> Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed Keep respiratory tract clear.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If symptoms persist, call a physician. Take victim immediately to hospital.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Suspected of causing cancer.

Notes to physician Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not spread spilled material with high-pressure water

streams.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Carbon oxides

Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases.

Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Fluorine compounds Hydrogen cyanide Hydrogen chloride Chlorinated compounds

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



AIM® EC HERBICIDE

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 10/06/2022

 1.1
 11/12/2025
 50001765
 Date of first issue: 10/06/2022

Further information : Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

For safety reasons in case of fire, cans should be stored sepa-

rately in closed containments.

Use a water spray to cool fully closed containers.

Special protective equipment :

for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if nec-

essary.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

If it can be safely done, stop the leak.

Do not touch or walk through the spilled material.

Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to

unauthorized personnel.

Never return spills in original containers for re-use.

Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective

equipment may intervene.

Environmental precautions : Prevent product from entering drains.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, ver-

miculite) and place in container for disposal according to local

/ national regulations (see section 13).

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of

ignition.

Advice on safe handling : Avoid formation of aerosol.

Do not breathe vapors/dust.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



AIM® EC HERBICIDE

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 10/06/2022

 1.1
 11/12/2025
 50001765
 Date of first issue: 10/06/2022

Conditions for safe storage : Prevent unauthorized access.

No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated

place.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage. Observe label precautions.

Electrical installations / working materials must comply with

the technological safety standards.

Further information on stor-

age stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified	64742-94-5	TWA	200 mg/m3 (total hydrocarbon vapor)	ACGIH
carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO)	128639-02-1	TWA (Inhal- able particu- late matter)	1 mg/m3	ACGIH
butan-1-ol	71-36-3	TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
		С	50 ppm 150 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		TWA	100 ppm 300 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		С	50 ppm 150 mg/m3	OSHA P0
4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2- one	TWA	50 ppm	ACGIH	
		TWA	50 ppm 240 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		TWA	50 ppm 240 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	50 ppm 240 mg/m3	OSHA P0

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : No personal respiratory protective equipment normally re-

quired.

Hand protection

Material : Wear chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate,

butyl rubber or nitrile rubber.

Remarks : The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



AIM® EC HERBICIDE

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 10/06/2022 1.1 11/12/2025 50001765 Date of first issue: 10/06/2022

with the producers of the protective gloves.

Eye protection : Eye wash bottle with pure water

Tightly fitting safety goggles

Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing

problems.

Skin and body protection : Impervious clothing

Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Protective measures : Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are

located close to the working place. Wear suitable protective equipment. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Always have on hand a first-aid kit, together with proper in-

structions.

Hygiene measures : Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke.

Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling

the product.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state : liquid

Color : brown, orange

Odor : Aromatic

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : 5.3

Concentration: 10 g/l

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling :

range

No data available

Flash point : 168.1 °F / 75.6 °C

Method: closed cup

Upper explosion limit / Upper : No data available

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



AIM® EC HERBICIDE

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 10/06/2022 1.1 1/12/2025 50001765 Date of first issue: 10/06/2022

flammability limit

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density : No data available

Density : 9 lb/gal

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : No data available

Oxidizing properties : No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Chemical stability : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Avoid formation of aerosol.

Incompatible materials : Avoid strong acids, bases, and oxidizers.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



AIM® EC HERBICIDE

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 10/06/2022

 1.1
 11/12/2025
 50001765
 Date of first issue: 10/06/2022

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 4,077 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 6.31 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 4,000 mg/kg

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 4.688 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 5,143 mg/kg

Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-1

Symptoms: Tremors

GLP: yes

LD50 (Rat, female): > 5,000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 425

GLP: yes

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Remarks: no mortality

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 5.09 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: EPA OPP 81 - 3

Symptoms: Tremors, chromodacryorrhea, nasal discharge

GLP: yes

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: no mortality

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



AIM® EC HERBICIDE

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 10/06/2022

 1.1
 11/12/2025
 50001765
 Date of first issue: 10/06/2022

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 4,000 mg/kg

Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-2

GLP: yes

Assessment: The component/mixture is minimally toxic after

single contact with skin. Remarks: no mortality

butan-1-ol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 2.292 mg/kg

Acute toxicity estimate: 1,000 mg/kg

Method: Expert judgment

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC0 (Rat): > 17.76 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapor Remarks: no mortality

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 3,430 mg/kg

4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat, male and female): 3,002 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401 Symptoms: Lethargy, ataxia, Coma

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC0 (Rat, male and female): >= 7.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Remarks: no mortality

Acute dermal toxicity : LD0 (Rat, male and female): > 1,875 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Species : Rabbit Result : slight irritation

Remarks : May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Minimal effects that do not meet the threshold for classifica-

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



AIM® EC HERBICIDE

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 10/06/2022 1.1 11/12/2025 50001765 Date of first issue: 10/06/2022

tion.

Based on data from similar materials

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : Not classified as irritant

Method : US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-5

Result : slight irritation

GLP : yes

butan-1-ol:

Species : Rabbit
Result : Skin irritation

4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : slight irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Result : slight irritation

Remarks : May cause irreversible eye damage.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : No eye irritation

Remarks : Minimal effects that do not meet the threshold for classifica-

tion.

Based on data from similar materials

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Species : Rabbit Result : slight irritation

Assessment : Not classified as irritant

Method : EPA OPP 81-4

GLP : yes

butan-1-ol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



AIM® EC HERBICIDE

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 10/06/2022

 1.1
 11/12/2025
 50001765
 Date of first issue: 10/06/2022

4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Result : Does not cause skin sensitization.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Test Type : Maximization Test

Species : Guinea pig

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Method : US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-6
Result : Does not cause skin sensitization.

GLP : yes

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Species : Mouse

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429

Result : Does not cause skin sensitization.

GLP : yes

butan-1-ol:

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one:

Test Type : Maximization Test Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
Result : Does not cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



AIM® EC HERBICIDE

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 10/06/2022

 1.1
 11/12/2025
 50001765
 Date of first issue: 10/06/2022

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Bone marrow chromosome aberration.

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

GLP: yes

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

GLP: yes

Test Type: Ames test

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: U.S. EPA 84-2 Result: negative

GLP: yes

Test Type: Ames test

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

GLP: yes

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

GLP: yes

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse (male and female)

Result: negative

GLP: yes

Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



AIM® EC HERBICIDE

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 10/06/2022 1.1 11/12/2025 50001765 Date of first issue: 10/06/2022

Species: Rat (male) Result: negative GLP: yes

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

No genotoxic potential.

butan-1-ol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

Product:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Species : Rat, male and female Application Route : inhalation (vapor) Exposure time : 12 month(s)

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



AIM® EC HERBICIDE

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 10/06/2022

 1.1
 11/12/2025
 50001765
 Date of first issue: 10/06/2022

NOAEC : 1.8 mg/l Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Species : Rat, female
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 2 Years

NOAEL : 3 mg/kg bw/day LOAEL : 12 mg/kg bw/day Method : U.S. EPA 83-5

Result : no increase in tumors observed

Target Organs : Liver GLP : yes

Species : Mouse, female
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 80 weeks

NOAEL : 10 mg/kg bw/day LOAEL : 110 mg/kg bw/day Method : U.S. EPA 83-5

Result : no increase in tumors observed

Target Organs : Liver GLP : yes

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.

IARC No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHANo component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Multi-generation study

Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: Ingestion Fertility: NOEL: 4,000 ppm

Result: negative

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



AIM® EC HERBICIDE

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 10/06/2022

 1.1
 11/12/2025
 50001765
 Date of first issue: 10/06/2022

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat, female Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: NOEL: 100 mg/kg bw/day Embryo-fetal toxicity.: NOEL: 600 mg/kg bw/day

Result: negative

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit, female Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: NOEL: 150 mg/kg bw/day Embryo-fetal toxicity.: NOEL: > 300 mg/kg bw/day

Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Animal testing showed no reproductive toxicity.

4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: one-generation reproductive toxicity

Species: Rat, male and female

Application Route: Oral

Dose: 30, 100, 300, 1000mg/kg/bw Duration of Single Treatment: 45 d

General Toxicity Parent: LOAEL: 300 mg/kg bw/day General Toxicity F1: NOAEL: 300 mg/kg bw/day

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Effects on fetal development : Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Dose: 100, 300, 1000mg/kg/day Duration of Single Treatment: 21 d

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: > 1,000 mg/kg bw/day Embryo-fetal toxicity.: NOAEL: > 1,000 mg/kg bw/day

Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Species: Rabbit Application Route: Oral

Dose: 0, 100, 300, 800mg/kg/bw/day Duration of Single Treatment: 29 d

General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 800 mg/kg bw/day Embryo-fetal toxicity.: LOAEL: 300 mg/kg bw/day

Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, and/or on development, based on animal experiments.

STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



AIM® EC HERBICIDE

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 10/06/2022 1.1 11/12/2025 50001765 Date of first issue: 10/06/2022

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

butan-1-ol:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation., May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one:

Target Organs : Respiratory Tract

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Target Organs

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEC : 0.9 - 1.8 mg/l
Application Route : inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time : 12 Months

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Species : Mouse, male
NOAEL : 143 mg/kg
LOAEL : 571 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 90 days
Method : EPA 82-1
GLP : yes

Species : Dog, male and female

NOEL : 150 mg/kg
LOAEL : 500 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 90 days
Target Organs : Blood

Species : Dog, male and female

Blood, Liver

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



AIM® EC HERBICIDE

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 10/06/2022 1.1 11/12/2025 50001765 Date of first issue: 10/06/2022

NOEL : 50 mg/kg
NOAEL : 150 mg/kg
LOAEL : 500 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 12 months
GLP : yes
Target Organs : Blood

Species : Rat, male NOAEL : 58 mg/kg Exposure time : 90 d Method : EPA 82-1 GLP : yes

butan-1-ol:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 1,500 mg/m³
Application Route : Inhalation

4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one:

Species : Rat, male and female NOAEL : 600 mg/kg bw/day

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 13 weeks

Dose : 0, 25, 150, 600mg/kg bw/day Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

Species : Rat, male and female LOAEL : 300 mg/kg bw/day

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 45 d

Dose : 30, 100, 300, 1000mg/kgbw Method : OECD Test Guideline 422

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEL : 1000 ppm

Application Route : inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time : 6 weeks

Dose : 50, 225, 1000 ppm Method : OECD Test Guideline 412

Aspiration toxicity

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Product:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



AIM® EC HERBICIDE

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 10/06/2022

 1.1
 11/12/2025
 50001765
 Date of first issue: 10/06/2022

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

The substance does not have properties associated with aspiration hazard potential.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Skin contact : Symptoms: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or

cracking.

Neurological effects

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

No neurotoxicity observed in animal studies.

Further information

Product:

Remarks : Solvents may degrease the skin.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Remarks : Vapour concentrations above recommended exposure levels

are irritating to the eyes and the respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anaesthetic and may have other central nervous system effects. Prolonged and/or repeated skin contact with low viscosity materials may defat the skin resulting in possible irritation and dermatitis. Small amounts of liquid aspirated into the lungs during ingestion or from vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis or pulmonary edema.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2 - 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



AIM® EC HERBICIDE

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 10/06/2022 1.1 11/12/2025 50001765 Date of first issue: 10/06/2022

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1 - 3

mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

aquatic invertebra ic toxicity)

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.89 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms

LL50 (Tetrahymena pyriformis): 677.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test Type: Growth inhibition

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2.55 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

LC50 (Menidia beryllina (Silverside)): 1.14 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: flow-through test

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: flow-through test Method: EPA OPP 72-1

LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 2 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: flow-through test

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 9.8 mg/l

End point: Immobilization Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 0.0133

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

GLP: yes

NOEC (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 0.00933

mg/l

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



AIM® EC HERBICIDE

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 10/06/2022 1.1 11/12/2025 50001765 Date of first issue: 10/06/2022

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

GLP: yes

EbC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 16 μg/l

Exposure time: 120 h

EC50 (Navicula pelliculosa (Diatom)): 12 μg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

EC50 (Skeletonema costatum (Diatom)): 15 µg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

GLP: yes

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 22 µg/l

Exposure time: 89 d Test Type: Early Life-Stage Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

GLP: yes

NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.118 mg/l

Exposure time: 102 d

Test Type: flow-through test

Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPP 72-4

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.309 mg/l

End point: Growth Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.316 mg/l

End point: Growth Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

NOEC (Daphnia): 35 mg/l End point: reproduction Exposure time: 21 d

Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPPTS 850.1300

Remarks: Information given is based on data obtained from

similar product.

Toxicity to microorganisms : NOEC (activated sludge): 1,000 mg/l

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

NOEC (Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): 820 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 216

Remarks: No significant adverse effect on Nitrogen minerali-

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



AIM® EC HERBICIDE

Version Revision Date: 11/12/2025 1.1

SDS Number: 50001765

Date of last issue: 10/06/2022 Date of first issue: 10/06/2022

zation.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 217

Remarks: No significant adverse effect on Carbon mineraliza-

tion.

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

LD50 (Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)): > 5,620 ppm

End point: Acute oral toxicity

Remarks: Dietary

LC50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 5,620 ppm

End point: Acute oral toxicity

Remarks: Dietary

LD50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 2,000 mg/kg

End point: Acute oral toxicity Method: EPA OPP 71-1

LD50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 2,250 mg/kg

End point: Acute oral toxicity Method: EPA OPP 71-1

NOEL (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): 1000 ppm

End point: Reproduction Test

LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 200 μg/bee

End point: Acute oral toxicity

LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 200 µg/bee

End point: Acute contact toxicity

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Toxicity Data on Soil Harmful to the soil environment.

butan-1-ol:

LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 1,376 mg/l Toxicity to fish

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,328 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 225

mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 225

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



AIM® EC HERBICIDE

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 10/06/2022 1.1 11/12/2025 50001765 Date of first issue: 10/06/2022

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 4.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 225 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 d

EC50 (Natural microorganism): 4,390 mg/l

Exposure time: 17 h

4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Orange-red killifish)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (algae)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (algae)): >= 1,000

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

LOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 58.6 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 3.9 %

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



AIM® EC HERBICIDE

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 10/06/2022

 1.1
 11/12/2025
 50001765
 Date of first issue: 10/06/2022

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Stability in water : Degradation half life: 3.6 h pH: 9

Degradation half life: 8.6 d pH: 7

Photodegradation :

butan-1-ol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Remarks: Expected to be biodegradable

4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one:

Biodegradability : Inoculum: activated sludge

Result: Readily biodegradable. Method: OECD Test Guideline 301A

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: The product/substance has a potential to bioaccu-

mulate.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 3.72

Method: QSAR

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Bioaccumulation : Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 176

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 305E Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 3.7 (68 °F / 20 °C)

butan-1-ol:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Pow: 1 (77 °F / 25 °C)

4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: -0.09 octanol/water : Method: QSAR

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



AIM® EC HERBICIDE

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 10/06/2022 1.1 11/12/2025 50001765 Date of first issue: 10/06/2022

Mobility in soil

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Distribution among environmental compartments Remarks: Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater

solids. Moderately volatile.

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Distribution among environmental compartments Koc: 866, log Koc: 2.93 Remarks: Mobile in soils

Other adverse effects

Product:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Regulation: 40 CFR Protection of Environment; Part 82 Pro-

tection of Stratospheric Ozone - CAA Section 602 Class I

Substances

Remarks: This product neither contains, nor was manufactured with a Class I or Class II ODS as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 602 (40 CFR 82, Subpt. A, App.A + B).

Additional ecological infor-

mation

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemi-

cal or used container.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.

Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.

Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Carfentrazone-ethyl)

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



AIM® EC HERBICIDE

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 10/06/2022

 1.1
 11/12/2025
 50001765
 Date of first issue: 10/06/2022

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
Environmentally hazardous : no

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

(Carfentrazone-ethyl)

Class : 9 Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

Packing instruction (cargo

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen: :

964

964

ger aircraft)

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Carfentrazone-ethyl)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR Road

UN/ID/NA number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

(Carfentrazone-ethyl)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : CLASS 9
ERG Code : 171
Marine pollutant : yes

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ	Calculated product RQ
		(lbs)	(lbs)

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



AIM® EC HERBICIDE

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 10/06/2022

 1.1
 11/12/2025
 50001765
 Date of first issue: 10/06/2022

butan-1-ol 71-36-3 100 100 (F003)

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)

Carcinogenicity
Reproductive toxicity
Aspiration hazard

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

SARA 313 : The following components are subject to reporting levels es-

tablished by SARA Title III, Section 313:

butan-1-ol 71-36-3 >= 1 - < 5 %

Clean Air Act

This product neither contains, nor was manufactured with a Class I or Class II ODS as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 602 (40 CFR 82, Subpt. A, App.A + B).

This product does not contain any hazardous air pollutants (HAP), as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 112 (40 CFR 61).

This product does not contain any chemicals listed under the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 112(r) for Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130, Subpart F).

The following chemical(s) are listed under the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 111 SOCMI Intermediate or Final VOC's (40 CFR 60.489):

butan-1-ol 71-36-3 >= 1 - < 5 %

Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any Hazardous Substances listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 116.4A.

This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3.

This product does not contain any toxic pollutants listed under the U.S. Clean Water Act Section 307

This product does not contain any priority pollutants related to the U.S. Clean Water Act

US State Regulations

Massachusetts Right To Know

butan-1-ol 71-36-3

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — un- 64742-94-5

specified

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO) 128639-02-1 butan-1-ol 71-36-3

Maine Chemicals of High Concern

Product does not contain any listed chemicals

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



AIM® EC HERBICIDE

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 10/06/2022

 1.1
 11/12/2025
 50001765
 Date of first issue: 10/06/2022

Vermont Chemicals of High Concern

Product does not contain any listed chemicals

Washington Chemicals of High Concern

Product does not contain any listed chemicals

California List of Hazardous Substances

butan-1-ol 71-36-3

California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants

butan-1-ol 71-36-3

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TCSI : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : Product contains substance(s) not listed on TSCA inventory.

AIIC : Not in compliance with the inventory

DSL : This product contains chemical substance(s) exempt from

CEPA DSL Inventory requirements. It is regulated as a pesticide subject to Pest Control Products Act (PCPA) requirements. Read the PCPA label, authorized under the Pest Control Products Act, prior to using or handling this pest control

product.

ENCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

ISHL : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

KECI : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

PICCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

IECSC : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

NZIoC : Not in compliance with the inventory

TECI: Not in compliance with the inventory

TSCA list

No substances are subject to a Significant New Use Rule.

No substances are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

FIFRA information

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label:

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



AIM® EC HERBICIDE

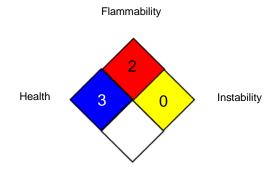
Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 10/06/2022 1.1 11/12/2025 50001765 Date of first issue: 10/06/2022

Avoid breathing dust or spray mist., Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing., Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals., Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet., Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse., This product is toxic to fish and invertebrates.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA 704:



Special hazard

0 No health threat, **1** Slightly Hazardous, **2** Hazardous, **3** Extreme danger, **4** Deadly

HMIS® IV:



HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
NIOSH REL : USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits

OSHA P0 : USA. Table Z-1-A Limits for Air Contaminants (1989 vacated

values)

OSHA Z-1 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim-

its for Air Contaminants

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average

NIOSH REL / TWA : Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour

workday during a 40-hour workweek

NIOSH REL / C : Ceiling value not be exceeded at any time.

OSHA P0 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average

OSHA P0 / C : Ceiling limit

OSHA Z-1 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



AIM® EC HERBICIDE

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 10/06/2022 1.1 11/12/2025 50001765 Date of first issue: 10/06/2022

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI -Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ -Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods: vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

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US / EN

Prepared by:

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



AIM® EC HERBICIDE

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 10/06/2022

 1.1
 11/12/2025
 50001765
 Date of first issue: 10/06/2022

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