



1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Champ® Dry Prill
EPA Reg. No.: 55146-57
Product Type: Fungicide/Bactericide
Company Name: Nufarm Americas Inc.
 11901 S. Austin Avenue
 Alsip, IL 60803
 1-800-345-3330

Telephone Numbers: For Chemical Emergency, Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident,
 Call CHEMTREC Day or Night: 1-800-424-9300
 For Medical Emergencies Only, Call 1-877-325-1840

This product is an EPA FIFRA registered pesticide. Some classifications on this SDS are not exactly the same as on the FIFRA label. Certain sections are superseded by federal law governed by EPA for a registered pesticide. Please see Section 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION for explanation.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

PHYSICAL HAZARDS

None

HEALTH HAZARDS:

| | |
|--|-------------|
| Acute toxicity, oral | Category 4 |
| Acute toxicity, inhalation | Category 4 |
| Skin irritation | Category 2 |
| Eye irritation | Category 2B |
| Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure | Category 2 |

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

| | |
|---|------------|
| Hazardous to aquatic environment, acute | Category 1 |
| Hazardous to aquatic environment, chronic | Category 1 |

SIGNAL WORD:

WARNING

HAZARD STATEMENTS:

Harmful if swallowed or inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes eye irritation. May cause damage to organs (upper respiratory tract, liver, and kidney) through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

Wash hands and skin thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product. Do not breathe dust/vapor/mist/spray. Use only outdoors or in well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Avoid unintended release to the environment. Collect spillage.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| COMPONENTS | CAS NO. | % BY WEIGHT |
|-------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Copper hydroxide | 20427-59-2 | 55.9 – 59.2 |
| Sucrose | 57-50-1 | 2.3 – 2.7 |
| Other Ingredients | Trade Secret | Trade Secret |

Synonyms: Copper Hydrate, Cupric Hydroxide

Ingredients not precisely identified are proprietary or non-hazardous. Values are not product specifications.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If in Eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If Swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If Inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

If on Skin or Clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Most Important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed: May cause mild eye irritation. May cause slight skin irritation. May cause chronic cough.

Indication of Immediate medical attention and special treatment if needed, if necessary: Respiratory distress, itchy skin, skin or eye irritation.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding materials. Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, foam, water spray or fog.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Firefighters should wear NIOSH/MSHA approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full fire-fighting turn out gear. Dike area to prevent runoff and contamination of water sources. Dispose of fire control water later.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: If water is used to fight fire, contain runoff, using dikes to prevent contamination of water supplies. Dispose of fire control water later.

Hazardous Decomposition Materials (Under Fire Conditions): May produce gases such as oxides of carbon and nitrogen.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions: Wear appropriate protective gear for the situation. See Personal Protection information in Section 8.

Environmental Precautions: Prevent material from entering public sewer systems or any waterways. Do not flush to drain. Large spills to soil or similar surfaces may necessitate removal of topsoil. The affected area should be removed and placed in an appropriate container for disposal.

Methods for Containment: Dike spill using absorbent or impervious materials such as earth, sand or clay. Collect and contain contaminated absorbent and dike material for disposal.

Methods for Cleanup and Disposal: If dry, sweep or scoop up material and place into container for disposal. If wet, pump any free liquid into an appropriate closed container. If feasible, copper may be precipitated/ultrafiltrated

with caustics or other chemicals and resulting sludge disposed of in a chemical landfill. Decontaminate tools and equipment following cleanup. See Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS for more information.

Other Information: Large spills may be reportable to the National Response Center (800-424-8802) and to state and/or local agencies.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING: Do not get in eyes or on clothing or skin. Avoid breathing dust, vapor or spray mist. Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove clothing/Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

STORAGE: Store in a cool, dry place. Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls:

Where engineering controls are indicated by specific use conditions or a potential for excessive exposure, use local exhaust ventilation at the point of generation.

Eye/Face Protection: To avoid contact with eyes, wear face shield, goggles or safety glasses with front, brow and temple protection. An emergency eyewash or water supply should be readily accessible to the work area.

Skin Protection: To avoid contact with skin, wear long pants, long-sleeved shirt, socks plus shoes, and chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as polyvinyl chloride, nitrile rubber, or butyl rubber. An emergency shower or water supply should be readily accessible to the work area.

Respiratory Protection: Not normally required. If vapors or mists exceed acceptable levels, wear NIOSH approved air-purifying respirator with cartridges/canisters approved for use against pesticides.

General Hygiene Considerations: Personal hygiene is an important work practice exposure control measure and the following general measures should be taken when working with or handling this material: 1) do not store, use and/or consume foods, beverages, tobacco products, or cosmetics in areas where this material is stored; 2) wash hands and face carefully before eating, drinking, using tobacco, applying cosmetics or using the toilet.

Exposure Guidelines:

| Component | OSHA | | ACGIH | | Unit |
|-------------------|------|------|-------|------|-------------------|
| | TWA | STEL | TWA | STEL | |
| Copper Hydroxide | 1* | NE | 1* | NE | mg/m ³ |
| Sucrose | 15 | NE | 10 | NE | mg/m ³ |
| Other Ingredients | NE | NE | NE | NE | |

*As copper dusts or mists (CAS No. 7440-50-8)

NE = Not Established

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| | |
|--|--------------------------|
| Appearance: | Teal blue granular solid |
| Odor: | Mild odor |
| Odor threshold: | No data available |
| pH: | 10 |
| Melting point/freezing point: | No data available |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | No data available |
| Flash point: | No data available |
| Evaporation rate: | No data available |
| Flammability (solid, gas): | Not flammable |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: | No data available |
| Vapor pressure: | No data available |
| Vapor density: | No data available |
| Relative density: | 0.976 g/cm ³ |
| Solubility(ies): | Dispersible |

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: No data available
Autoignition temperature: No data available
Decomposition temperature: No data available
Viscosity: No data available

Note: Physical data are typical values, but may vary from sample to sample. A typical value should not be construed as a guaranteed analysis or as a specification.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not reactive

Chemical Stability: This material is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Excessive heat.

Incompatible Materials: Acids and sulfur.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Decomposes to CuO and water above 140°F (60°C).

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Likely Routes of Exposure: Dermal, inhalation

Symptoms of Exposure:

Eye Contact: Mildly irritating based on toxicity studies.

Skin Contact: Minimally toxic and slightly irritating based on toxicity studies.

Ingestion: Slightly toxic if ingested based on toxicity studies.

Inhalation: Low inhalation toxicity based on toxicity studies.

Delayed, immediate and chronic effects of exposure: None expected.

Toxicological Data:

Data from laboratory studies conducted are summarized below:

Oral: Rat LD₅₀: 1,098 mg/kg (females)

Dermal: Rat LD₅₀: >5,000 mg/kg

Inhalation: Rat 4-hr LC₅₀: 0.52 - 2.04 mg/L

Eye Irritation: Rabbit: Mildly irritating (MMTS = 37.7)

Skin Irritation: Rabbit: Slightly irritating (PDII = 1.8)

Skin Sensitization: Not a contact sensitizer in guinea pigs following repeated skin exposure.

Subchronic (Target Organ) Effects: Repeated ingestion of copper salts may result in anemia, liver, and kidney damage. Chronic inhalation exposure may cause a metallic taste in the mouth, irritation of the upper respiratory tract such as the nasal mucosa that may progress to perforation of the nasal septum. Chronic cough may also occur. Copper hydroxide, which comprises 57.6% of this product, governs the toxicity of the product. The remaining components have low to negligible toxicity.

Carcinogenicity / Chronic Health Effects: Low chronic toxicity unless excessive exposure is encountered. Excessive exposure to copper by inhalation may result in irritation of the upper respiratory tract which, if severe, may lead to perforation of the nasal septum after long periods of exposure.

Reproductive Toxicity: **Copper hydroxide is not known to exhibit reproductive effects. Developmental Toxicity: Copper hydroxide is not known to exhibit teratogenic (birth defect) effects. Genotoxicity:**

There was no evidence of mutagenicity in *in vitro* and *in vivo* studies.

Assessment of Carcinogenicity: None listed with ACGIH, IARC, NTP or OSHA.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity:

Data on Copper Hydroxide:

| | | |
|--|---|-------------|
| 96-hour LC ₅₀ Bluegill: 180 mg/l | Bobwhite Quail Oral LC ₅₀ : | >340 mg/kg |
| 96-hour LC ₅₀ Rainbow Trout: 0.023 mg/l | Mallard Duck 8-day Dietary LD ₅₀ : | >10,000 ppm |
| 48-hour EC ₅₀ Daphnia: 0.0065 mg/l | | |

Environmental Fate:

Copper is a chemical element and therefore cannot be degraded or transformed into related

metabolites. The degree of mobility of copper in the environment depends upon the pH of ambient soils and waters. The higher the acidity, the more soluble copper salts are and, hence, the more mobile. Partitioning of copper into the air is negligible due to the low vapor pressure of copper salts.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method:

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. Improper disposal of excess pesticide is a violation of Federal law.

Container Handling and Disposal: Nonrefillable bags: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Completely empty bag into application equipment, then offer for recycling if available, or dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Nonrefillable Containers 50 lbs or Less: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. Plastic containers are also disposable by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Nonrefillable containers larger than 50 lbs: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse as follows:** Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. Plastic containers are also disposable by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

For Fiber Drums with Liners: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Completely empty liner by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into manufacturing or application equipment. Then offer for recycling, if available, or dispose of liner in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. If drum is contaminated and cannot be reused, dispose of it in the manner required for its liner.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

DOT

Not regulated by DOT unless shipped by water. See IMO / IMDG description.

IMO / IMDG

UN 3077, Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.,
(COPPER HYDROXIDE), 9 PG III, MARINE POLLUTANT

IATA

Not regulated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPA FIFRA INFORMATION

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the United States Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets (SDS), and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. The hazard information required on the pesticide label is reproduced below. The pesticide label also includes other important information, including directions for use.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Champ® Dry Prill

WARNING. Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid breathing dust, vapor or spray mist.

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS

TSCA Inventory: This product is exempted from TSCA because it is solely for FIFRA regulated use.

SARA Hazard Notification/Reporting:

Hazard Categories Under Criteria of SARA Title III Rules (40 CFR Part 370):

Immediate and delayed

Section 313 Toxic Chemical(s):

None

Reportable Quantity (RQ) under U.S. CERCLA:

None

RCRA Waste Code:

Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the product user to determine at the time of disposal, whether a material containing the product or derived from the product should be classified as a hazardous waste.

State Information:

Other state regulations may apply. Check individual state requirements.

California Proposition 65: Not Listed.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Hazard Rating:

Rating for this product: Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

Hazards Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) serves different purposes than and DOES NOT REPLACE OR MODIFY THE EPA-ACCEPTED PRODUCT LABELING (attached to and accompanying the product container). This SDS provides important health, safety and environmental information for employers, employees, emergency responders and others handling large quantities of the product in activities generally other than product use, while the labeling provides that information specifically for product use in the ordinary course.

Use, storage and disposal of pesticide products are regulated by the EPA under the authority of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) through the product labeling, and all necessary and appropriate precautionary, use, storage, and disposal information is set forth on that labeling. It is a violation of Federal law to use a pesticide product in any manner not prescribed on the EPA-accepted label.

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