

### DREXEL KOPPER SULFATE

### Section 1: Material Identification

**Product Name:** Drexel KOPPER SULFATE

**EPA Reg No.:** 19713-407

**CAS NO:** 7758-99-8

Formula: CuO<sub>4</sub>S.5H<sub>2</sub>O

**Company:** Drexel Chemical Company

1700 Channel Avenue Memphis, TN 38106

**Synonyms:** Copper (II) sulfate pentahydrate

**Identifiers:** 

**EINECS:** 231-847-6 **RTECS:** GL8900000

**DOT label:** See Section 14 for transportation information.

### **Emergency Telephone Number:**

CHEMTREC Drexel Chemical Co.
Tel: 1-800-424-9300 901-774-4370

This product is an EPA FIFRA registered pesticide. Some of the classifications on this SDS are not the same as the FIFRA label. Certain sections of this SDS are superseded by federal law governed by EPA for a registered pesticide. Please see **Section 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION** for explanation.

### **Section 2: Hazard Identification**

(As defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29)

GHS classification Acute toxicity – oral Category 3

Acute toxicity - inhalation Category 4
Eye damage/irritation Category 1
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Aquatic toxicity Acute Category 1

Aquatic environment

Long-term hazard Category 2

**GHS** label elements

Signal word DANGER









Hazard statement Toxic if swallowed

Harmful if inhaled

Causes serious eye damage

Causes skin irritation Very toxic to aquatic life

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

**Precautionary statement** 

**Prevention** Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Wear eye protection/face protection.

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Use only outdoors or in a

well-ventilated area.

Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves.

Avoid release to the environment.

**Response**If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center or doctor. Rinse mouth.

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

**If in eyes:** Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call poison center

or doctor/physician.

**If on skin:** Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Collect spillage.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked

up.

**Disposal** If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product

label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local

or area regulatory authorities.

# **Section 3: Composition Information**

<u>Components</u>	CAS No:	<u>% By Wt.</u>	OSHA PEL:	ACGIH TLV:
Active Ingredient:				
Copper sulfate pentahydrate	7758-99-8	98.0%	N/Av	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Other Ingredients:		2.0%	N/A	N/A

### **Section 4: First-Aid Measures**

Have product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment...

**If in Eyes:** Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**If Swallowed:** Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Rinse mouth with water then have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

**If on Skin or Clothing:** Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**If Inhaled:** Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

**Note to Physician**: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. Measures against circulatory shock, respiratory depression and convulsions may be needed.

## **Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures**

**Fire Hazards:** Negligible fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame. Thermal decomposition during a fire can produce fumes and irritating gases.

Flammability classification (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200): Non-combustible.

Flash point: N/A

Lower flammable limit (% by volume): N/Av Upper flammable limit (% by volume): N/Av

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Evacuate the area and fight the fire from upwind at a safe distance to avoid hazardous vapors or decomposition products. Dike and collect fire-extinguishing water to prevent environmental damage and excessive waste runoff.

**Firefighting media:** Use foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or water fog when fighting fires involving this product. Do not use water jet, as this may spread burning material. Minimize the use of water to avoid environmental contamination. Contain all runoff.

#### **Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:**

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective firefighting clothing (includes firefighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). Use full face shield and operate in positive pressure mode. Avoid contact with this material during firefighting operations. If contact is likely, change to full chemical resistant firefighting clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus. If this is not available, wear full chemical resistant clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus and fight fire from a remote location. For protective equipment in post-fire or non-fire clean-up situations, refer to the relevant sections.

**Hazardous Combustion Products:** Irritating and highly toxic gases.

(NFPA): Health: Flammability: Reactivity: 2 0 0

### Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

#### Steps to be taken if Material is Released or Spilled:

• Contain spilled material if possible. Minimize dusting. Small spills: Sweep up. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. Large spills: Contact Drexel Chemical Co. for clean-up assistance. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

#### **Personal Precautions:**

• Isolate area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the area. Refer to Section 7, Handling, for additional precautionary measures. Ventilate area of spill and minimize exposure to dust. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls/Personal Protection.

#### **Environmental Precautions:**

 Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.

## **Section 7: Handling and Storage**

#### **KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN**

Handling: General Handling: Follow label instructions. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Wash

thoroughly after handling. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing dust. Use with adequate ventilation. Wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants plus shoes and socks when handling. Keep away from

heat, sparks and flame. See Section 8, Exposure Controls/Personal Protection.

Storage: Store in a cool, dry, ventilated and secure area designated specifically for pesticides and away from

heat sources. Keep in original containers and keep containers closed when not in use. Do not store in excessive heat. Do not store near children, food, foodstuffs, drugs or potable water supplies.

## **Section 8: Exposure Controls/ Personal Protection**

Exposure Limits: TLV Copper Sulfate Pentahydrate 1.0 mg/m3 (as copper dust/mist)

### **Personal Protection:**

**Eye/Face Protection:** Wear safety glasses with side shields or chemical splash goggles to prevent dust from entering the eyes. If using a full-face shield, always use safety glasses or goggles along with the face shield to ensure adequate protection of the eyes.

**Skin Protection:** Wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants with shoes plus socks. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task. Safety shower should be located in immediate work area. Remove contaminated clothing immediately, wash skin area with soap and water, and launder clothing before reuse or dispose of properly. Items which cannot be decontaminated, such as shoes, belts and watchbands, should be removed and disposed of properly.

**Hand protection:** Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Neoprene, Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR") or Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl").

**Respiratory Protection:** Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. When handling in enclosed areas, when large quantities of dust are generated, or prolonged exposure is possible in excess of the TLV, use a respirator with either an organic vapor-removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C) or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G).

**Ingestion:** Avoid ingestion of even very small amounts; do not consume or store food or tobacco in the work area; wash hands and face before smoking or eating.

#### **Engineering Controls:**

**Ventilation:** When handling this product proper ventilation is required to maintain exposure below the TLV. Ventilate all transport vehicles prior to unloading. Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and safety shower.

## **Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties**

Physical State: Solid (Powder, granules or crystal)

Color: Blue
Odor: Odorless
Flash Point: N/A

Vapor Pressure (mmHg):7.3 @ 25°CBoiling Point:150°C (dec)

Vapor Density (air = 1): N/Av

Bulk Density ( $H_2O = 1$ ): 2.28 g/cc Freezing/Melting Point: 110°C (dec)

Solubility in water (wt. %): 83.1 g/100 cc water @ 30°C

pH: N/Av
Viscosity: N/A
% Volatiles: N/A

## **Section 10: Stability and Reactivity**

**Stability/Instability:** Stable under normal conditions.

**Conditions to Avoid:** High temperatures, incompatabile materials, dust generation, exposure to air, moist air or

water.

**Incompatible Materials:** Avoid contact with moisture, air, steel, finely powdered metals, hydroxylamine,

magnesium, hydrazine, nitromethane.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur

**Thermal Decomposition:** Oxides of sulfur, irritating and toxic fumes and gases, oxides of copper, copper fumes.

## **Section 11: Toxicological Information**

Information for copper (II) sulfate pentahydrate:

Acute Toxicity Ingestion:

Oral LD50, (rat): 300 mg/kg.

Dermal:

Dermal LD50, (rabbit): >5050 mg/kg.

#### Inhalation:

• Can result in irritation of the upper respiratory tract and in excessive quantities may cause ulceration and perforation of the nasal septum.

#### Eye Irritation (rabbit):

• Corrosive to eyes. Direct contact with eyes can cause irreversible damage.

#### Skin Irritation (rabbit):

Moderately irritating to the skin.

#### Sensitization Skin:

N/Av.

### **Chronic Toxicity:**

• Repeated ingestion of copper salts may result in anemia, liver and kidney damage. Chronic inhalation exposure may cause a metallic taste in the mouth, irritation of the upper respiratory tract such a nasal mucosa that may progress to perforation of the nasal septum. Chronic cough may also occur.

### Carcinogenicity:

• Not Listed on IARC, NTP, ACGIH or OSHA.

Teratogenicity, mutagenicity, and other reproductive effects: None known.

## **Section 12: Ecological Information**

Data is presented for copper (II) sulfate pentahydrate:

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL FATE:**

This product is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms.

#### Persistence and Degradability:

 This product has a potential for runoff for several months or more after application. Poorly draining soils and soils with shallow water tables are more prone to produce runoff that contains this product. The degree of mobility of copper in the environment depends upon the pH of ambient soils and waters. The higher the acidity, the more soluble copper salts are and, hence, more mobile.

### **Aquatic Toxicity:**

Rainbow Trout: LC50: (0.032 mg/l – 1.2 mg/l).

• Bluegill Sunfish: LC50: (0.892 mg/l – 1.3 mg/l).

Daphnia magna: EC50: (0.18 mg/l).

## **Section 13: Disposal Considerations**

If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical

properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all applicable regional, national and local laws.

## **Section 14: Transport Information**

DOT: UN 3077, Environmentally Hazardous Substance, Solid, N.O.S. (Cupric Sulfate), 9, PG-III

**IMDG:** UN 3077, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S., (Cupric Sulfate), 9, III, Marine pollutant.

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material

## **Section 15: Regulatory Information**

#### **OSHA Hazard Communication Standard:**

- This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
- EPA FIFRA INFORMATION

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the United States Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets (SDS), and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemical. The hazard information required on the pesticide label is listed out below. The pesticide label also includes other important information, including directions for use

- EPA/CERCLA Reportable Quantity: 10 Lbs.
- **EPA Label Human Hazard Information**: DANGER: Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. May be fatal if swallowed. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Do not get in eyes, or on clothing. Avoid contact with skin. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

#### SARA/TITLE III:

- Sec 302: Extremely Hazardous Substance Notification: This material is not known to contain any Extremely Hazardous Substances.
- Sec. 311/312. Hazard Categories: Immediate health hazard
   Chronic health hazard
- Section 313 Toxic Chemical(s): Copper Sulfate Pentahydrate (CAS 7758-99-8)
- RCRA Waste Code: Not applicable

#### California Proposition 65 (Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986):

This product is not listed.

#### Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA):

 All components of this product are on the TSCA Inventory or are exempt from TSCA Inventory requirements under 40 CFR 720.30

### **Section 16: Other Information**

Drexel Chemical Company recommends that each customer or recipient of this SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data

contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown below. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.

Date Issued: June 27, 2018 Supersedes: August 10, 2017