

Revision date: 2025/10/27 Page: 1/15 Version: 10.0 (30701176/SDS\_CPA\_US/EN)

#### 1. Identification

#### Product identifier used on the label

# PT 221L Pressurized Insecticide

### Recommended use of the chemical and restriction on use

Recommended use\*: crop protection product, insecticide

## Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company:Contact address:BASF Canada Inc.BASF CORPORATION5025 Creekbank Road100 Park AvenueBuilding A, Floor 2Florham Park, NJ 07932Mississauga, ON, L4W 0B6, CANADAUSA

Telephone: +1 973 245-6000

# **Emergency telephone number**

24 Hour Emergency Response Information

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

BASF HOTLINE: 1-800-832-HELP (4357)

Other means of identification
Substance number: 397433

Registration number: EPA Registration number: 499-473 Chemical family: No applicable information available.

Synonyms: lambda-Cyhalothrin

## 2. Hazards Identification

### According to Regulation 2024 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200

# Classification of the product

Aerosol 1 Aerosols

Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard

Aquatic Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute

<sup>\*</sup> The "Recommended use" identified for this product is provided solely to comply with a Federal requirement and is not part of the seller's published specification. The terms of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) do not create or infer any warranty, express or implied, including by incorporation into or reference in the seller's sales agreement.

Revision date: 2025/10/27 Page: 2/15 Version: 10.0 (30701176/SDS\_CPA\_US/EN)

Aquatic Chronic 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic

#### Label elements

#### Pictogram:





Hazard Statement:

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurized container: May burst if heated.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements (Prevention):

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other

ignition sources. No smoking.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Precautionary Statements (Response):

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

P391 Collect spillage.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

Precautionary Statements (Storage):

P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50

°C/122°F.

P405 Store locked up.

Precautionary Statements (Disposal):

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

# 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

# According to Regulation 2024 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200

Lambda-Cyhalothrin

CAS Number: 91465-08-6 Content (W/W): 0.046 % Synonym: Lambda-Cyhalothrin

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

CAS Number: 64742-47-8

Content (W/W): >= 65.0 - <= 85.0% Synonym: No data available.

Revision date: 2025/10/27 Page: 3/15 Version: 10.0 (30701176/SDS\_CPA\_US/EN)

2-Propanol

CAS Number: 67-63-0

Content (W/W): >= 10.0 - <= 30.0%

Synonym: 2-Propanol; Isopropyl alcohol, Isopropanol

carbon dioxide

CAS Number: 124-38-9

Content (W/W): >= 1.0 - <= 7.0%Synonym: No data available.

The actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret. NJ TSRN: New Jersey Trade Secret Registry Number

### 4. First-Aid Measures

# **Description of first aid measures**

#### General advice:

First aid personnel should pay attention to their own safety. If the patient is likely to become unconscious, place and transport in stable sideways position (recovery position). Immediately remove contaminated clothing.

#### If inhaled:

Keep patient calm, remove to fresh air, seek medical attention.

#### If on skin:

Immediately wash thoroughly with soap and water, seek medical attention.

#### If in eves

Wash affected eyes for at least 15 minutes under running water with eyelids held open, consult an eye specialist.

#### If swallowed:

Immediately rinse mouth and then drink 200-300 ml of water, seek medical attention. Do not induce vomiting due to aspiration hazard.

# Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms: Information, i.e. additional information on symptoms and effects may be included in the GHS labeling phrases available in Section 2 and in the Toxicological assessments available in Section 11., (Further) symptoms and / or effects are not known so far Hazards: Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia due to the ingredients.

## Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physician

Treat according to symptoms (decontamination, vital functions), no

known specific antidote.

Treatment: Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia due to the ingredients.

Chlormequat chloride is a weak ganglionic stimulant with with an action

similar to that of nicotine.

Revision date: 2025/10/27 Page: 4/15 Version: 10.0 (30701176/SDS\_CPA\_US/EN)

# 5. Fire-Fighting Measures

# **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media:

foam, dry powder, carbon dioxide, water spray

## Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards during fire-fighting:

carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, Hydrogen chloride, hydrogen fluoride, halogenated hydrocarbons, nitrogen oxides

The substances/groups of substances mentioned can be released in case of fire. Aerosol container contains flammable gas under pressure.

# Advice for fire-fighters

Protective equipment for fire-fighting:

Firefighters should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and turn-out gear.

#### Further information:

Evacuate area of all unnecessary personnel. Contain contaminated water/firefighting water. Do not allow to enter drains or waterways.

# 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Take appropriate protective measures. Clear area. Shut off source of leak only under safe conditions. Extinguish sources of ignition nearby and downwind. Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear suitable personal protective clothing and equipment.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not discharge into the subsoil/soil. Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater. Contain contaminated water/firefighting water. A spill of or in excess of the reportable quantity requires notification to state, local and national emergency authorities.

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Dike spillage. Pick up with suitable absorbent material. Spilled substance/product should be recovered and applied according to label rates whenever possible. If application of spilled substance/product is not possible, then spills should be contained, solidified, and placed in suitable containers for disposal. After decontamination, spill area can be washed with water. Collect wash water for approved disposal.

# 7. Handling and Storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

RECOMMENDATIONS ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING, AND PACKAGING WORKERS. PESTICIDE APPLICATORS & WORKERS must refer to the Product Label and Directions for Use attached to the product. Provide good ventilation of working area (local exhaust ventilation if necessary). Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep container tightly sealed. Protect against heat. Handle and open container with care. Do not open until ready to

Revision date: 2025/10/27 Page: 5/15 Version: 10.0 (30701176/SDS\_CPA\_US/EN)

use. Once container is opened, content should be used as soon as possible. Provide means for controlling leaks and spills. Follow label warnings even after container is emptied. The substance/product may be handled only by appropriately trained personnel. Avoid all direct contact with the substance/product. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid inhalation of dusts/mists/vapours. Wear suitable personal protective clothing and equipment.

#### Protection against fire and explosion:

Aerosol container contains flammable gas under pressure. The relevant fire protection measures should be noted. Fire extinguishers should be kept handy. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Avoid extreme heat. Ground all transfer equipment properly to prevent electrostatic discharge. Electrostatic discharge may cause ignition.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Segregate from incompatible substances. Segregate from foods and animal feeds. Segregate from textiles and similar materials.

Further information on storage conditions: Protect containers from physical damage. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame.

Protect from temperatures above: 130 °F Explosive at or above indicated temperature.

# 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Users of a pesticidal product should refer to the product label for personal protective equipment requirements.

### Components with occupational exposure limits

2-Propanol	ACGIH, US: ACGIH, US: OSHA Z1: NIO ID, US: NIO ID, US:	STEL value 400 ppm; TWA value 200 ppm; PEL 400 ppm 980 mg/m3; IDLH 2,000 ppm; IDLH values based on the 1994 Revised Criteria LEL 2.0 %;
carbon dioxide	ACGIH, US: ACGIH, US: NIOSH, US: NIOSH, US: OSHA Z1: NIO ID, US:	TWA value 5,000 ppm; STEL value 30,000 ppm; REL value 5,000 ppm 9,000 mg/m3; STEL value 30,000 ppm 54,000 mg/m3; PEL 5,000 ppm 9,000 mg/m3; IDLH 40,000 ppm; IDLH values based on the 1994 Revised Criteria
Distillates, petroleum	ACGIH, US:	Skin Designation Non-aerosol (total hydrocarbon vapor); Danger of cutaneous absorption
	ACGIH, US:	TWA value 200 mg/m3 Non-aerosol (total hydrocarbon vapor); Application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures.

Revision date: 2025/10/27 Page: 6/15 Version: 10.0 (30701176/SDS\_CPA\_US/EN)

Lambda-Cyhalothrin ACGIH, US: TWA value 5 mg/m3;

OSHA Z1: PEL 5 mg/m3;

NIO ID, US: IDLH 5.000 mg/m3; IDLH values based on the

1994 Revised Criteria

Carbon dioxide ACGIH, US: TWA value 5,000 ppm ;

ACGIH, US: STEL value 30,000 ppm;

NIOSH, US: REL value 5,000 ppm 9,000 mg/m3; NIOSH, US: STEL value 30,000 ppm 54,000 mg/m3;

OSHA Z1: PEL 5,000 ppm 9,000 mg/m3 ;

NIO ID, US: IDLH 40,000 ppm; IDLH values based on the

1994 Revised Criteria

#### Advice on system design:

Whenever possible, engineering controls should be used to minimize the need for personal protective equipment.

#### Personal protective equipment

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING, AND PACKAGING WORKERS:

#### Respiratory protection:

Wear respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Wear a NIOSH-certified (or equivalent) organic vapour/particulate respirator. For situations where the airborne concentrations may exceed the level for which an air purifying respirator is effective, or where the levels are unknown or Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH), use NIOSH-certified full facepiece pressure demand self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or a full facepiece pressure demand supplied-air respirator (SAR) with escape provisions.

### Hand protection:

Chemical resistant protective gloves, Protective glove selection must be based on the user's assessment of the workplace hazards.

# Eye protection:

Safety glasses with side-shields. Tightly fitting safety goggles (chemical goggles). Wear face shield if splashing hazard exists.

## **Body protection:**

Body protection must be chosen depending on activity and possible exposure, e.g. head protection, apron, protective boots, chemical-protection suit.

#### General safety and hygiene measures:

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING, AND PACKAGING WORKERS Wear long sleeved work shirt and long work pants in addition to other stated personal protective equipment. Work place should be equipped with a shower and an eye wash. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Personal protective equipment should be decontaminated prior to reuse. Gloves must be inspected regularly and prior to each use. Replace if necessary (e.g. pinhole leaks). Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Store work clothing separately. Hands and/or face should be washed before breaks and at the end of the shift. No eating, drinking, smoking or tobacco use at the place of work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.

Revision date: 2025/10/27 Page: 7/15 Version: 10.0 (30701176/SDS\_CPA\_US/EN)

# 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state: liquid Form: liquid

Odour: characteristic

Odour threshold: Not determined due to potential health hazard by inhalation.

Colour: clear

pH value: approx. 9.5 - 11.5

(25 °C)

pour point: approx. -50 °C

Information applies to the solvent.

Boiling range: approx. 193 - 245 °C

Information applies to the solvent.

Sublimation point: No applicable information available.

Flash point: > -13 °C

Information applies to the solvent.

Flammability: not applicable

Flammability of Aerosol

extremely flammable

Products:

NFPA 30B flammability: Level 3 Aerosol

Lower explosion limit: As a result of our experience with this

product and our knowledge of its composition we do not expect any hazard as long as the product is used appropriately and in accordance with

the intended use.

Upper explosion limit: As a result of our experience with this

product and our knowledge of its composition we do not expect any hazard as long as the product is used appropriately and in accordance with

the intended use.

Heat of Combustion: 4.99 kJ/g

Calculated using literature data

Autoignition: approx. 220 - 250 °C

Information applies to the solvent.

Vapour pressure: approx. 6,205 - 6,895 hPa

( 20 °C)

Density: approx. 0.78 g/cm3

(20°C)

Relative density: No data available. Relative vapour density: not applicable

Partitioning coefficient n
The statements are based on the

octanol/water (log Pow): properties of the individual

components.

Information on: Cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 3-(2-chloro-3,3,3-trifluoro-1-propenyl)- 2,2-dimethyl-,

cyano(3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl ester, [1.alpha.(S \*),3.alpha.(Z)]-

Partitioning coefficient n- 7

octanol/water (log Pow): (20 °C)

.....

Thermal decomposition: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, halogenated hydrocarbons,

Hydrogen chloride, hydrogen fluoride, nitrogen dioxide, nitrogen

oxide

Stable at ambient temperature. If product is heated above decomposition temperature toxic vapours may be released. To

avoid thermal decomposition, do not overheat.

Revision date: 2025/10/27 Page: 8/15 Version: 10.0 (30701176/SDS\_CPA\_US/EN)

Viscosity, dynamic: approx. 1 mPa.s

(25 °C)

Viscosity, kinematic: No data available.

Solubility in water: dispersible

Solubility (quantitative):
Solubility (qualitative):
Molecular weight:
Evaporation rate:

No data available.
No data available.
not applicable

Other Information: If necessary, information on other physical and chemical

parameters is indicated in this section.

Particle characteristics

Particle size distribution: The substance / product is marketed or used in a non solid or granular

form.

# 10. Stability and Reactivity

## Reactivity

No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Corrosion to metals:

Corrosive effects to metal are not anticipated.

Oxidizing properties:

Based on its structural properties the product is not classified as oxidizing.

#### Chemical stability

The product is stable if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

The product is chemically stable.

#### Conditions to avoid

Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Avoid prolonged storage. Avoid electro-static discharge. Avoid contamination. Avoid prolonged exposure to extreme heat. Avoid extreme temperatures.

# Incompatible materials

strong oxidizing agents

### Hazardous decomposition products

# Decomposition products:

No hazardous decomposition products if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated., Prolonged thermal loading can result in products of degradation being given off.

## Thermal decomposition:

Possible thermal decomposition products:

carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, halogenated hydrocarbons, Hydrogen chloride, hydrogen fluoride, nitrogen dioxide, nitrogen oxide

Stable at ambient temperature. If product is heated above decomposition temperature toxic vapours may be released. To avoid thermal decomposition, do not overheat.

Revision date: 2025/10/27 Page: 9/15 Version: 10.0 (30701176/SDS\_CPA\_US/EN)

# 11. Toxicological information

#### Primary routes of exposure

Routes of entry for solids and liquids are ingestion and inhalation, but may include eye or skin contact. Routes of entry for gases include inhalation and eye contact. Skin contact may be a route of entry for liquefied gases.

## **Acute Toxicity/Effects**

### Acute toxicity

Assessment of acute toxicity: Relatively nontoxic after single ingestion. Relatively nontoxic after short-term skin contact. Relatively nontoxic after short-term inhalation.

#### Oral

Type of value: LD50 Species: rat

Value: > 2,000 mg/kg

#### <u>Inhalation</u>

Type of value: LC50 Species: rat Value: > 2.40 mg/l An aerosol was tested. No mortality was observed.

### Dermal

Type of value: LD50 Species: rabbit

Value: > 5,000 mg/kg

#### Assessment other acute effects

#### Assessment of STOT single:

Based on the available information there is no specific target organ toxicity to be expected after a single exposure.

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

#### Irritation / corrosion

Assessment of irritating effects: Not irritating to the skin. Not irritating to the eyes.

#### Skin

Species: rabbit
Result: non-irritant

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

#### Eye

Species: rabbit Result: non-irritant

## Sensitization

Assessment of sensitization: Skin sensitizing effects were not observed in animal studies.

modified Buehler test

Revision date: 2025/10/27 Page: 10/15 Version: 10.0 (30701176/SDS\_CPA\_US/EN)

Species: guinea pig Result: Non-sensitizing.

#### Aspiration Hazard

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components. May also damage the lung at swallowing (aspiration hazard).

### **Chronic Toxicity/Effects**

#### Repeated dose toxicity

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Information on: 2-Propanol

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: The substance may cause damage to the kidney after repeated inhalation.

Information on: carbon dioxide

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: Prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation to high concentrations may cause circulatory insufficiency leading to headache, nausea, vomiting and potentially death.

-----

#### Genetic toxicity

Assessment of mutagenicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components. Mutagenicity tests revealed no genotoxic potential.

# Carcinogenicity

Assessment of carcinogenicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components. The results of various animal studies gave no indication of a carcinogenic effect.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Assessment of reproduction toxicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

 $Information \ on: \ Cyclopropanecarboxylic \ acid, \ 3-(2-chloro-3,3,3-trifluoro-1-propenyl)-\ 2,2-dimethyl-cyano(3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl \ ester, \ [1.alpha.(S *),3.alpha.(Z)]-$ 

Assessment of reproduction toxicity: The results of animal studies suggest a fertility impairing effect.

.....

### **Teratogenicity**

Assessment of teratogenicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Information on: Cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 3-(2-chloro-3,3,3-trifluoro-1-propenyl)-2,2-dimethyl-cyano(3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl ester, [1.alpha.(S \*),3.alpha.(Z)]-

Assessment of teratogenicity: Indications of possible developmental toxicity/teratogenicity were seen in animal studies.

\_\_\_\_\_

#### Other Information

Misuse can be harmful to health. Has a degreasing effect on skin.

Revision date: 2025/10/27 Page: 11/15

Version: 10.0 (30701176/SDS\_CPA\_US/EN)

# 12. Ecological Information

# **Toxicity**

#### Toxicity to fish

Information on: Cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 3-(2-chloro-3,3,3-trifluoro-1-propenyl)- 2,2-dimethyl-, cyano(3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl ester, [1.alpha.(S \*),3.alpha.(Z)]- LC50 (96 h) 0.00016 mg/l, Ictalurus punctatus, syn: I. robustus LC50 (96 h) 0.000078 mg/l, Leuciscus idus

Information on: 2-Propanol

LC50 (96 h) 9,640 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (EPA 72-1, Flow through.)

The statement of the toxic effect relates to the analytically determined concentration. Literature data.

Information on: Distillates, petroleum

LL50 (96 h) 2 - 5 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (OECD Guideline 203, semistatic)

The product has low solubility in the test medium. A saturated solution has been tested. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition. Nominal values (confirmed by concentration control analytics)

-----

# Aquatic invertebrates

Information on: Cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 3-(2-chloro-3,3,3-trifluoro-1-propenyl)- 2,2-dimethyl-cyano(3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl ester, [1.alpha.(S \*),3.alpha.(Z)]- EL50 (48 h) 0.00036 mg/l, Daphnia magna

EL50 (48 h) 0.000007 mg/l, Americamysis bahia

Information on: 2-Propanol

LC50 (24 h) > 10,000 mg/l, Daphnia magna (OECD Guideline 202, part 1, static)

The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concentration.

Information on: Distillates, petroleum

EL50 (48 h) 1.4 mg/l, Daphnia magna (OECD Guideline 202, part 1, static)

The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concentration. The product has low solubility in the test medium. A saturated solution has been tested. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

-----

### Aquatic plants

Information on: Cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 3-(2-chloro-3,3,3-trifluoro-1-propenyl)- 2,2-dimethyl-cyano(3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl ester, [1.alpha.(S\*),3.alpha.(Z)]- EC50 (96 h) > 0.31 mg/l (growth rate), Selenastrum capricornutum

Information on: 2-Propanol

Toxic limit concentration (7 d) 1,800 mg/l, Scenedesmus quadricauda (other, static)

Literature data.

Information on: Distillates, petroleum

EL50 (72 h) 1 - 3 mg/l (growth rate), Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (OECD Guideline 201, static)

Revision date: 2025/10/27 Page: 12/15 Version: 10.0 (30701176/SDS\_CPA\_US/EN)

The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concentration. The product has low solubility in the test medium. A saturated solution has been tested. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition. No observed effect concentration (72 h) 1 mg/l (growth rate), Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (OECD Guideline 201. static)

The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concentration. The product has low solubility in the test medium. A saturated solution has been tested. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

\_\_\_\_\_

## Persistence and degradability

Assessment biodegradation and elimination (H2O)

Information on: Cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 3-(2-chloro-3,3,3-trifluoro-1-propenyl)- 2,2-dimethyl-, cyano(3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl ester, [1.alpha.(S \*),3.alpha.(Z)]-

Not readily biodegradable (by OECD criteria).

-----

## Bioaccumulative potential

#### Assessment bioaccumulation potential

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

#### Bioaccumulation potential

Information on: Cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 3-(2-chloro-3,3,3-trifluoro-1-propenyl)- 2,2-dimethyl-, cyano(3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl ester, [1.alpha.(S \*),3.alpha.(Z)]-

Because of the n-octanol/water distribution coefficient (log Pow) accumulation in organisms is possible.

-----

## Mobility in soil

#### Assessment transport between environmental compartments

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Information on: Cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 3-(2-chloro-3,3,3-trifluoro-1-propenyl)- 2,2-dimethyl-, cyano(3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl ester, [1.alpha.(S \*),3.alpha.(Z)]-

Following exposure to soil, adsorption to solid soil particles is probable, therefore contamination of groundwater is not expected.

-----

#### **Additional information**

Other ecotoxicological advice:

Do not discharge product into the environment without control.

Revision date: 2025/10/27 Page: 13/15 Version: 10.0 (30701176/SDS\_CPA\_US/EN)

# 13. Disposal considerations

#### Waste disposal of substance:

Pesticide wastes are regulated. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mix or rinsate is a violation of federal law. If pesticide wastes cannot be disposed of according to label instructions, contact the State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

# Container disposal:

Do not cut, puncture, crush, or incinerate empty aerosol containers. Consult state or local disposal authorities for approved alternative procedures such as container recycling. Empty aerosol cans may meet the definition of RCRA D003. Consult local and/or regional EPA for further guidance.

# 14. Transport Information

### Land transport

**USDOT** 

Hazard class: 2.1
ID number: UN 1950
Hazard label: 2.1, EHSM
Proper shipping name: AEROSOLS

#### Sea transport

**IMDG** 

Hazard class: 2.1
ID number: UN 1950
Hazard label: 2.1, EHSM

Marine pollutant: YES

Proper shipping name: AEROSOLS (contains 2-PROPANOL, LAMBDA-CYHALOTHRIN)

#### Air transport

IATA/ICAO

Hazard class: 2.1
ID number: UN 1950
Hazard label: 2.1

Proper shipping name: AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE

## **Further information**

DOT: This product may be classified as ORM-D (Consumer Commodity) or Limited Quantity. After 12/31/2020, ORM-D will not apply.

# 15. Regulatory Information

### **Federal Regulations**

#### Registration status:

Crop Protection TSCA, US released / exempt

**EPCRA 311/312 (Hazard categories):** Refer to SDS section 2 for GHS hazard classes applicable for this product.

Revision date: 2025/10/27 Page: 14/15 Version: 10.0 (30701176/SDS\_CPA\_US/EN)

**EPCRA 313:** 

**CAS Number** Chemical name 67-63-0 2-Propanol

CERCLA RQ CAS Number Chemical name

100 LBS 67-63-0; 64742- 2-Propanol; Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

47-8

1 LBS 91465-08-6 Lambda-Cyhalothrin

### **State regulations**

State RTK	CAS Number	<b>Chemical name</b>
PA	67-63-0	2-Propanol
	124-38-9	carbon dioxide
NJ	67-63-0	2-Propanol
	124-38-9	carbon dioxide

# Safe Drinking Water & Toxic Enforcement Act, CA Prop. 65:

# BASF Risk Assessment, CA Prop. 65:

Based on an evaluation of the product's composition and the use(s) described in this section below, this product does not require a California Proposition 65 Warning:

### **NFPA Hazard codes:**

Health: 2 Fire: 4 Reactivity: 1 Special:

### Labeling requirements under FIFRA

This chemical is a pesticide product regulated by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label.

CAUTION:

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

Hazards to humans and domestic animals.

HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED.

May cause moderate but temporary irritation to the eyes.

Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Flammable Liquid

Aerosol container contains flammable gas under pressure.

Keep away from heat, open flames, and sparks.

# 16. Other Information

#### SDS Prepared by:

BASF NA Product Regulations SDS Prepared on: 2025/10/27

We support worldwide Responsible Care® initiatives. We value the health and safety of our employees, customers, suppliers and neighbors, and the protection of the environment. Our commitment to Responsible Care is integral to conducting our business and operating our facilities in

Revision date: 2025/10/27 Page: 15/15 Version: 10.0 (30701176/SDS\_CPA\_US/EN)

a safe and environmentally responsible fashion, supporting our customers and suppliers in ensuring the safe and environmentally sound handling of our products, and minimizing the impact of our operations on society and the environment during production, storage, transport, use and disposal of our products.

Date / Revised: 2025/10/27 Version: 10.0

Date / Previous version: 2021/11/05 Previous version: 9.0

**END OF DATA SHEET**