# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

This safety data sheet was created pursuant to the requirements of: SafeWork Australia Approved Code of Practice about the preparation of safety data sheets for hazardous chemicals (July 2018), which is an approved code of practice under section 274 of the Work Health and Safety Act

Issuing Date 12-Jan-2022 Revision Date 12-Jan-2022 Revision Number 1

## Section 1: Identification

Product identifier

Product Name Trio Quizalofop 200 EC Herbicide

Product Code(s) APVMA Registration #90988

Other means of identification

Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha,

petroleum, heavy aromatic)

Pure substance/mixture Mixture

### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Herbicide

Consumer use Professional use

Uses advised against

## Details of manufacturer or importer

## <u>Supplier</u>

CTS Chemicals Pty Ltd. Manning Buildings 135 High Street Mall Fremantle WA 6160 Australia 1800 749 140

For further information, please contact

E-mail address regulatory@ctschemical.com.au

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number CHEMTREC (Australia): +61-290372994

## Section 2: Hazard(s) identification

## GHS Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 4
Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2
Carcinogenicity	Category 2
Reproductive toxicity	Category 1B

#### Label elements

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Skull and crossbones Exclamation mark





## Signal word

Danger

#### **Hazard statements**

Combustible liquid
Causes skin irritation
Causes serious eye irritation
Suspected of causing cancer
May damage fertility or the unborn child
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

#### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention

Take off all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

Do NOT induce vomiting

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

## **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place

## **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

### Other hazards which do not result in classification

May be harmful if swallowed.

May be harmful in contact with skin.

Combustible liquid.

Toxic to aquatic life.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Keep out of reach of children.

Read carefully and follow all instructions.

## Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical name	CAS No	Weight-%
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic	64742-94-5	50 - 60
Quizalofop-p-ethyl	100646-51-3	20 - 30
1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	872-50-4	10 - 20
Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-14-alkyl derivs.,	90194-26-6	1 - 5

calcium salts		
2-ethylhexanol	104-76-7	1 - 5
Non-hazardous ingredients	Proprietary	Balance

## Section 4: First aid measures

#### Description of first aid measures

General advice IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Show this safety data sheet to the

doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.

**Emergency telephone number** Poisons Information Centre, Australia: 13 11 26

Inhalation Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung damage. If breathing has stopped, give

> artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately. Remove to fresh air. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. Get immediate medical advice/attention. Delayed

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pulmonary edema may occur.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Keep

> eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Skin contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated

clothes and shoes. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion ASPIRATION HAZARD IF SWALLOWED - CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE.

> Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. Rinse mouth. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Get immediate medical advice/attention.

Self-protection of the first aider Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s)

involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Difficulty in breathing. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Dizziness. May cause redness and **Symptoms** 

tearing of the eyes. Burning sensation.

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to doctors Because of the danger of aspiration, emesis or gastric lavage should not be used unless

the risk is justified by the presence of additional toxic substances.

## Section 5: Firefighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media None known based on information supplied.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. In the event of chemical

fire, cool tanks with water spray.

Hazardous combustion products Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and unburned hydrocarbons (smoke).

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

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Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout

gear. Use personal protection equipment.

Hazchem code •3Z

### Section 6: Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment as required. See

> section 8 for more information. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with

skin, eyes or clothing.

Other information Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

**Environmental precautions** 

**Environmental precautions** Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and

waterways. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information. Avoid release to the

environment.

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Dyke

far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal.

Methods for cleaning up Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Dam up. Soak up with inert

absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labelled containers.

### Precautions to prevent secondary hazards

Prevention of secondary hazards Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

## Section 7: Handling and storage

### **Precautions for safe handling**

Use personal protection equipment. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Keep away from heat, Advice on safe handling

> hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use with local exhaust ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

General hygiene considerations Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not

be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage Conditions** Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from

> heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Keep in properly labelled containers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store locked up. Keep out

of the reach of children. Store away from other materials.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidising agents. Nitric acid. Sulfuric acid.

## Section 8: Exposure controls and personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### **Exposure Limits**

Chemical name	Australia	New Zealand	ACGIH TLV
1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	TWA: 25 ppm	TWA: 25 ppm	-
872-50-4	TWA: 103 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 103 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	STEL: 75 ppm	STEL: 75 ppm	
	STEL: 309 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 309 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
		Skin	

Chemical name	European Union	United Kingdom	Germany MAK
1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	TWA: 10 ppm	TWA: 10 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm
872-50-4	TWA: 40 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 40 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 82 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	STEL: 20 ppm	STEL: 20 ppm	Peak: 40 ppm
	STEL: 80 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 80 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Peak: 164 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	*	Sk*	*
2-ethylhexanol	TWA: 5.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 1 ppm	TWA: 10 ppm
104-76-7	TWA: 1 ppm	TWA: 5.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 54 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		STEL: 3 ppm	Peak: 10 ppm
		STEL: 16.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Peak: 54 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

## **Biological occupational exposure**

limits

Chemical name	Australia	ACGIH	European Union
1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	-	100 mg/L - urine	-
872-50-4		(5-Hydroxy-N-methyl-2-pyrroli	
		done) - end of shift	

#### **Appropriate engineering controls**

**Engineering controls** Showers

> Eyewash stations Ventilation systems.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Tight sealing safety goggles.

Skin and body protection Wear suitable protective clothing. Long sleeved clothing.

**Hand protection** Wear suitable gloves. Impervious gloves.

Respiratory protection No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions. If exposure limits are

exceeded or irritation is experienced, ventilation and evacuation may be required.

**Environmental exposure controls** Avoid release to the environment.

Thermal hazards No information available.

## Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** Clear, Straw-coloured liquid

Physical state Liquid

Colour Straw-coloured

Odour Characteristic solvent
Odour threshold No information available

<u>Values</u> <u>Remarks • Method</u>

pHNo data availableMelting point / freezing pointNo data availableInitial boiling point and boilingNo data available

range

Flash point > 63 °C

Evaporation rateNo data availableFlammabilityNo data available

Flammability Limit in Air

Upper flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Lower flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Vapour pressureNo data availableVapour densityNo data available

Relative density 1

Water solubilityNo data availableSolubility(ies)No data availablePartition coefficientNo data availableAutoignition temperatureNo data availableDecomposition temperatureNo data availableKinematic viscosityNo data availableDynamic viscosityNo data availableNo data available

**Explosive properties**No information available. **Oxidising properties**No information available.

Other information

Softening point
Molecular weight
VOC Content (%)
Liquid Density
Bulk density
No information available

## Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

**Reactivity** None under normal use conditions.

**Chemical stability** 

**Stability** Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge Yes.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions None under normal processing.

**Conditions to avoid** 

**Conditions to avoid** Heat, flames and sparks.

**Incompatible materials** 

**Incompatible materials** Strong oxidising agents. Nitric acid. Sulfuric acid.

#### **Hazardous decomposition products**

Hazardous decomposition products None known based on information supplied.

## Section 11: Toxicological information

#### **Acute toxicity**

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### **Product Information**

**Inhalation** Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Aspiration into lungs can

produce severe lung damage. May cause pulmonary edema. Pulmonary edema can be

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fatal. May cause irritation of respiratory tract.

**Eye contact** Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. May cause irritation. Causes

serious eye irritation. (based on components). May cause redness, itching, and pain.

**Skin contact** Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Causes skin irritation. (based

on components). Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. May be harmful

in contact with skin.

**Ingestion** Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Potential for aspiration if

swallowed. May cause lung damage if swallowed. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May be harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms Difficulty in breathing. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Dizziness. Redness. May cause redness

and tearing of the eyes.

### Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

**Numerical measures of toxicity** 

**Component Information** 

C	Jinponent imornation			
	Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
	Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg(Rabbit)	> 590 mg/m³(Rat)4 h
	Quizalofop-p-ethyl	= 1182 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
	1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	= 3914 mg/kg(Rat)	= 8 g/kg(Rabbit)	> 5.1 mg/L (Rat)4 h
	2-ethylhexanol	= 3730 mg/kg (Rat)	= 1980 mg/kg(Rabbit)	> 227 ppm (Rat) 6 h

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Classification based on data available for ingredients. Irritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Classification based on data available for ingredients. Causes serious eye irritation.

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation** No information available.

**Germ cell mutagenicity** No information available.

Carcinogenicity Contains a known or suspected carcinogen. Classification based on data available for

ingredients. Suspected of causing cancer.

Reproductive toxicity Contains a known or suspected reproductive toxin. Classification based on data available

for ingredients. May damage fertility or the unborn child.

**STOT - single exposure** No information available.

**STOT - repeated exposure** No information available.

**Aspiration hazard** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

## Section 12: Ecological information

## **Ecotoxicity**

**Aquatic ecotoxicity**Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic	-	LC50: =19mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =2.34mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: =1740mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: =45mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =41mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas)	-	EC50: =0.95mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)
1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	EC50: >500mg/L (72h, Desmodesmus subspicatus)	LC50: =1072mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =1400mg/L (96h, Poecilia reticulata) LC50: =832mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus)	-	EC50: =4897mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)
2-ethylhexanol	EC50: =11.5mg/L (72h, Desmodesmus subspicatus)	LC50: 32 - 37mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: >7.5mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 27 - 29.5mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =29.7mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: 10.0 - 33.0mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus)	-	EC50: =39mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)

## **Terrestrial ecotoxicty**

Chemical name	Earthworm	Avian	Honeybees
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy	-	Acute Oral Toxicity: LD50 >	-
aromatic		2250 mg/kg (Colinus	
		virginianus)	
		Source: IUCLID	
		Dietary Toxicity: LC50 > 6500	
		ppm (Colinus virginianus 5	

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Chemical name	Earthworm	Avian	Honeybees
		Days)	
	Source: IÚCLID		

#### Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

#### Bioaccumulative potential

#### **Bioaccumulation**

**Component Information** 

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic	6.1
1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	-0.46
2-ethylhexanol	3.1

### **Mobility**

Mobility No information available.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects No information available.

## Section 13: Disposal considerations

### Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused

products

Should not be released into the environment. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.

Contaminated packaging

Do not reuse empty containers.

See section 8 for more information

## Section 14: Transport information

### Not Regulated / Non-Hazardous

Shipment by ground via road or rail within Australia is not regulated in IBCs or packagings not exceeding 500 kg(L) per Australian Special Provision AU01.

ADG

**UN** number N/A Proper shipping name N/A Transport hazard class(es) N/A Packing group N/A **Environmental hazard** N/A **Special Provisions** N/A Description N/A Limited quantity (LQ) N/A Hazchem code N/A

IATA

UN number or ID number UN3082

**UN** proper shipping name Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s.

Transport hazard class(es) 9 **Packing group** Ш Trio Quizalofop 200 EC Herbicide ERG Code

9L

A97, A158, A197

Special Provisions
Description

UN3082, Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s. (Solvent naphtha,

petroleum, heavy aromatic), 9, III

**IMDG** 

UN number or ID number UN3082

UN proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, LIQUID, N.O.S.

Transport hazard class(es)9Packing groupIIIEmS-NoF-A, S-FSpecial Provisions274, 335, 969

Marine pollutant F

**Description** UN3082, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Solvent

naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic), 9, III, Marine pollutant

### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

No information available

## **Section 15: Regulatory information**

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### National regulations

### <u>Australia</u>

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

#### Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

No poisons schedule number allocated

## Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority (APVMA)

APVMA Registered Chemical Number 90988

## Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

Chemical name	Australian Industrial Chemicals	Additional information
	Introduction Scheme (AICIS)	
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic -	Present	-
64742-94-5		
1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone - 872-50-4	Contact supplier for inventory	-
	compliance status	
Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-14-alkyl derivs.,	Present	-
calcium salts - 90194-26-6		
2-ethylhexanol - 104-76-7	Present	-

#### **Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents**

This product does not contain any substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list.

#### National pollutant inventory

Subject to reporting requirement

Chemical name	National pollutant inventory
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic - 64742-94-5	20 MW Threshold category 2b total
	60000 MWH Threshold category 2b total
	1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total
	25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total
	400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total
	2000 tonne/yr Threshold category 2b total

(M)SDS Number UL-GCS-054

1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone - 872-50-4	20 MW Threshold category 2b total
	60000 MWH Threshold category 2b total
	1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total
	25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total
	400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total
	2000 tonne/yr Threshold category 2b total
2-ethylhexanol - 104-76-7	20 MW Threshold category 2b total
	60000 MWH Threshold category 2b total
	1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total
	25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total
	400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total
	2000 tonne/yr Threshold category 2b total

#### **International Inventories**

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status

#### **International Regulations**

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

## Section 16: Any other relevant information

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Revision Note Initial Release.

### Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)

Ceiling Maximum limit value \* Skin designation

C Carcinogen

### Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR)

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

Japan GHS Classification

Australian National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Programme Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set World Health Organization

#### Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

**End of Safety Data Sheet**