SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product identifier

Trade name	VELOCITY M3 ALL-IN-ONE HERBICIDE
Product code (UVP)	79380356
SDS Number	102000020211
PCP Registration No.	29584

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use	Herbicide
Restrictions on use	See product label for restrictions.

Information on supplier

Supplier	Bayer CropScience Inc #200, 160 Quarry Park Blvd, SE Calgary, Alberta T2C 3G3 Canada
Responsible Department	Email: SDSINFO.BCS-NA@bayer.com

Emergency telephone no.

Emergency Telephone Number (24hr/ 7 days)	1-800-334-7577
Product Information Telephone Number	1-888-283-6847

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classified in accordance with Part 2 of the Hazardous Products Regulations
Serious eye damage: Category 1
Reproductive toxicity, Carcinogenicity: Category 2
Acute toxicity(Oral): Category 4

Labelling in accordance with Part 3 of the Hazardous Products Regulations

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements
Causes serious eye damage.

Suspected of causing cancer.
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Harmful if swallowed.

Precautionary statements
Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
Obtain special instructions before use.
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Wash thoroughly after handling.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/ physician.
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Rinse mouth.
Store locked up.
Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)
No physical hazards not otherwise classified.
No health hazards not otherwise classified.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous Component Name	CAS-No.	Concentration % by weight
Bromoxynil	1689-84-5	22.55
Pyrasulfotole	365400-11-9	2.82
Thiencarbazone-methyl	317815-83-1	0.45
Mefenpyr-diethyl	135590-91-9	2.7
Alcohols, C11-14-iso-, C13-rich, ethoxylated	78330-21-9	15.0
Stearylamine, ethoxylated	26635-92-7	5.0
Tetrapropylene benzene sulfonate, calcium salt	11117-11-6	1.2
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic, <1% naphthalene	64742-94-5	30.1
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.3

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice Move out of dangerous area. When possible, have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Skin contact	Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Eye contact	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse out mouth and give water in small sips to drink. DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician or poison control center. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do not leave victim unattended.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms	If large amounts are ingested, the following symptoms may occur: Headache, Nausea, Dizziness, Somnolence Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis. Inhalation may provoke the following symptoms: Cough, Shortness of breath, Cyanosis, Fever Symptoms and hazards refer to the solvent.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Risks	Contains hydrocarbon solvents. May pose an aspiration pneumonia hazard.
Treatment	Treat symptomatically. Gastric lavage is not normally required. However, if a significant amount (more than a mouthful) has been ingested, administer activated charcoal and sodium sulphate. In case of aspiration intubation and bronchial lavage should be considered. Monitor: kidney, liver and pancreas function. Contraindication: derivatives of adrenaline.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Suitable	Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.
Unsuitable	High volume water jet

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	In the event of fire the following may be released:, Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Sulphur oxides, Hydrogen chloride (HCl)
Advice for firefighters	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Firefighters should wear NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing.
Further information	Remove product from areas of fire, or otherwise cool containers with water in order to avoid pressure being built up due to heat. Contain the spread of the fire-fighting media. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.
Flash point	> 100 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	410 °C / 770 °F
Lower explosion limit	No data available
Upper explosion limit	No data available
Explosivity	Not explosive 92/69/EEC, A.14 / OECD 113

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Precautions	Keep unauthorized people away. Isolate hazard area. Avoid contact with spilled product or contaminated surfaces.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Collect and transfer the product into a properly labelled and tightly closed container. Clean contaminated floors and objects thoroughly, observing environmental regulations.
Additional advice	Use personal protective equipment. If the product is accidentally spilled, do not allow to enter soil, waterways or waste water canal. Do not allow product to contact non-target plants.
Reference to other sections	Information regarding safe handling, see section 7. Information regarding personal protective equipment, see section 8. Information regarding waste disposal, see section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling	Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Handle and open container in a manner as to prevent spillage.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Hygiene measures
Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, using the toilet or applying cosmetics.
Remove Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) immediately after handling this product. Remove soiled clothing immediately and clean thoroughly before using again. Wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers
Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store in original container. Keep away from direct sunlight. Protect from freezing.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Update	Basis
Bromoxynil	1689-84-5	0.21 mg/m3 (SK-SEN)		OES BCS*
Pyrasulfotole	365400-11-9	0.3 mg/m3 (TWA)		OES BCS*
Thiencarbazone-methyl	317815-83-1	10 mg/m3 (TWA)		OES BCS*
Mefenpyr-diethyl	135590-91-9	10 mg/m3 (TWA)		OES BCS*
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic, <1% naphthalene (Vapor.)	64742-94-5	200 mg/m3 (TWA)	07 2009	CAD AB OEL
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic, <1% naphthalene	64742-94-5	1,590 mg/m3/400 ppm (TWA)	07 2009	CAD AB OEL
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic, <1% naphthalene (Non-aerosol.)	64742-94-5	200 mg/m3 (TWA)	05 2013	CAD BC OEL
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic, <1% naphthalene (Non-aerosol.)	64742-94-5	200 mg/m3 (TWA)	03 2014	CAD MB OEL
Solvent Naphtha	64742-94-5	200 mg/m3	11 2010	CAD ON

(petroleum), heavy aromatic, <1% naphthalene (Non-aerosol.)		(TWA)		OEL
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic, <1% naphthalene	64742-94-5	525 mg/m3 (TWA)	11 2010	CAD ON OEL
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic, <1% naphthalene (Vapor.)	64742-94-5	250 mg/m3 (15 MIN ACL)	05 2009	CAD SK OEL
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic, <1% naphthalene (Vapor.)	64742-94-5	200 mg/m3 (8 HR ACL)	05 2009	CAD SK OEL
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic, <1% naphthalene	64742-94-5	500 ppm (15 MIN ACL)	05 2009	CAD SK OEL
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic, <1% naphthalene	64742-94-5	400 ppm (8 HR ACL)	05 2009	CAD SK OEL
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic, <1% naphthalene	64742-94-5	1,590 mg/m3/400 ppm (TWA)	11 2011	OEL (QUE)
Naphthalene	91-20-3	52 mg/m3/10 ppm (TWA)	07 2009	CAD AB OEL
Naphthalene	91-20-3	79 mg/m3/15 ppm (STEL)	07 2009	CAD AB OEL
Naphthalene	91-20-3	10 ppm (TWA)	09 2011	CAD BC OEL
Naphthalene	91-20-3	15 ppm (STEL)	09 2011	CAD BC OEL
Naphthalene	91-20-3	10 ppm (TWA)	03 2011	CAD MB OEL
Naphthalene	91-20-3	10 ppm (TWA)	11 2010	CAD ON OEL
Naphthalene	91-20-3	15 ppm	11 2010	CAD ON

		(STEL)		OEL
Naphthalene	91-20-3	10 ppm (8 HR ACL)	05 2009	CAD SK OEL
Naphthalene	91-20-3	15 ppm (15 MIN ACL)	05 2009	CAD SK OEL
Naphthalene	91-20-3	79 mg/m3/15 ppm (STEL)	11 2011	OEL (QUE)
Naphthalene	91-20-3	52 mg/m3/10 ppm (TWA)	11 2011	OEL (QUE)
Naphthalene	91-20-3	10 ppm (TLV)		OES BCS*

*OES BCS: Internal Bayer AG, Crop Science Division "Occupational Exposure Standard"

Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment
In normal use and handling conditions please refer to the label and/or leaflet. In all other cases the following recommendations would apply.

Respiratory protection When respirators are required, select NIOSH approved equipment based on actual or potential airborne concentrations and in accordance with the appropriate regulatory standards and/or industry recommendations.

Hand protection Chemical resistant nitrile rubber gloves

Eye protection Use tightly sealed goggles and face protection.

Skin and body protection Wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants and shoes plus socks.

General protective measures Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and warm/tepid water.
Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form Liquid

Colour dark brown

Odour aromatic

Odour Threshold No data available

pH 6.0 - 8.0 (10 %) (23 °C) (deionized water)

Melting point/range No data available

Boiling Point

	No data available
Flash point	> 100 °C
Flammability	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	410 °C
Minimum ignition energy	Not applicable
Self-accelarating decomposition temperature (SADT)	No data available
Upper explosion limit	No data available
Lower explosion limit	No data available
Vapour pressure	No data available
Evaporation rate	No data available
Relative vapour density	No data available
Relative density	No data available
Density	ca. 1.11 g/cm³ (20 °C)
Water solubility	emulsifiable
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Pyrasulfotole: log Pow: -1.362 Thiencarbazone-methyl: log Pow: -0.13 Mefenpyr-diethyl: log Pow: 3.83 (21 °C)
Viscosity, dynamic	100 - 200 mPa.s (20 °C) Velocity gradient 20 /s 50 - 150 mPa.s (20 °C) Velocity gradient 100 /s
Viscosity, kinematic	105 mm²/s (40 °C) Shear rate of 20/sec
Oxidizing properties	No data available
Explosivity	Not explosive 92/69/EEC, A.14 / OECD 113
Other information	Further safety related physical-chemical data are not known.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	
Thermal decomposition	Stable under normal conditions.
Chemical stability	Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions	No hazardous reactions when stored and handled according to prescribed instructions.
Conditions to avoid	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	No incompatible materials known.
Hazardous decomposition products	No decomposition products expected under normal conditions of use.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Exposure routes	Skin contact, Eye contact, Inhalation, Ingestion
Immediate Effects	
Eye	Corrosive to eyes.
Skin	May cause sensitisation by skin contact. May cause skin irritation.
Ingestion	Harmful or fatal if swallowed.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicity	LD 50 cut-off (Rat) 500 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	LC50 (Rat) > 3.209 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Highest attainable concentration. Determined in the form of a respirable aerosol. During intended and foreseen applications, no respirable aerosol is formed.
Acute dermal toxicity	LD50 (Rat) > 2,000 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Irritating to skin. (Rabbit)
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Corrosive - causes irreversible eye damage. (Rabbit)
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin: Non-sensitizing. (Mouse) OECD Test Guideline 429, local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure

Bromoxynil: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Pyrasulfotole: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Thiencarbazone-methyl: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Mefenpyr-diethyl: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure

Bromoxynil caused specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies in the following organ(s): Liver. The observed effects do not appear to be relevant for humans.
Pyrasulfotole did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.
Thiencarbazone-methyl did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.
Mefenpyr-diethyl did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

Assessment mutagenicity

Bromoxynil was not mutagenic or genotoxic based on the overall weight of evidence in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.
Pyrasulfotole was not genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.
Thiencarbazone-methyl was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.
Mefenpyr-diethyl was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Assessment carcinogenicity

Bromoxynil caused at high dose levels an increased incidence of tumours in mice in the following organ(s): Liver. The mechanism of tumour formation is not considered to be relevant to man.
Pyrasulfotole caused at high dose levels an increased incidence of tumours in the following organ(s): Cornea, urinary bladder. The mechanism that triggers tumours in rodents and the type of tumours observed are not relevant to humans.
Thiencarbazone-methyl was not carcinogenic in a lifetime feeding study in rats. Thiencarbazone-methyl caused at high dose levels an increased incidence of tumours in mice in the following organ(s): urinary bladder. The tumours seen with Thiencarbazone-methyl were caused through the chronic irritation due to the presence of bladder stones.
Mefenpyr-diethyl was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

ACGIH

Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic, <1% naphthalene	64742-94-5	Group A3
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Group A3

NTP

Naphthalene	91-20-3

IARC

Naphthalene	91-20-3	Overall evaluation: 2B

OSHA

None.

Assessment toxicity to reproduction

Bromoxynil did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats.
Pyrasulfotole did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats.
Thiencarbazone-methyl did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats.
Mefenpyr-diethyl did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats.

Assessment developmental toxicity

Bromoxynil caused a delayed foetal growth, an increased incidence of non-specific malformations.
Bromoxynil caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams.
Pyrasulfotole did not cause developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits.
Thiencarbazone-methyl did not cause developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits.
Mefenpyr-diethyl caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. The developmental effects seen with Mefenpyr-diethyl are related to maternal toxicity.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Further information

Only acute toxicity studies have been performed on the formulated product.
The non-acute information pertains to the active ingredient(s).

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity to fish	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) > 104 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient thiencarbazone-methyl.
	LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)) 0.041 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient bromoxynil octanoate.
	LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)) 0.029 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient bromoxynil heptanoate.
Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) > 98.6 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient thiencarbazone-methyl. EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) 0.046 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient bromoxynil octanoate. EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) 0.031 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient bromoxynil heptanoate.
Toxicity to aquatic plants	IC50 (Lemna gibba (gibbous duckweed)) 0.00131 mg/l Growth rate; Exposure time: 7 d The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient thiencarbazone-methyl.
	IC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)) 1.017 mg/l Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient thiencarbazone-methyl.
	EC50 (Navicula pelliculosa (Freshwater diatom)) 0.043 mg/l Exposure time: 120 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient bromoxynil octanoate.

EC50 (Lemna gibba (gibbous duckweed)) 0.073 mg/l
The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient bromoxynil octanoate.

EC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)) 0.083 mg/l
Exposure time: 120 h
The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient bromoxynil heptanoate.

EC50 (Lemna gibba (gibbous duckweed)) 0.21 mg/l
Exposure time: 336 h
The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient bromoxynil heptanoate.

Biodegradability

Bromoxynil:
Not rapidly biodegradable
Pyrasulfotole:
Not rapidly biodegradable
Thiencarbazone-methyl:
Not rapidly biodegradable
Mefenpyr-diethyl:
Not rapidly biodegradable

Koc

Bromoxynil: Koc: 108 - 239
Pyrasulfotole: Koc: 20 - 213; log Koc: 2.34
Thiencarbazone-methyl: Koc: 100
Mefenpyr-diethyl: Koc: 625

Bioaccumulation

Bromoxynil: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 230
Does not bioaccumulate.
Pyrasulfotole:
Does not bioaccumulate.
Thiencarbazone-methyl:
Does not bioaccumulate.
Mefenpyr-diethyl: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 232
Does not bioaccumulate.

Mobility in soil

Bromoxynil: Moderately mobile in soils
Pyrasulfotole: Moderately mobile in soils
Thiencarbazone-methyl: Moderately mobile in soils
Mefenpyr-diethyl: Slightly mobile in soils

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT and vPvB assessment

Bromoxynil: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).
Pyrasulfotole: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).
Thiencarbazone-methyl: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).
Mefenpyr-diethyl: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

	very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).
Additional ecological information	No ecological testing was carried out on the product. Data are based on the properties of the individual components.
Environmental precautions	Do not allow to get into surface water, drains and ground water. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Product	Dispose in accordance with all local, state/provincial and federal regulations. Follow container label instructions for disposal of wastes generated during use in compliance with the product label. It is best to use all of the product in accordance with label directions. If it is necessary to dispose of unused product, please follow container label instructions and applicable local guidelines.
Contaminated packaging	Do not re-use empty containers. Triple rinse containers. Add washings to sprayer at time of filling. Puncture container to avoid re-use. Rinsed packaging may be acceptable for landfill, otherwise incineration will be required in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of empty and cleaned packaging safely. Follow advice on product label and/or leaflet.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

TDG

UN number	**3082**
Labels	9
Packaging group	III
Marine pollutant	Marine pollutant
Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (BROMOXYNIL, THIENCARBAZONE-METHYL)

49CFR

UN number	**3082**
Class	9
Packaging group	III
Marine pollutant	Marine pollutant
Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, LIQUID, N.O.S. (BROMOXYNIL, THIENCARBAZONE-METHYL, NAPHTHALENE)
RQ	Reportable Quantity is reached with 33,333 lb of product.

IMDG

UN number	**3082**
Class	9
Packaging group	III
Marine pollutant	YES
Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (BROMOXYNIL, THIENCARBAZONE-METHYL SOLUTION)

IATA

UN number	**3082**
Class	9
Packaging group	III
Environm. Hazardous Mark	YES
Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (BROMOXYNIL, THIENCARBAZONE-METHYL SOLUTION)

This transportation information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory information relating to this product. It does not address regulatory variations due to package size or special transportation requirements.

Further Information	Exempt from regulation when transported by road or rail, in accordance with TDG Regulations 1.45.1. This exemption provides that this product does not require dangerous goods shipping documentation or safety marks when transported on land by road or rail.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

PCP Registration No. 29584

PMRA Information:
Read the label, authorized under the Pest Control Products Act, prior to using or handling the pest control product.

This chemical is a pest control product regulated by Health Canada Pest Management Regulatory Agency and is subject to certain labelling requirements under the Pest Control Products Act. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for GHS-consistent safety data sheets. The following is the hazard information required on the pest control product label:

Signal word: Danger!

Hazard statements: Corrosive to eyes.
Harmful or fatal if swallowed.
May cause skin irritation.
Potential skin sensitizer.

There are Canada-specific environmental requirements for handling, use, and disposal of this pest control product that are indicated on the label.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Abbreviations and acronyms

49CFR	Code of Federal Regulations, Title 49
ACGIH	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values
ATE	Acute toxicity estimate
CAS-Nr.	Chemical Abstracts Service number
CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act
EINECS	European inventory of existing commercial substances
ELINCS	European list of notified chemical substances
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
N.O.S.	Not otherwise specified
NTP	US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens
OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
TDG	Transportation of Dangerous Goods
TWA	Time weighted average
UN	United Nations
WHO	World health organisation

NFPA 704 (National Fire Protection Association):

Health - 2	Flammability - 1	Instability - 0	Others - none

HMIS (Hazardous Materials Identification System, based on the Third Edition Ratings Guide)

Health - 3	Flammability - 1	Physical Hazard - 0	PPE -

0 = minimal hazard, 1 = slight hazard, 2 = moderate hazard, 3 = severe hazard, 4 = extreme hazard

Reason for Revision: The following sections have been revised: Section 3: Composition / Information on Ingredients. Section 8: Exposure Controls / Personal Protection. Section 11: Toxicological Information. Section 12. Ecological information. Section 15: Regulatory information. Reviewed and updated for general editorial purposes.

Revision Date: 07/30/2020