

Andiamo™ 230 Fungicide

Group 3 Fungicide



For Control and/or Suppression of the listed diseases in Corn, Pecans, and Soybeans.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Tetraconazole: 1-[2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-3-(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethoxy) propyl]-1H-1,2,4-triazole 20.5%

OTHER INGREDIENTS 79.5%

TOTAL 100.0%

Contains 1.9 pounds of tetraconazole per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.
(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail).

FIRST AID

IF SWALLOWED:

- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor.
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

Emergency Phone Numbers

(800) 424-9300 CHEMTREC (transportation and spills)
(800) 222-1222 Poison Control Center

See additional Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use inside booklet.

NET CONTENTS: 2.5 Gallons (9.46 L)

Manufactured for:
OXON ITALIA S.p.A.
Via Sempione, 195 - 20016 PERO
MILANO - ITALY

2.5G

READ THE LABEL
CAREFULLY
BEFORE OPENING
THE CONTAINER

EPA Registration No. 35915-20

EPA Est. No. 70815-GA-001 (Lot No. begins with CB)

EPA Est. No. 60063-GA-001 (Lot No. begins with VL)

EPA Est. No. 086555-MO-001 (Lot No. begins with AF)

For product information, please call 877-898-9514

EPA 20171019 (12/18).

PF 124511-3

PULL BACK BOOK HERE

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

Caution. Harmful if swallowed. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥14 mils, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) ≥14 mils, and viton ≥14 mils.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves as indicated above.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls:

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product may be toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift or runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms adjacent to treatment areas. Exercise caution when making applications of this product, and do not apply when atmospheric conditions favor drift or runoff. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

In order to mitigate concern for reproductive effects to endangered bird and mammal species which may occur incidentally in growing areas, you are required to ascertain through the state Department of Agriculture, or Cooperative Extension Service, whether the treatment area may contain habitat of federally listed bird and mammal species; if so, treatment must be avoided in these areas.

PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not mix or allow to come into contact with oxidizing agents. Do not allow the ratio of water:product in field to exceed 1:1. Hazardous chemical reaction may occur.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval (REI). The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the REI of 12 hours for all activities with the exception of 7 days for table grape activities of girdling, cane tying and cane turning, and 20 days for detasseling corn grown for seed. PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks

PRODUCT USE INFORMATION

This product is a microemulsion concentrate fungicide containing the active ingredient tetraconazole that is for use to control certain fungal diseases in Corn, Pecans, and Soybeans.

Apply this product in a water carrier by spraying onto crop surfaces that are specified on this label to be protected from disease. To obtain adequate coverage of specified agricultural crops, apply in a minimum of 100 gallons per acre for dilute sprays and a minimum of 10 gallons per acre for concentrate ground sprays or aerial applications. Both ground and aircraft methods of application may be used. Do not allow the ratio of water:product in field to exceed 1:1.

Mixing Instructions: Fill the spray tank half full with water before adding any product. Do not add product to the spray tank before adding water, this may result in a hazardous chemical reaction. Add this product to the spray tank while filling with water. Keep the agitator running when filling spray tank and during spray operations. When tank mixing this product with other pesticides, observe the more restrictive label limitations and precautions. Do not exceed any label dosage rates. This product cannot be mixed with any product containing a label prohibition against such mixing. Combination in the spray tank with other pesticides, fertilizers or surfactants is not recommended unless prior use has shown the combination to be physically compatible, effective and noninjurious under your conditions of use. When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, Advan LLC recommends the use of a Council of Producers and Distributors of Agrotechnology (CPDA) certified adjuvant.

Resistance Management Information

This product contains tetraconazole, a Group 3 fungicide (sterol biosynthesis inhibitor). Fungal isolates with acquired resistance to Group 3 may eventually dominate the fungal population if Group 3 fungicides are used repeatedly in the same field or in successive years as the primary method of control for targeted species. This may result in partial or total loss of control of those species by this product or other Group 3 fungicides.

To delay fu

- Avoiding
- Using ta
- the tank
- Basing f
- Monitori
- Contacti
- crops an

Rotations

Refer to th

Corn
Grains, sr
Grape
Peanut
Pecan
Small gra
Soybean
Strawber
Sugarbee
Sugarcan
All other c
All other c
All other c

Gray leaf
(Cercos
Rust, corn
Rust, sou
Anthraco
(Collet
Eye spot
Northern
(Exsen
Northern
(Bipola
Physoder
(Physo
Southern
(Bipola
Yellow lea
(Phyllo

RESTRICT

- Do not
- Restrict
- Do not
- Do not
- Do not
- Do not
- Mixing
- add prc
- Apply t
- * Not for i

TANK MI

Always re
The follw
Lumax®.

To delay fungicide resistance consider:

- Avoiding the consecutive use of this product or other target site of action Group 3 fungicides that have a similar target site of action, on the same pathogens.
- Using tank-mixtures or premixes with fungicides from different target site of action Groups as long as the involved products are all registered for the same use and are both effective at the tank mix or prepack rate on the pathogen(s) of concern.
- Basing fungicide use on a comprehensive IPM program.
- Monitoring treated fungal populations for loss of field efficacy.
- Contacting your local extension specialist, certified crop advisors, and/or local Advan LLC representative for fungicide resistance management and/or IPM recommendations for specific crops and resistant pathogens.

Rotational Crop Restrictions

Refer to the table below for the minimum time intervals required between the last application of this product and a new crop planting.

Crop	Rotational Interval (in days)
Corn	0
Grains, small (barley, buckwheat, millet, oats, rice, rye, triticale and wheat) following a sugarbeet application	45
Grape	0
Peanut	0
Pecan	0
Small grains after application to sugarbeet	40
Soybean	0
Strawberry	0
Sugarbeet	0
Sugarcane	45
All other crops – after application to Subgroups 13-07F and 13-07G	15
All other crops – after application to sugarbeet	120
All other crops	120

CROPS

CORN (FIELD, POPCORN, CORN GROWN FOR SEED PRODUCTION)		
DISEASES CONTROLLED	RATE PER ACRE	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Gray leaf spot <i>(Cercospora zeaе-maydis)</i> Rust, common <i>(Puccinia sorghi)</i> Rust, southern <i>(Puccinia polysora)</i> Anthracnose leaf blight <i>(Colletotrichum graminicola)</i> Eye spot <i>(Aureobasidium zeaе)</i> Northern corn leaf blight <i>(Exserohilum turcicum)</i> Northern corn leaf spot <i>(Bipolaris zeicola)</i> Physoderma brown spot <i>(Physoderma maydis)</i> Southern corn leaf blight <i>(Bipolaris maydis)</i> Yellow leaf blight* <i>(Phyllosticta maydis)</i>	4.0 to 6.0 fl. oz. (0.06 to 0.09 lb a.i.)	This product may be applied early (V4-V8) or late (Vt-R3) prior to disease development. Apply as a curative application when disease incident does not exceed 5% of the plants. Use this product as part of an integrated pest management program (IPM). Apply as a foliar spray (10 GPA by ground or 2 GPA by air) or via chemigation in sufficient water to obtain thorough coverage of plants. See mixing instructions below. A compatibility agent, another fungicide, or an insecticide approved for use on corn may be included, if needed. The use directions and restrictions of the added product must be followed. Always follow the more restrictive label.
RESTRICTIONS/LIMITATIONS: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not apply more than 0.09 lb of tetraconazole a.i. per acre per year (6 fl. oz. product per acre per year). • Restricted entry interval (REI): 12 hours for all activities with the exception of 20 days for detasseling corn. • Do not make more than one (1) application per year. • Do not apply this product after corn growth stage R3 (brown silk/milk). • Do not use adjuvants in sprays made between V8 (8 leaf collar) and VT (lowest branch of the tassel visible but silks have not emerged) growth stage. • Mixing instructions: Do not allow the ratio of water:product in field to exceed 1:1. Fill the spray tank (or chemigation nurse tank) half full with water before adding any product. Do not add product to the spray tank before adding water; this may result in a hazardous chemical reaction. • Apply this product by ground in a minimum 10 gallons per acre or by air in a minimum 2 gallons per acre. * Not for use in California on Yellow leaf blight.		
TANK MIX INFORMATION: Always read and follow all label directions when using any pesticide alone or in a tankmix. The most restrictive label language applies when tank mixing this product with another. The following corn pesticides can be used in a tank mixture with this product if their label does not prohibit tank mixing: Callisto®, Halex® GR, Laudis®, Lexar®, Liberty®/LibertyLink®, Lumax®, Roundup®/Roundup Ready®, Yukon®, Headline®, Quadris®, Asana®, Baythroid®, Lorsban®, Mustang® Max, Orthene®, Pounce®, Proaxis®, Warrior®, Onerge®.		

Scab (*Cla*
Downy sp
(*Mycos*
Vein spot
(*Gnom*
Powdery
(*Micro*
Brown sp
(*Cerca*
Zonate le
(*Cristu*
RESTRIC
• Do not :
• Pre Har
• Restrict
• Do not i
• Mixing
not add
• Do not :
• Do not i

Asian Soy
(*Phako*
Cercospo
(*Cerca*
Purple Se
(*Cerca*
Frogeye L
(*Cerca*
White Mo
Stem Rot
(*Sclera*
Powdery
(*Micro*
Brown Sp
Anthracn
(*Collet*

RESTRIC
• Do not :
• Restrict
• Do not i
• Do not i
• Do not i
• Do not i
• Do not i
• Apply tt
in suffic
• Mixing
not add
TANK MI:
Always re
The follow
Headline®

CHEMIGAT
Apply this
hand move
from non-i
For specifi
Do not con

PECANS		
DISEASES CONTROLLED	RATE PER ACRE	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Scab (<i>Cladosporium caryigenum</i>) Downy spot, Leaf blotch (<i>Mycosphaerella spp.</i>) Vein spot and/or Liver spot (<i>Gnomonia spp.</i>) Powdery mildew (<i>Microsphaera penicillata</i>) Brown spot (<i>Cercospora fusca</i>) Zonate leaf spot (<i>Cristulariella moricola</i>)	6.0 - 8.5 fl. oz. (0.09-0.126 lb a.i.)	Apply this product at intervals of 14 to 21 days, beginning when conditions are favorable for scab or other foliage and nut hull diseases. Apply in adequate water to provide complete coverage. Spray volumes of at least 100 gallons per acre should be used for ground applications and at least 10 gallons per acre for aerial applications. See mixing instructions below. Include this product in a disease control program, and alternate applications with a non-triazole fungicide. Lower specified rates may be used when in tank mix with other non-triazole fungicide which is registered for use on pecan.
RESTRICTIONS/LIMITATIONS:		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not apply more than 0.504 lb of tetraconazole a.i. per acre per year (34 fl. oz. product per acre per year). Pre Harvest Interval: 30 days. Restricted entry interval (REI): 12 hours Do not exceed 4 applications per year. Mixing instructions: Do not allow the ratio of water:product in field to exceed 1:1. Fill the spray tank (or chemigation nurse tank) half full with water before adding any product. Do not add product to the spray tank before adding water, this may result in a hazardous chemical reaction. Do not apply after shuck split. Do not graze or feed cover crops grown in treated areas to livestock. 		

SOYBEANS		
DISEASES CONTROLLED	RATE PER ACRE	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Asian Soybean Rust (<i>Phakopsora pachyrhizi</i>) Cercospora Blight (<i>Cercospora kikuchii</i>) Purple Seed Stain (<i>Cercospora kikuchii</i>) Frogeye Leaf Spot (<i>Cercospora sojina</i>) White Mold/Sclerotinia Stem Rot (<i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i>) Powdery Mildew (<i>Microsphaera diffusa</i>) Brown Spot (<i>Septoria glycines</i>) Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum spp.</i>)	4.0-5.0 fl. oz. (0.06-0.075 lb a.i.)	Use this product as part of an integrated pest management program (IPM). Asian Soybean Rust: Apply this product before disease development when rust infections are likely to occur. If necessary, make a second application no later than growth stage R-5. All Other Soybean Diseases: Apply this product at soybean growth stage R-1 (early pod fill) or when conditions are favorable for disease development. Repeat the application 15 to 21 days after first application under heavy disease pressure. Use the higher rate and shorter spray intervals for severe disease conditions. Make curative applications when disease incidence does not exceed 5% of the soybean plants at time of application.
RESTRICTIONS/LIMITATIONS:		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not apply more than 0.15 lb of tetraconazole a.i. per acre per year (10 fl. oz. product per acre per year). Restricted entry interval (REI): 12 hours Do not make more than two (2) applications per year. Do not graze or feed treated forage or hay to livestock. Do not apply after soybean growth stage R5 (beginning seed). Do not harvest immature soybeans for consumption once plants are treated. Do not use on vegetable soybean varieties grown for their immature pods. Apply this product by ground in a minimum 10 gallons per acre, by air in a minimum 2 gallons per acre (5 gallons per acre for white mold and Asian soybean rust) or by chemigation in sufficient water to obtain thorough coverage of soybeans. Mixing instructions: Do not allow the ratio of water:product in field to exceed 1:1. Fill the spray tank (or chemigation nurse tank) half full with water before adding any product. Do not add product to the spray tank before adding water, this may result in a hazardous chemical reaction. 		
TANK MIX INFORMATION:		
Always read and follow all label directions when using any pesticide alone or in a tankmix. The most restrictive label language applies when tank mixing this product with another. The following soybean pesticides can be used in a tank mixture with this product if their label does not prohibit tank mixing: Liberty®/LibertyLink®, Roundup®/Roundup Ready®, Targa®, Headline®, Quadris®, Asana®, Baythroid®, Justice®, Lorsban®, Mustang® Max, Orthene®, Pounce®, Proaxis®, and Warrior®.		

CHEMIGATION INSTRUCTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

Apply this product only through one or more of the following types of systems: sprinkler (including center pivot), lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set or hand move irrigation system. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

For specific information about calibration, contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other irrigation experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make the necessary adjustments should the need arise.

To prevent the movement of this product into the soil:

- Minimize pesticide contact with the soil surface by chemigating above the crop canopy.
- Stop chemigation when pesticide mixture is observed running off crop surfaces or after 0.25 inches of water has been applied, whichever occurs first.
- Allow for sufficient time after chemigation for crop surfaces to dry prior to expected rainfall or to irrigation applied above the crop canopy.

Sprinkler Chemigation

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump motor when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

When mixing, fill nurse tank half full with water. Add this product slowly to tank while hydraulic or mechanical agitation is operating and continue filling with water. Stickers, spreaders, etc. should be added last. If compatibility is in question, use the compatibility jar test before mixing a whole tank.

Because of the wide variety of possible combinations which can be encountered, observe all cautions and limitations on the label of all products used in mixtures.

Add this product through a traveling irrigation system continuously or at the last 30 minutes of solid set or hand moved irrigation systems. Agitation is recommended.

AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment-and-weather related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

1. The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed $\frac{3}{4}$ the length of the wingspan or rotor.
2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

AERIAL DRIFT REDUCTION INFORMATION

INFORMATION ON DROPLET SIZE

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable conditions (see the **WIND**, and **TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY** sections).

CONTROLLING DROPLET SIZE

- Volume - Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure - Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of nozzles - Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle orientation - Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle type - Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift potential.

BOOM LENGTH

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than $\frac{3}{4}$ of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

WIND

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning.

Their presence generator. Sm indicates good

APPLICATION

Applications should be made at a height that is

SWATH ADJUR

When applicator displacement l

PESTICIDE S PESTICIDE D

Container H:

Containers - contents into app into applicati recycling, if a

Containers : contents into one complete times. Empty or puncture a

Bulk Contair

sponsibility o from this con or pump rinse that have bec damage such or leaking. If

If the contain

- Cover spill
- Sweep into
- Wash area
- Do not allo
- Dispose of
- If not returne with state an

Conditions of : the purposes of instructions, or with applicable Oxon Italia S.p ASSUME ALL I MAKE ANY OTI

Headline® is a Baythroid®, La Lorsban® is a i Asana® is a re Mustang® and Justice®, Onag Roundup® and Targa® is a reg Orthene® is a i Callisto®, Hale.

EPA 09272016

make the Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

APPLICATION HEIGHT

Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

SWATH ADJUSTMENT

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase with increasing drift potential (higher wind, small drops, etc.).

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container in a dry, temperature-controlled, secure place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on-site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Handling

Containers < 5 Gallons: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Containers ≥ 5 Gallons: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Bulk Containers: Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. When the container is empty, replace the cap and seal all openings that have been opened during use and return to the point of purchase or to a designated location named at the time of purchase of this product. Prior to refilling, inspect carefully for damage such as cracks, punctures, abrasions, worn out threads and closure devices. Check for leaks after refilling and before transporting. Do not transport if this container is damaged or leaking. If the container is damaged or leaking, call CHEMTREC at (800) 424-9300.

If the container is damaged and leaking or material has been spilled, follow these procedures:

- Cover spill with absorbent material.
- Sweep into disposal container.
- Wash area with detergent and water and follow with clean water rinse.
- Do not allow to contaminate water supplies.
- Dispose of according to instructions.

If not returned to the point of purchase or to a designated location, clean empty container as instructed above and offer for recycling. Disposal of this container must be in compliance with state and local regulations.

THIS CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED OR DRINKING WATER

WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF DAMAGES

Conditions of sale: To the extent consistent with applicable law, Oxon Italia S.p.A. warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with the directions under normal conditions of use. This warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to Oxon Italia S.p.A. Oxon Italia S.p.A. DISCLAIMS ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED. To the extent consistent with applicable law, Oxon Italia S.p.A. SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL, OR INDIRECT DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, AND Oxon Italia S.p.A. SOLE LIABILITY AND BUYER'S AND USER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY SHALL BE LIMITED TO THE REFUND OF THE PURCHASE PRICE. BUYER AND USER ACKNOWLEDGE AND ASSUME ALL RISKS AND LIABILITY RESULTING FROM HANDLING, STORAGE AND USE OF THIS PRODUCT. Oxon Italia S.p.A. DOES NOT AUTHORIZE ANY AGENT OR REPRESENTATIVE TO MAKE ANY OTHER WARRANTY, GUARANTEE OR REPRESENTATION CONCERNING THIS PRODUCT.

Headline® is a registered trademark of BASF Ag Products
Baythroid®, Laudis®, Liberty®, and LibertyLink® are registered trademarks of Bayer
Lorsban® is a registered trademark of Dow AgroSciences LLC
Asana® is a registered trademark of Dupont Crop Protection
Mustang® and Proaxis® are registered trademarks of FMC Corporation Agricultural Products Group
Justice®, Onager®, and Yukon® are registered trademarks of Gowan Company LLC
Roundup® and RoundupReady® are registered trademarks of Monsanto Company
Targa® is a registered trademark of Nissan Chemical Industries, LTD
Orthene® is a registered trademark of OMS Investments, Inc.
Callisto®, Halex®, Lexar®, Lumax®, Quadris®, and Warrior® are registered trademarks of Syngenta Crop Protection LLC

EPA 09272016

For Contr

ACTIVE
Tetraconaz
OTHER
TOTAL
Contains 1

IF SWAL

Have the pr
Emergen
Numbers

NET CO

EPA Registra
EPA Est. No.
EPA Est. No.
EPA Est. No.

Andiamo™ 230 Fungicide

Group 3 Fungicide



FUNGICIDE

For Control and/or Suppression of the listed diseases in Corn, Pecans, and Soybeans.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:		
Tetraconazole: 1-[2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-3-(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethoxy) propyl]-1H-1,2,4-triazole	20.5%	
OTHER INGREDIENTS		79.5%
TOTAL		100.0%
Contains 1.9 pounds of tetraconazole per gallon.		

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.
(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail).

FIRST AID

IF SWALLOWED:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.	
Emergency Phone Numbers	(800) 424-9300 CHEMTREC (transportation and spills) (800) 222-1222 Poison Control Center
<i>See additional Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use inside booklet.</i>	

NET CONTENTS: 2.5 Gallons (9.46 L)

Manufactured for:
OXON ITALIA S.p.A.
Via Sempione, 195 - 20016 PERÒ
MILANO - ITALY

2.5G

EPA Registration No. 35915-20
EPA Est. No. 70815-GA-001 (Lot No. begins with CB)
EPA Est. No. 60063-GA-001 (Lot No. begins with VL)
EPA Est. No. 086555-MO-001 (Lot No. begins with AF)

For product information, please call 877-898-9514
EPA 20171019 (12/18).

READ THE LABEL
CAREFULLY
BEFORE OPENING
THE CONTAINER

PROOF

THIS PROOF IS TO BE CHECKED FOR ACCURACY

Please review and approve **Text, Spelling, Copy Placement, Size, Shape, Colors** and **Dieline**.

Authorized signature accepts responsibility for accuracy of all copy, color break and artwork. Cimarron Label is not liable for any discrepancies subsequently identified.

PLEASE NOTE: Due to color variance between printers/monitors, the colors represented by this proof cannot be deemed accurate. Please refer to a color matching system such as the Pantone Matching System for a truer representation of spot colors.


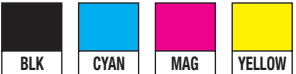

THIS PROOF IS NOT ACCURATE FOR COLOR-MATCH.

Dieline does not print.

 **Cimarron Label**

Experts in Extended Text Labeling

4201 North Westport Ave. • Sioux Falls, SD 57107
Phone: (605) 978-0451 • Fax: (605) 978-0463

DATE	JOB NUMBER	CUSTOMER
12/13/18	148738	SIPCAM
LABEL SIZE	LEAFLET FOLDED SIZE	LEAFLET FLAT SIZE
6.75" x 6.75"	6.75" x 6.0"	6.75" x 17.8125"
LABEL COLORS	LEAFLET "OUT" COLORS	LEAFLET "IN" COLORS
 BLK CYAN MAG YELLOW	 BLK CYAN MAG YELLOW	 BLK
PATTERN VARNISH: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO		

Form: CS 006L - 11/8/2011

ARTWORK IS APPROVED

REVISED PROOF NEEDED

**WE CANNOT PROCESS
THIS ORDER WITHOUT AN
AUTHORIZED SIGNATURE**

Signed _____ Date _____