

FLUTOLANIL	GROUP 7	FUNGICIDE
PROPICONAZOLE	GROUP 3	FUNGICIDE

ARTISAN[®]

FUNGICIDE

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Flutolanil: Benzamide, N-[3-(1-methylethoxy)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)- **32.0%**

Propiconazole: 1H-1,2,4-triazole, 1-[[2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-4-propyl-1,3-dioxolan-2-yl]methyl]- **6.0%**

OTHER INGREDIENTS: **62.0%**

TOTAL **100.0%**

Contains 3.0 lbs flutolanil and 0.6 lb propiconazole as active ingredients per U.S. gallon

EPA Reg. No. 71711-17

EPA Est. No. ^(E)39578-TX-1 ^(CB)70815-GA-001
 superscript corresponds with lot number

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
 CAUTION**

See inside booklet for First Aid, Precautionary Statements, and Directions for Use

NET CONTENTS: 2.5 gallons

150516
 05/19

**NICHINO
 AMERICA[®]**

Nichino America, Inc.
 4550 Linden Hill Road, Suite 501
 Wilmington, DE 19808

FIRST AID

If in eyes

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

HOTLINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. For additional information on this pesticide product, including human health concerns and medical emergencies, you may call 1-800-348-5832. In case of fire or spills, information may be obtained by calling 1-800-424-9300.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.

HANDLER PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Protective eyewear (safety glasses)
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, polyvinyl chloride, or Viton™
- Shoes plus socks

User Safety Requirements

Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6)].

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish, shrimp, and aquatic invertebrates. For terrestrial uses, except when applying over rice crops, do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas.

This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rainwater. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow groundwater.

This product is classified as having a high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several months or more after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features including ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of **ARTISAN®** fungicide from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall or irrigation is expected to occur within 48 hours.

ENDANGERED SPECIES RESTRICTIONS

Restrictions in the State of Arkansas

The use of **ARTISAN** fungicide on rice is restricted to protect the endangered fat pocketbook pearly mussel (*Potamilus capax*) and its habitat. Use is prohibited in the following areas of Arkansas:

Mississippi County: Within the basin that drains directly into the Right Hand Chute of Little River, south of Big Lake National Refuge.

Poinsett County: Between Crowley's Ridge and the levee east of the Right Hand Chute of Little River and the St. Francis Floodway. Use is also prohibited west of Rt. 140 and north of Rt. 63 at the SIPHON near Marked Tree, except that the prohibited area does not include the area bounded by Arkansas Highway 373 on the west, Highway 63 on the east, and Highway 14 on the south.

Cross, St. Francis, and Lee Counties: Between Crowley's Ridge and the levee east of the Right Hand Chute of Little River and the St. Francis Floodway as far south as the confluence of L'Anquille River (Lee County).

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.

For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the state or tribal agency responsible for pesticide regulation. Do not allow adults, children, or pets to enter area until sprays have dried.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

For early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated including plants, soil, or water, wear:

- Coveralls
- Protective eyewear
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, polyvinyl chloride, or Viton
- Shoes plus socks

PRODUCT INFORMATION

ARTISAN fungicide is a systemic fungicide for control of soil-borne and foliar diseases. **ARTISAN** fungicide controls White mold, Southern stem rot, Southern blight (*Sclerotium rolfsii*); the Limb/Pod rot complex caused by *Rhizoctonia solani*; Early leaf spot (*Cercospora arachidicola*); and Late leaf spot (*Cercosporidium personatum*) in peanuts and Sheath blight (*Rhizoctonia solani*) in rice.

Not for Sale, Sale Into, Distribution, and/or Use in Nassau and Suffolk Counties of New York State.

ROTATIONAL CROP RESTRICTIONS

Crop/Crop Group	Plantback Timing
Cotton Peanuts Potatoes Rice Soybeans	0 days following application
Wheat	30 days following application
Leafy vegetables (including lettuce, spinach, or celery)	
Small grain crops, other than wheat (including barley, rye, or oats)	150 days following application
Corn (including field, sweet, or popcorn)	
Sorghum	240 days following application
All other crops	365 days following application

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

For resistance management, please note, the Flutolanil component of **ARTISAN** fungicide belongs to the succinate dehydrogenase inhibitor class ((FRAC Group 7). The Propiconazole component of **ARTISAN** fungicide belongs to the sterol biosynthesis inhibitor class (FRAC Group 3). Any fungal population may contain individuals naturally resistant to **ARTISAN** fungicide and other Group 7 or Group 3 fungicides. A gradual or total loss of pest control may occur over time if these fungicides are used repeatedly in the same fields. Nichino America, Inc. encourages responsible product stewardship to ensure effective long-term control of the fungal diseases on this label. Appropriate resistance management strategies should be followed.

To delay fungicide/bactericide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of **ARTISAN** fungicide or other Group (FRAC Groups 7 or 3) fungicides within a growing season sequence with different groups that control the same pathogens.
- Use tank mixtures with fungicides from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is permitted. Use at least the minimum application rate as labeled by the manufacturer.
- Adopt an integrated disease management program for fungicide use that includes scouting, uses historical information related to pesticide use, and crop rotation and which considers host plant resistance, impact of environmental conditions on disease development, disease thresholds, as well as cultural, biological and other chemical control practices.
- Where possible, make use of predictive disease models to effectively time fungicide applications. Note that using predictive models alone is not sufficient to manage resistance.
- Monitor treated fungal populations for resistance development.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisor for any additional pesticide resistance management and/or IPM recommendations for specific crops and pathogens.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

Thorough coverage is necessary to provide good disease control. Applications using sufficient water volume to provide thorough and uniform coverage generally provide the most effective disease control.

Ground Application - Apply **ARTISAN** fungicide by ground equipment in a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre.

Aerial Application - Apply by fixed-wing aircraft equipment in a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply under conditions where uniform coverage cannot be obtained or where excessive spray drift may occur. Do not apply directly to humans or animals.

Chemigation - **ARTISAN** fungicide may be applied alone or in combination with other products which are registered for application through irrigation systems. Apply this product only through center pivot, solid set, hand move, or moving wheel irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Crop injury, lack of performance, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. If you have questions about calibration, contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts. Do not connect an irrigation system used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Using Water from Public Water Systems

DO NOT APPLY **ARTISAN** FUNGICIDE THROUGH ANY IRRIGATION SYSTEM PHYSICALLY CONNECTED TO A PUBLIC WATER SYSTEM. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year. **ARTISAN** fungicide may be applied through irrigation systems which may be supplied by a public water system **only** if the water from the public water system is discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and to top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe. Before beginning chemigation, always make sure that the air gap exists and that there is no blockage of the overflow of the reservoir tank.

Any irrigation system using water supplied from a public water system must also meet the following requirements:

Operating Instructions For All Directed Types Of Irrigation Systems

1. The system must be calibrated to uniformly apply the rates specified. If you have questions about calibration, contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.
2. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
3. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
4. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
5. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
6. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
7. Systems must use a metering pump; for example, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump), effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
8. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended.

Chemigation Calibration and Application Instructions

Apply **ARTISAN** fungicide under the schedule specified in the specific crop use directions, not according to the irrigation schedule unless the events coincide.

Set the equipment to apply the minimum amount of water per acre. Run the system at 85 - 90% of the manufacturer's maximum rated travel speed.

The following calibration and application techniques are provided for user reference, but do not constitute a warranty of fitness for application through sprinkler irrigation equipment. Check with state and local regulatory agencies for potential use restrictions before applying any agricultural chemical through sprinkler irrigation equipment.

Center Pivot Irrigation Equipment

Notes: (1) Use only drive systems which provide uniform water distribution. (2) Do not use end guns when chemigating **ARTISAN** fungicide through center pivot systems because of non-uniform application. (3) Plug the first nozzle closest to the well head to protect the water source.

1. Determine the size of the area to be treated.
2. Determine the time required to apply $\frac{1}{4}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ inch water over the area to be treated when the system and injection equipment are operated at normal pressures as directed by the equipment manufacturer. Run the system at 80 - 95% of the manufacturer's rated maximum travel speed.
3. Using water, determine the injection pump output when operated at normal line pressure.
4. Determine the amount of **ARTISAN** fungicide and any tankmix partners required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.
5. Add the required amount of **ARTISAN** fungicide, any tankmix partners, and sufficient water to meet the injection time requirements to the solution tank. (See **Mixing Directions** section of this label).
6. Make sure the system is fully charged with water before starting injection of the **ARTISAN** fungicide solution. Time the injection to last at least as long as it takes to bring the system to full pressure.
7. Maintain constant agitation in the solution tank during the injection period.
8. Inject the specified amount of **ARTISAN** fungicide per acre continuously for one complete revolution of the system.
9. Stop the injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until the **ARTISAN** fungicide solution has cleared all of the sprinkler heads.
10. Allow time for all lines to flush the pesticide through all nozzles before turning off irrigation water.

Solid Set, Hand Move, and Moving Wheel Irrigation Equipment

1. Determine the acreage covered by the sprinklers.
2. Fill injector solution tank with plain water and calibrate the flow rate of the system to deliver the contents of the tank over a 20 - 40 minute time interval.
3. Determine the amount of **ARTISAN** fungicide required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.
4. Add the required amount of **ARTISAN** fungicide and any other tankmix partners into the same quantity of water used to calibrate the injection period. (See **Mixing Directions** section of this label).
5. Operate the system at the same pressure and time interval established during the calibration.
6. Inject specified amount of **ARTISAN** fungicide per acre for: (1) a 20 - 40 minute period at the end of a regular irrigation set, or, (2) as a 20 - 40 minute injection as a separate application not associated with a regular irrigation to maximize retention of the fungicide by the foliage.
7. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until the **ARTISAN** fungicide solution has cleared the last sprinkler head. To ensure lines are flushed and free from remaining pesticides, a dye indicator may be injected into the lines to mark the end of the application period.

SPRAY EQUIPMENT

Equip sprayers with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application. Be certain that nozzles are the same size and uniformly spaced across the boom. Calibrate sprayer before use. Use a pump with the capacity to: (1) maintain a minimum of 35 psi at nozzles and (2) provide sufficient agitation in the tank to keep the mixture in suspension - this requires recirculation of 10% of the tank volume per minute. Use a jet agitator or liquid sparge tube for agitation. Use screens to protect the pump and to prevent nozzles from clogging. Screens placed on the suction side of the pump must be **16-mesh or coarser**. Do not place a screen in the recirculation line. Use 50-mesh or coarser screens between the pump and boom, and where required, at nozzles. Check nozzle manufacturers' specifications. For information on spray equipment and calibration, consult sprayer manufacturers and state directions. For specific local directions and spray schedules, consult the current state agricultural experiment station specifications.

MIXING DIRECTIONS

Shake well before using. Prepare no more spray mixture than is needed for the immediate operation. Thoroughly clean spray equipment before using this product. Vigorous agitation is necessary for proper dispersal of the product. Maintain maximum agitation throughout the spraying operation. Do not let the spray mixture stand overnight in the spray tank. Flush the spray equipment thoroughly following each use and apply the rinsate to a previously treated area.

ARTISAN Fungicide Alone: Add ½ of the required amount of water to the mix tank. With the agitator running, pour specified amount of product on the surface of the water in the spray tank. Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water. Begin application of the solution after the **ARTISAN** fungicide has completely dispersed into the mix water. Maintain agitation until all of the mixture has been applied.

ARTISAN Fungicide Tank Mixtures: Begin with clean equipment. Fill spray tank with ¾ of the amount of water needed for the intended application and turn on agitation. If using a buffering agent, add after filling the tank with ¾ amount of water. Add the required amount of tankmix products in the following order while maintaining agitation:

- 1) products in water-soluble packets
- 2) wettable powders
- 3) water-dispersible granulars and/or soluble powders
- 4) flowable liquids (including **ARTISAN** fungicide)
- 5) emulsifiable concentrates
- 6) adjuvants and/or oils
- 7) remaining amount of water to achieve the desired level

Keep agitation running during filling and spraying operations. If spraying must be stopped before emptying the sprayer, resume agitation before spraying the remainder of the load. Do not let the spray mixture stand overnight in the spray tank.

Note: When using **ARTISAN** fungicide in tank mixtures, add all products in water-soluble packaging to the tank before any other tankmix partner, including **ARTISAN** fungicide. Allow the water-soluble packaging to completely dissolve and the product(s) to completely disperse before adding any other tankmix partner to the tank.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture. Do not mix this product with any product which prohibits such mixing. Tank mixtures or other applications of products referenced on this label are permitted only in those states in which the referenced products are labeled.

ARTISAN fungicide is compatible with most insecticide, fungicide, and foliar nutrient products. However, test the physical compatibility with tankmix partners before use. To determine the physical compatibility with other products, use a jar test, as described below:

Using a quart jar, add the proportionate amounts of the products to 1 qt. of water. Add wettable powders and water-dispersible granular products first, then liquid flowables, and emulsifiable concentrates last. After thoroughly mixing, let stand for at least 5 minutes. If the combination remains mixed or can be remixed readily, it is physically compatible. Once compatibility has been proven, use the same procedure for adding required ingredients to the spray tank.

THE CROP SAFETY OF ALL POTENTIAL TANKMIXES, INCLUDING ADDITIVES AND OTHER PESTICIDES, ON ALL CROPS HAS NOT BEEN TESTED. BEFORE APPLYING ANY TANK MIXTURE NOT SPECIFIED ON THIS LABEL, CONFIRM THE SAFETY TO THE TARGET CROP.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Spray equipment and weather affect spray drift. Consider all factors when making application decisions. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed. Avoiding spray drift is the responsibility of the applicator or grower. To reduce the potential for drift, the application equipment must be set to apply medium or larger droplets (i.e. ASABE Standard 572) with corresponding spray pressure. Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume, using the appropriate droplet size to ensure adequate canopy distribution, coverage, and penetration. With most nozzle types, narrow spray angles produce larger droplets. Follow the nozzle manufacturer's directions on pressure, orientation, spray volume, etc., to minimize drift and optimize coverage and control.

A variety of factors including weather conditions (e.g. wind direction, wind speed, temperature, relative humidity) and method of application can influence pesticide drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

All application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers or surrogates.

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops.

1. The boom length must not exceed 75% of the wingspan or 90% of the rotor blade diameter.
2. Release spray at the lowest height consistent with efficacy and flight safety. Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety.
3. When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath must be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this displacement at the up and downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.

Applicators must follow all state and local pesticide drift requirements regarding application of this product.

Information on Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see **Wind, Temperature and Humidity**, and **Temperature Inversions**). Apply as a medium or coarser spray (ASABE Standard 572).

Controlling Droplet Size

Volume – Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.

Pressure – Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's specified pressures. For many nozzle types, lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

Number of Nozzles – Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

Nozzle Orientation – Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the directed practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

Nozzle Type – Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Maintenance of Nozzles – Periodically inspect and then replace nozzles to ensure proper chemical application.

Boom Length

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than $\frac{3}{4}$ of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

Application Height

Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. For ground boom application, do not apply with a nozzle height greater than 4 feet above the crop canopy. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downward. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Increase swath adjustment distance with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.).

Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given wind speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. Do not apply at wind speeds greater than 15 mph.

Note: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light and variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. If applying at wind speeds less than 3 mph, the applicator must determine if: (a) conditions of temperature inversion exist or (b) stable atmospheric conditions exist at or below nozzle height. Do not make applications into areas of temperature inversions or stable atmospheric conditions.

Sensitive Areas

Only apply the pesticide when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, nontarget crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

APPLICATION RATE CHART

Peanut		
Disease	Rate/Acre	Directions for Use
White mold, Southern stem rot, Southern blight (<i>Sclerotium rolfsii</i>) Limb/Pod rot complex (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>) Early leaf spot (<i>Cercospora arachidicola</i>) Late leaf spot (<i>Cercosporidium personatum</i>)	26.0 to 32.0 fl oz/acre	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For ground application, use a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre. • For aerial application, use a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. • Use the higher rate of ARTISAN fungicide in fields where known heavy infestations of white mold or other diseases listed on this label have occurred. • Begin applications approximately 45 to 60 days after planting, depending on disease development. Initial application may be prior to or at first sign of disease. • Make sequential applications as needed at 21 to 30 day intervals, depending on severity of disease. • Make an application of a different leaf spot fungicide, other than ARTISAN fungicide, 14 days after the initial application of ARTISAN fungicide.
	13.0 to 21.0 fl oz/acre as a tank mixture with 0.75 lb active ingredient chlorothalonil per acre (see table below)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For ground application, use a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre. • For aerial application, use a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. • Use the higher rate of ARTISAN fungicide in fields where known heavy infestations of white mold or other diseases listed on this label have occurred. • Begin applications approximately 45 to 60 days after planting, depending on disease development. Initial application may be prior to or at first sign of disease. • Make sequential applications as needed at 10 to 14 day intervals. • ARTISAN fungicide plus chlorothalonil also may be used in state agricultural extension advisory (disease forecasting) programs which specify application timing based on environmental factors favorable for disease development.
USE RESTRICTIONS <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not apply more than 84.0 fl oz per acre of ARTISAN fungicide per calendar year. • Do not apply within 40 days of harvest. 		

Use the table below as a guide to determine the amount of product needed for the required tankmix ratios of ARTISAN fungicide with various chlorothalonil formulations.

Number of acres to be treated	Amount of ARTISAN fungicide required for treated area	Amount of chlorothalonil product required for treated area by formulation	
		6 lbs. a.i. per gallon	4.17 lbs. a.i. per gallon
1	13.0 to 21.0 fl oz	1.0 pint	1.5 pints
5	65.0 to 105.0 fl oz	5.0 pints	7.5 pints
10	(8.0 pt + 2.0 fl oz) to (13.0 pt + 2.0 fl oz)	10.0 pints	15.0 pints
50	(40.0 pt + 10.0 fl oz) to (65.0 pt + 10.0 fl oz)	50.0 pints	75.0 pints

Rice		
Disease	Rate/Acre	Directions for Use
Sheath blight (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	40.0 fl oz/acre	One Application Program <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For aerial application, use a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. ARTISAN fungicide must be applied by air. Apply 7 to 14 days after panicle differentiation.
	20.0 fl oz/acre	Two Application Program <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For aerial application, use a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. ARTISAN fungicide must be applied by air. Apply 7 to 14 days after panicle differentiation and follow with a second application 10 to 14 days later.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- Do not apply more than 40.0 fl oz per acre per calendar year.
- Do not apply within 35 days prior to harvest or beyond 75% heading development stage, whichever occurs first.
- Do not use on rice in California.
- In Arkansas, do not use on rice in areas of the following counties: Mississippi, Poinsett, Cross, St. Francis, and Lee.
- Do not apply to stubble or ratoon crop rice.
- Do not use in rice fields where commercial farming of crayfish will be practiced.
- Do not drain water from treated rice fields into ponds used for commercial fish farming.
- Do not use water drained from treated fields to irrigate other crops.
- Do not apply more than 0.34 lb. a.i. propiconazole-containing products/acre per year.
- Do not release flood water within 7 days of an application.
- This pesticide is toxic to shrimp. Do not apply this product within three miles of any estuarine/marine waterways or watershed.
- Flooded fields may be used for aquaculture of crayfish only following rice harvest.

NOTE: This product may have effects on endangered species. When using this product, you must follow the measures contained in the Endangered Species Protection Bulletin for the county in which you are applying the product. To obtain Bulletins, no more than six months before using this product, consult <http://www.epa.gov/espp/> or call 1-800-447-3813. You must use the Bulletin valid for the month in which you will apply the product.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

STORAGE: Store in the original container and keep tightly closed when not in use. Store in a cool, dry place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container $\frac{1}{4}$ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then, offer for recycling if available, or reconditioning if appropriate, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following conditions, warranty, disclaimer of warranties and limitations of liability.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be accurate and must be followed carefully. However, because of extreme weather and soil conditions, use methods and other factors beyond the control of Nichino America, Inc. (NAI), it is impossible for NAI to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. As a result, crop injury or ineffectiveness is always possible. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks are assumed by the user or buyer.

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