

GROUP	14	HERBICIDE
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Avalanche[®] Ultra Herbicide

For use on peanuts, rice, soybeans, and strawberries

ACTIVE INGREDIENT	
Sodium salt of acifluorfen*.....	20.1%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:.....	79.9%
TOTAL.....	100.0%

* Equivalent to 2 pounds of active ingredient per gallon.

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
DANGER/PELIGRO**

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

FIRST AID	
IF IN EYES:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF SWALLOWED:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
IF INHALED:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
Hotline Number: Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For emergency medical assistance, contact the Rocky Mountain Poison Control Center at 1-877-424-7452.	
Note to Physician: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. ANTIDOTE—No specific antidote is available. Treat symptomatically.	

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY: Spill, leak, fire, exposure, or accident, call CHEMTREC at 1-800-424-9300

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS**

DANGER

Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through the skin, or inhaled. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Avoid contact with skin and breathing vapor or spray mist.

EPA Reg. No. 70506-60-1381

EPA Est. No.

Distributed By:
Winfield Solutions, LLC
P.O. Box 64589
St. Paul, MN 55164-0589

Net Contents: 2.5 gallons

1/0111/3

WINFIELD[™]

AgriSOLUTIONS[™]

PERSONAL PROTECTION EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical resistant to this product are made of any waterproof material. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Mixers, Loaders and Applicators must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves.
- Goggles or face shield

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not re-use them.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls Statement

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or cockpits in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark, except as specified on this label for application to rice. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from target area.

GROUND WATER ADVISORY

Sodium acifluorfen is known to leach through soil to groundwater under certain conditions as a result of label use. Use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable (sandy or sandy/loamy soils) and water tables are shallow could result in contamination of groundwater. Use of irrigated water in such areas will increase the likelihood of groundwater contamination.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other people, either directly or through drift. Only handlers wearing PPE may be in the treatment area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation. This pesticide is toxic to vascular plants and should be used strictly in accordance with the drift and run-off precautions on this label to minimize off-site exposures. All applicable directions, restrictions, precautions and **Conditions of Sale and Warranty** are to be followed. This labeling must be in the user's possession during application.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of **48 hours**.

The following PPE is required for early entry into treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water

- Coveralls over long sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Chemical resistant footwear plus socks
- Chemical resistant headgear if overhead exposure
- Protective eyewear

Notify workers of pesticide application by warning them orally and by posting warning signs at entrances to treated areas.

I. GENERAL INFORMATION

Avalanche® Ultra herbicide is intended for selective postemergence control of certain broadleaf weeds and grasses in peanuts, soybeans, strawberries, and rice.

Crop Tolerance

All listed crops are tolerant to **Avalanche® Ultra** at all stages of growth listed. Leaf speckling may occur, but plants generally outgrow this condition within 10 days. New growth is normal and crop vigor is not reduced.

Cleaning Spray Equipment

Clean application equipment thoroughly by using a strong detergent or commercial spray cleaner according to the manufacturer's directions and then triple rinsing the equipment before and after applying this product.

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Herbicide Resistance

Avalanche® Ultra is a Group 14 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to **Avalanche® Ultra** and other Group 14 herbicides. Weed species with acquired resistance to Group 14 may eventually dominate the weed population if Group 14 herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field or in successive years as the primary method of control for targeted species. This may result in partial or total loss of control of those species by **Avalanche® Ultra** or other Group 14 herbicides.

To delay herbicide resistance consider:

- Avoiding the consecutive use of **Avalanche® Ultra** or other target site of action Group 14 herbicides that have a similar target site of action, on the same weed species.
- Using tank-mixtures or premixes with herbicides from different target site of action Groups as long as the involved products are all registered for the same use, have different sites of action, and are both effective at the tank mix or prepack rate on the weed(s) of concern.
- Basing herbicide use on a comprehensive IPM program.
- Monitoring treated weed populations for loss of field efficacy.

- Contacting your local extension specialist, certified crop advisors, and/or manufacturer for herbicide resistance management and/or integrated weed management recommendations for specific crops and resistant weed biotypes.

II. APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Apply recommended rates of **Avalanche® Ultra** as follows unless instructed differently in section **VI. Crop-Specific Information**. Applications can be made to actively growing weeds as aerial banding or broadcast applications at the rates and growth stages listed in **Table 4. Application Rates for Avalanche® Ultra herbicide – Peanuts and Soybeans** and in **VI. Crop-Specific Information** for rice and strawberries. The most effective control will result from making postemergence applications of **Avalanche® Ultra** early, when weeds are small. Early application to weeds results in improved weed control, allows use of the lower rate (depending on weed species), and makes thorough spray coverage easier to obtain. Delaying application permits weeds to exceed the maximum size stated and will prevent adequate control.

Irrigation

In irrigated areas, it may be necessary to irrigate before treatment to ensure active weed growth. Weeds growing under drought conditions usually are not adequately controlled.

Spray Coverage

Weeds must be thoroughly covered with spray. Always use an adequate volume of spray solution to ensure thorough coverage. Dense leaf canopies shelter smaller weeds and can prevent adequate spray coverage.

Cultivation

Do not cultivate within 5 days before or 7 days after applying **Avalanche® Ultra herbicide**.

Aerial Application Methods and Equipment

Water Volume: Use a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre. A minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre has been effective where adequate coverage can be achieved.

Spray Pressure: Use up to 40 psi.

Application Equipment: Use only diaphragm-type nozzles that produce cone or fan-spray spray patterns.

Special Directions for Aerial Application

To obtain uniform coverage and to avoid drift hazards, consult the Spray Drift Management section below.

Ground Application (Banding)

Follow **Ground Application (Broadcast)** instructions for band applications. When row banding equipment is used, adjust it to provide maximum coverage of weeds in the row. Thorough coverage of the weeds can be obtained with two nozzles directed from either side of the crop row toward the weeds in the center rows. The minimum band width is 15 inches with a minimum of 15 gallons of water per acre on the band. Do not apply with a single nozzle over the row.

Ground Application Methods and Equipment (Broadcast)

Water Volume: Use 10-20 gallons of spray solution per broadcast acre for optimal performance. Increase water volume up to 50 gallons if crop or weed foliage is dense. For strawberries, use 20-40 gallons of spray solution per broadcast acre.

Spray Pressure: Use a minimum of 40 psi (measured at the boom, not at the pump or in the line).

Note: When using the lower water volume (i.e. 10 gallons per acre) or when crop and weed foliage is dense, use a minimum of 60 psi for best results.

Application Equipment: Use standard high-pressure pesticide flat fan or hollow cone nozzles spaced up to 20 inches apart. Do not use flood, whirl chamber, or controlled droplet applicator (CDA) nozzles as erratic coverage can cause inconsistent weed control. Do not use selective application equipment such as recirculating sprayers or wiper applicators.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Use best practices to avoid drift to all other crops and non-target areas. Do not apply when conditions favor drift from target areas. The interaction of many equipment and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The applicator must follow the most restrictive use precautions to avoid drift, including those found in this labeling as well as applicable state and local regulations and ordinances. A drift control agent may reduce drift, however, it may also decrease weed control.

Requirements for ground applications:

For ground applications, adjust nozzle height and droplet size with wind speed according to the following table:

Wind speed	Nozzle height	Droplet size for standard nozzles (ASAE standard 572)
Less than 10 mph	Up to 2 feet	medium or coarser
	2-4 feet	coarse or coarser
	4-6 feet	very coarse or coarser
10 to 15 mph	0-2 feet	coarse or coarser
	2-4 feet	very coarse or coarser
	4-6 feet	extremely coarse

Do not apply when the wind speed exceeds 15 miles per hour. Do not apply at a nozzle height of greater than 6 feet above the ground or crop canopy. Apply as a medium or coarser spray (ASAE standard 572).

Requirements for aerial applications:

For aerial applications, apply only when the wind speed is less than or equal to 15 miles per hour using a release height of no more than 10 feet above the ground or crop canopy. If the wind speed is less than 10 mph, apply as a medium or coarser spray (ASAE standard 572). If the wind speed is between 10 mph and 15 mph, apply as a coarse or coarser spray (ASAE standard 572). The boom length must not exceed 75% of the wingspan or 90% of the rotor blade diameter. Do not make aerial applications into temperature inversions. When aerial applications are made with a cross-wind, the swath will be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this displacement at the downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.

III. MIXING INFORMATION

Mixing Order

1. **Water.** Begin by agitating a thoroughly clean sprayer tank three-quarters full of clean water.
2. **Agitation.** Maintain constant agitation throughout mixing and application.
3. **Products in PVA Bags.** Place any product contained in water-soluble PVA bags into the mixing tank. Wait until all water-soluble PVA bags have fully dissolved and the product is evenly mixed in the spray tank before continuing.
4. **Water dispersible products** (such as dry flowables, wettable powders, suspension concentrates, or suspo-emulsions). If an inductor is used, rinse it thoroughly after the component has been added.
5. **Water-soluble products** (such as **Avalanche® Ultra**). If an inductor is used, rinse it thoroughly after the component has been added.
6. **Emulsifiable concentrates** (such as oil concentrate when applicable). If an inductor is used, rinse it thoroughly after the component has been added.
7. **Water-soluble additives** (such as AMS or UAN when applicable). If an inductor is used, rinse it thoroughly after the component has been added.
8. **Remaining quantity of water.** Maintain constant agitation during application.

Compatibility Test for Mix Components

Before mixing components, always perform a compatibility jar test. For 20 gallons per acre spray volume, use 3.3 cups (800 ml) of water. For other spray volumes, adjust rates accordingly. Only use water from the intended source at the source temperature.

Add components in the sequence indicated in **Mixing Order** using 2 teaspoons for each pound or 1 teaspoon for each pint of label rate per acre. Always cap the jar and invert 10 cycles between component additions.

When the components have all been added to the jar, let the solution stand for 15 minutes. Evaluate the solution for uniformity and stability. The spray solution should not have free oil on the surface, nor fine particles that precipitate to the bottom, nor thick (clabbered) texture. If the spray solution is not compatible, repeat the compatibility test with the addition of a suitable compatibility agent. If the solution is compatible, use the compatibility agent as directed on its label. If the solution is still incompatible, do not mix the ingredients in the same tank.

See section VI. **Specific Crop Information** for more details. Read and follow the applicable **Restrictions and Limitations** and **Directions for Use** on all products involved in tank mixing. The most restrictive labeling applies to tank mixes. Physical incompatibility, reduced weed control, or crop injury may result from mixing **Avalanche® Ultra** with other pesticides (fungicides, herbicides, insecticides, or miticides), additives, or fertilizers. The user assumes all risks of using tank mixes other than those listed.

IV. ADDITIVES

To achieve consistent weed control, use one of the following additives with **Avalanche® Ultra**:

ammonium sulfate, crop oil concentrate, nonionic surfactant, or urea ammonium nitrate. Use AMS (or UAN) when velvetleaf is a target weed. Additives may cause some leaf burn, but new growth is normal and crop vigor is not reduced. The potential for leaf burn is increased when relative humidity and temperature are high. Consult your local Winfield Solutions, LLC representative for your area. See **Table 2. 3 Additive Rate Per Acre** for additive rates and **Table 1. 2 Additive Options for Avalanche® Ultra herbicide Tank Mixes**.

Ammonium Sulfate (AMS)

AMS is a dry, granular nitrogen-source fertilizer. Use only fine feed-grade or spray-grade AMS because inferior grades of AMS do not dissolve adequately and can plug spray nozzles. Do not apply AMS if applied in less than 10 gallons per acre because of potential problems with precipitation in reduced volumes. Use AMS only if it has been demonstrated to be successful in local experience.

Nonionic Surfactant

The standard label rate is 1-2 pints of an 80% active nonionic spray surfactant per 100 gallons of water. For certain weeds, use the higher spray surfactant rate.

Oil Concentrate

The oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all of the following criteria:

- be nonphytotoxic,
- contain only EPA-exempt ingredients,
- provide good mixing quality in the compatibility test, and
- be successful in local experience.

The exact composition of suitable products will vary; however, vegetable and petroleum oil concentrates should contain emulsifiers to provide good mixing quality. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils.

For additional information, see **Compatibility Test for Mix Components**.

Some oil concentrates cause excessive leaf burn. Refer to your supplier for information concerning successful local experience before purchasing any oil concentrate.

Urea Ammonium Nitrate (UAN)

Commonly referred to as 28%, 30%, or 32% nitrogen solution, UAN may be added in place of other spray additives to improve weed control. Because most nitrogen solutions are mildly corrosive to galvanized, mild steel, and brass spray equipment, rinse the entire spray system with water soon after. Do not use brass or aluminum nozzles when spraying UAN.

Temperature and Relative Humidity Effects

The following standard will help determine the optimum adjuvant rate to use. If the temperature and relative humidity exceed 150 (e.g. temperature of 85°F plus 70% relative humidity = 155), use the lower adjuvant rates.

Table 1. Additive Options for Avalanche® Ultra herbicide Tank Mixes

Additive Options	Nonionic Surfactant (1-2 pints per 100 gallons)	AMS (2.5 pounds) or UAN (4-8 pints per Acre)	Crop Oil Concentrate (1-2 pints per acre)	Nonionic Surfactant (1-2 pints per 100 gallons) + AMS (1-2 pounds per acre) or UAN (2-4 pints per acre)	Crop Oil Concentrate (1 pint per acre) + AMS (1-2 pounds per acre) or UAN (1-2 pints per acre)
Option A	•				
Option B		•			
Option C			•		
Option D				•	
Option E					•

Table 2. Additive Rate Per Acre

Additive	Ground Application	Air Application
Nonionic Surfactant	1-2 pints per 100 gallons	1-2 pints per 100 gallons
AMS	2.5 pounds	2.5 pounds
Oil Concentrate	1-2 pints	1-2 pints
UAN Solution	4-8 pints	4 pints

V. RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

- **Maximum Seasonal Use Rate:** Do not apply more than a total of 2 pints (0.5 lb. a.i.) of **Avalanche® Ultra herbicide** per acre per season for **peanuts**, and **soybeans**, no more than a total of 3 pints (0.75 lb. a.i.) of **Avalanche® Ultra herbicide** per acre per season for **strawberries**, and no more than a total of 1 pint (0.25 lb. a.i.) of **Avalanche® Ultra** per acre per season for **rice**.
- **Maximum Application Use Rate:** Do not apply more than 1.5 pints (0.375 lb. a.i.) of **Avalanche® Ultra** per acre, per application in peanuts, soybeans and strawberries. Do not apply more than 1 pint (0.25 lb. a.i.) of **Avalanche® Ultra** per acre, per application in rice.
- **Preharvest Interval (PHI):** See **Table 3. 4**
- **Restricted Entry Interval (REI): 48 hours.**
- Allow a minimum of **15 days** between sequential applications of **Avalanche® Ultra**.
- Do not use treated plants for feed or forage.
- **Crop Rotation Restriction:** In case of crop failure, only peanuts, soybeans, strawberries or rice may be immediately replanted. Small grains must not be planted in fields treated with **Avalanche® Ultra** for 40 days following treatment. All other rotated crops must not be planted in fields treated with **Avalanche® Ultra** for 100 days following treatment.
- **Stress:** Do not apply to weeds or crops under stress due to lack of moisture, hail damage, flooding, herbicide injury, mechanical injury, or widely fluctuating temperatures, as unsatisfactory control may result.
- Do not apply **Avalanche® Ultra** to crops that show injury (leaf phytotoxicity or plant stunting) produced by any other prior herbicide applications, because this injury may be enhanced or prolonged.
- **Rainfast Period:** Rainfall or overhead irrigation within 4 hours after application may reduce the effectiveness of **Avalanche® Ultra**.
- Do not apply through any type of irrigation system.

Table 3. Crop-Specific Restrictions and Limitations

Crop	Minimum Time from Application to Harvest (PHI)	Maximum Rate Per Acre Per Application	Maximum Rate Per Acre Per Season	Livestock Grazing or Feeding	Aircraft Application
Peanuts	75 days	1.5 pints	2 pints	No	Yes
Rice	50 days	1 pints	1 pint	No	Yes
Soybeans	50 days	1.5 pints	2 pints	No	Yes
Strawberries	60 days	1.5 pints	3 pints	No	Yes

VI. SPECIFIC CROP INFORMATION

PEANUTS

Apply the rates of **Avalanche® Ultra herbicide** listed in **Table 4 4** to peanuts pre-emergence, at cracking stage (initiation of soil cracking, but before peanut emergence from the soil), or postemergence to peanuts to control susceptible weeds.

Peanut Tank Mixes

Avalanche® Ultra may be applied in a tank mix with one of the following herbicides:

Tank Mix Partner	Additive Option
Basagran®	A or C
Cadre®	A
Dual® 8E	A
Frontier® 6.0	A
Poast®	C
Poast® HC	C
Poast Plus®	C
2,4-DB*	A or C

* Do not apply this tank mix after pod-filling stage begins. Refer to **Table 1 2** for the additive option appropriate to each tank mix.

Crop	Minimum Time from Application to Harvest (PHI)	Maximum Rate Per Acre Per Application	Maximum Rate Per Acre Per Season	Livestock Grazing or Feeding	Aircraft Application
Peanuts	75 days	1.5 pints	2 pints	No	Yes

RICE

Avalanche® Ultra may be applied when rice is at the late tillering stage up to the early boot stage, which normally occurs in June or July. Rice must be past the 3-leaf stage. Apply **Avalanche® Ultra** to hemp sesbania plants before sesbania is in the flowering stage. Best results are obtained when the sesbania growth extends above the rice.

Apply 0.5 pint of **Avalanche® Ultra** per acre to hemp sesbania plants. A second application of 0.5 pint of **Avalanche® Ultra** per acre can be made to control later germinating sesbania. To achieve consistent weed control, add 1-2 pints of an 80% active nonionic spray surfactant per 100 gallons of water. Using a spray adjuvant is important for effective control of hemp sesbania.

Specific Restrictions and Limitations

Do not apply **Avalanche® Ultra** after the rice reaches the boot stage.

The maximum application rate for rice is 1 pint per acre, per season and is only for use to control hemp sesbania.

Do not apply more than 2 applications to rice per season nor exceed 1 pint per acre per season.

Do not use water from treated rice fields for irrigation purposes for other than those labeled for use with **Avalanche® Ultra herbicide**.

Do not harvest crayfish from treated rice areas for food.

Rice Tank Mixes

Avalanche® Ultra may be applied in a tank mix with one of the following herbicides:

Tank Mix Partner	Additive Option
Basagran®	A
Facet® 75 DF	A
Propanil	A

Refer to **Table 1** for the additive option appropriate for each tank mix.

Crop	Minimum Time from Application to Harvest (PHI)	Maximum Rate Per Acre Per Application	Maximum Rate Per Acre Per Season	Livestock Grazing or Feeding	Aircraft Application
Rice	50 days	1 pint	1 pint	No	Yes

SOYBEANS

To ensure optimum spray coverage of weeds, apply **Avalanche® Ultra herbicide** to small actively growing weeds. Refer to section **II. Application Instructions** and **Table 4 4** for more information. A sequential application of 1 pint of **Avalanche® Ultra** following 1 pint of **Avalanche® Ultra** can be used to control subsequent weed flushes or escaped weeds before they reach the maximum weed size listed in **Table 4**.

Soybean Tank Mixes

Avalanche® Ultra may be applied in a tank mix with one of the following herbicides:

Tank Mix Partner	Additive Option
Assure II® ¹	A
Basagran®	A or C
Classic®	A
Concert® SP (up to 0.25 ounces)	D
First Rate®	D
Frontier® 6.0	A
Fusilade® DX ¹	A
Fusion® ¹	A
Glyphosate	8.5-17 pounds of AMS per 100 gallons
Matador® ¹	A
Pinnacle® (up to 0.25 ounces)	A or D
Poast® ¹	C
Poast® HC ¹	C
Poast Plus® ¹	C
Pursuit®	D
Raptor®	D
Reliance® STS SP2 (up to 0.25 ounces)	D
Resource®	C
Scepter®	A
Select® 2 EC	C
Skirmish®	D
Synchrony® STS2 (up to 0.5 ounce)	E
2,4-DB	A

¹ For best results if applying as part of a weed control program with **Avalanche® Ultra**, follow these guidelines:

- If the partner is applied prior to the **Avalanche® Ultra** application, wait 24 hours before applying **Avalanche® Ultra**.

- If the partner is applied following the **Avalanche® Ultra** application, wait 7 days before applying.

² When applying this tank mix to soybean varieties other than those designated as STS, do not add oil concentrate. Application to soybean varieties not designated as STS will result in severe crop injury or yield loss.

Refer to **Table 1** for the additive option appropriate for each tank mix.

Burndown Treatment Before Planting Soybeans

Avalanche® Ultra alone can be applied any time before planting soybeans to control susceptible weed species present (See **Table 4**). This application is not intended to replace a full-season weed control program, but is intended to control susceptible weed species present before soybeans are planted. Use a spray additive to enhance burndown activity before planting soybeans.

Burndown Tank Mixes

Refer to **Table 1** for the additive option appropriate for each tank mix.

Crop	Minimum Time from Application to Harvest (PHI)	Maximum Rate Per Acre Per Application	Maximum Rate Per Acre Per Season	Livestock Grazing or Feeding	Aircraft Application
Soybeans	50 days	1.5 pints	2 pints	No	Yes

Glyphosate Tolerant Soybean Tank Mixtures

Postemergent applications of **Avalanche® Ultra herbicide** can be applied in a tank mixture with glyphosate containing herbicides for control of glyphosate resistant weeds. Targeted weeds must be listed on the **Avalanche® Ultra** label and are susceptible to **Avalanche® Ultra**. Refer to the **Avalanche® Ultra** label for weeds controlled, application rates and application timing. Follow the directions on the glyphosate product label for the use of spray additives in this tank mixture. It is important to follow the **Avalanche® Ultra** instructions for weed growth stages and application rates for effective broadleaf weed control. Apply **Avalanche® Ultra** and glyphosate containing herbicides only to glyphosate tolerant soybeans or severe crop injury or plant death will occur.

STRAWBERRIES

For control of many broadleaf weeds, **Avalanche® Ultra** may be applied up to the maximum application rate of 0.375 lb. a.i. per acre (1.5 pints **Avalanche® Ultra** per acre per season) using ground equipment. Make broadcast applications of the mixture in 20 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Reduce rates proportionately for band or strip treatment. Do not apply more than 0.75 lb. a.i. per acre per season (3 pints **Avalanche® Ultra** per acre per season).

For Annual Strawberries Grown on Plastic Mulch on Plant Beds:

Make one banded application before laying plastic mulch and after final land preparation, and prior to transplanting the crop. For best results, avoid soil disturbance during laying of plastic and planting of crop.

For application between rows of plastic mulch, apply as a direct-shielded application to strawberry row middles between mulched beds. Do not allow **Avalanche® Ultra** to contact strawberry plants.

For Perennial Strawberries:

Make two applications. The first application can be made after the last harvest, or following bed renovation. The second application can be made when the plants are dormant during late fall to early spring. Do not apply the last application within 120 days of strawberry harvest. For application to row middles, **Avalanche® Ultra** may be applied up to the maximum rate of 0.375 lb. a.i. per acre per season (1.5 pints **Avalanche® Ultra** per acre per season).

Crop	Minimum Time from Application to Harvest (PHI)	Maximum Rate Per Acre Per Application	Maximum Rate Per Acre Per Season	Livestock Grazing or Feeding	Aircraft Application
Strawberries	60 days	1.5 pints	3 pints	No	Yes

Table 4. Application Rates for Avalanche® Ultra Herbicide – Peanuts and Soybeans

Refer to section VI. Crop-Specific Information for rate and timing details for rice. **Note:** Weed height will vary depending on environmental conditions and is only given as a guide. Emphasis should be placed on leaf stages. Refer to section III. Additives for more information.

Weeds Controlled (including glyphosate, triazine and ALS-resistant biotypes)	Scientific Name	0.5 pint per acre		1.0 pint per acre		1.5 pints per acre	
		Leaf Stage ^a (up to)	Maximum Height	Leaf Stage ^a (up to)	Maximum Height	Leaf Stage ^a (up to)	Maximum Height
Amaranth, Palmer , Spiny	<i>Amaranthus palmeri</i>	4	<2"	6	<4"	6	4"
	<i>Amaranthus spinosus</i>	-	-	2	<2"	2	2"
Balloonvine	<i>Cardiospermum halicacaburm</i>	-	-	-	-	2	2"
Beggarweed, Florida ^{b,e}	<i>Desmodium tortuosum</i>	-	-	-	-	2	2 ^{nb} 1 ½"
Buckwheat, Wild ^{c,e}	<i>Polygonum convolvulus</i>	-	-	-	-	2	2 ^{nb}
Buffalobur ^{c,e}	<i>Solanum rostratum</i>	-	-	-	-	2	2 ^{nb}
Burgherkin ^{d,e}	<i>Cucumis anguria</i>	-	-	-	-	2	2 ^{nb}
Carpetweed	<i>Mollugo verticillata</i>	-	-	Multi 3" dia.	<2"	Multi 6" dia.	2"
Citron (Wild Watermelon) ^{d,e}	<i>Citrullus lanatus</i>	-	-	-	-	2	2 ^{nb}
Cocklebur ^e	<i>Xanthium strumarium</i>	-	-	-	-	2	2"
Copperleaf, Hophorn beam , Virginia	<i>Acalypha ostryifolia</i>	-	-	2	2"	4	4"
	<i>Acalypha virginica</i>	-	-	-	-	2	2"
Crotolaria, Showy ^{f,e}	<i>Crotolaria spectabilis</i>	-	-	6	6 ^{nb}	6	6 ^{nb}

Weeds Controlled (including glyphosate, triazine and ALS-resistant biotypes)	Scientific Name	0.5 pint per acre		1.0 pint per acre		1.5 pints per acre	
		Leaf Stage ^a (up to)	Maximum Height	Leaf Stage ^a (up to)	Maximum Height	Leaf Stage ^a (up to)	Maximum Height
Croton, Tropic ,Wooly	<i>Croton glandulosus</i> var. <i>septemtrionalis</i>	-	-	1-2	<2"	2	2"
	<i>Croton capitatus</i>	-	-	1-2	<2"	2	2"
Crownbeard, Golden	<i>Verbesina encelioides</i>	-	-	-	-	2	<2"
Eclipta	<i>Eclipta alba</i>	-	-	-	-	6	<2"
Galinsoga, Hairy	<i>Galinsoga quadriradiata</i>	-	-	-	-	4	<2"
, Smallflower	<i>Galinsoga parviflora</i>	-	-	-	-	4	<2"
Groundcherry, Cutleaf ,Lanceleaf	<i>Physalis angulata</i>	-	-	-	-	2	1"
	<i>Physalis lanceifolia</i>	-	-	-	-	2	1"
Indigo, Hairy	<i>Indigofera hirsuta</i>	-	-	-	-	3	<2"
Jimsonweed	<i>Datura stramonium</i>	-	-	4	4"	6	6"
Ladysthumb	<i>Polygonum persicaria</i>	-	-	4	4"	6	6"
Lambsquarters, Common ^g	<i>Chenopodium album</i>	-	-	-	-	2	2"
Morningglory, Cypressvine ^h , Ivyleaf ^h , Palmleaf ^h (Willowleaf) ^h , Purple Moonflower ^h , Smallflower ^h , Small White (pitted) ^h , Tall,(common) ^h	<i>Ipomoea quamoclit</i>	-	-	2	2"	4	4"
	<i>Ipomoea hederacea</i>	-	-	2	2"	4	4"
	<i>Ipomoea wrightii</i>	-	-	2	2"	4	4"
	<i>Ipomoea turbinata</i>	-	-	2	2"	4	4"
	<i>Jacquemontia tamnifolia</i>	-	-	2	2"	4	4"
	<i>Ipomoea lacunosa</i>	--	-	2	2"	4	4"
	<i>Ipomoea purpurea</i>	-	-	2	2"	4	4"
Mustard, Wild	<i>Sinapis arvensis</i>	2	2"	4	<4"	4	4"
Nightshade, Eastern Black ,Black	<i>Solanum ptycanthum</i>	-	-	2-3	<2"	6	2"
	<i>Solanum nigrum</i>	-	-	2-3	<2"	6	2"
Pigweed, Palmer , Prostrate , Redroot , Smooth , Spiny	<i>Amaranthus palmeri</i>	4	<2"	6	<4"	6	4"
	<i>Amaranthus blitoides</i>	-	-	-	-	4	4"
	<i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i>	4	<2"	6	<4"	6	4"
	<i>Amaranthus hybridus</i>	4	<2"	6	<4"	6	4"
	<i>Amaranthus spinosus</i>	-	-	2	<2"	2	2"
Poinsettia, Wild ^{h, e}	<i>Euphorbia</i>	-	-	-	-	2	2" ^b

Weeds Controlled (including glyphosate, triazine and ALS-resistant biotypes)	Scientific Name	0.5 pint per acre		1.0 pint per acre		1.5 pints per acre	
		Leaf Stage ^a (up to)	Maximum Height	Leaf Stage ^a (up to)	Maximum Height	Leaf Stage ^a (up to)	Maximum Height
	<i>heterophylla</i>						
Poorjoe	<i>Diodia teres</i>	-	-	-	-	2	2"
Purslane, Common	<i>Portulaca oleracea</i>	-	-	-	-	Multi 6" dia	1"
Pusley, Florida	<i>Richardia scabra</i>	-	-	2	2"	4	4"
Ragweed, Common	<i>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</i>	-	-	2	2"	4	3"
, Giant	<i>Ambrosia trifida</i>	-	-	2	<2"	2	3"
Senna, Coffee ^l	<i>Senna occidentalis</i>	-	-	-	-	2	2"
Sesbania, Hemp ^{f,e}	<i>Sesbania herbacea</i>	-	-	4	4" ^b	6	6"
Smartweed, Pennsylvania	<i>Polygonum pensylvanicum</i>	-	-	4	4"	6	6"
Smellmelon ^{d,e}	<i>Cucumis melo</i>	-	-	-	-	2	2" ^b
Spurge, Prostrate	<i>Chamaesyce maculate</i>	-	-	-	-	Multi 0.5" dia	-
, Spotted	<i>Chamaesyce maculate</i>	-	-	-	-	Multi 0.5" dia	-
Starbur, Bristly ^l	<i>Acanthospermum hispidum</i>	-	-	-	-	2	2" ^b
Velvetleaf ^k	<i>Abutilon theophrasti</i>					4	2"
Waterhemp, Common	<i>Amaranthus rudis</i>	4	2"	6	<4"	6	4"
, Tall	<i>Amaranthus tuberculatus</i>	4	2"	6	<4"	6	4"
Annual Grasses							
Foxtail, Giant ^l	<i>Setaria faberi</i>	-	-	-	-	2	1"
, Green ^l	<i>Setaria viridis</i>	-	-	-	-	2	1"
, Yellow ^l	<i>Setaria pumilia</i>	-	-	-	-	2	1"
Johnsongrass, Seedling ^l	<i>Sorghum halepense</i>	-	-	-	-	2	1"
Panicum, Fall ^l	<i>Panicum dichotomiflorum</i>	-	-	-	-	2	1"
Shattercane ^l	<i>Sorghum bicolor</i>	-	-	-	-	2	1"
Volunteer Small Grains ^l		-	-	-	-	2	1"
Barley ^l	<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>	-	-	-	-	2	1"
Corn ^l	<i>Zea mays</i>						
Oats ^l	<i>Avena sativa</i>						
Rye ^l	<i>Secale cereal</i>						
Wheat ^l	<i>Triticum aestivum</i>						

Perennial Weeds Suppressed ^{g,m} (including triazine and ALS-resistant biotypes)	Scientific Name	0.5 pint per acre		1.0 pint per acre		1.5 pints per acre	
		Leaf State ^a (up to)	Maximum Height	Leaf State ^a (up to)	Maximum Height	Leaf State ^a (up to)	Maximum Height
Bindweed, Field ^{g,m} , Hedge ^{g,m}	<i>Convolvulus arvensis</i>	-	-	-	-	-	See Footnotes g and m
	<i>Calystegia sepium</i>						
Milkweed, Climbing ^{g,m} , Common ^{g,m}	<i>Funastrum cynanchoides</i>						
	<i>Asclepias syriaca</i>						
Redvine, Trumpet creeper ^{g,m}	<i>Brunnichia ovata</i>						

^a Do not count leaves as pairs; count each leaf separately. Do not count cotyledon leaves. Do not spray weeds in the cotyledon growth stage.

^b Controlling Florida beggarweed is difficult because of the weed's long germination season. Apply **Avalanche® Ultra herbicide** when beggarweed seedlings have no more than 2 young expanding true leaves. Weeds at this time will not be more than 1.5" high. It is important to obtain maximum control of the earliest weed flush. Time the cultivation to give maximum control of regrowth or secondary weed flushes. **Avalanche® Ultra** will suppress or partially control weeds growing under conditions of high soil moisture and high relative humidity.

^c Partial control of wild buckwheat and buffalobur can usually be obtained when the seedlings have fewer than 2 true leaves. Use **Avalanche® Ultra** in 30 gallons of water per acre plus surfactant.

^d Members of the cucumber family germinate over an extended period of time. Therefore, control is difficult to obtain with a single spray. For **Avalanche® Ultra** to be effective, make the initial application to weeds no later than the 2-leaf growth stage.

^e Use 1.5 pints of **Avalanche® Ultra herbicide** per acre and 2 pints of spray surfactant per 100 gallons of spray mix unless otherwise stated. Activity depends on good soil moisture during and after the spray applications.

^f Sesbania and crotalaria are very sensitive to **Avalanche® Ultra**. Apply 1 pint of **Avalanche® Ultra** per acre. Effective control can be obtained at just about all plant heights; however, it is important that **Avalanche® Ultra** be applied prior to bloom. Do not apply after bloom as such applications are usually not effective. To control these weeds, time the application to occur after maximum weed emergence has taken place. Care must be exercised to make certain that crop canopies do not shade this weed from spray deposits. Waiting for the sesbania to break through the crop canopy may be advisable to control late season infestations.

^g Suppression or partial control.

^h More consistent control of morningglories can be achieved by using sequential applications of 1 pint of **Avalanche® Ultra**.

ⁱ The labeled application of **Avalanche® Ultra** will usually kill or severely stunt wild poinsettia. Apply before the third true leaf has formed. This treatment will usually cause a height differential between soybeans and surviving wild poinsettia which will allow directed applications and even greater control.

^j The labeled application of **Avalanche® Ultra** will kill or suppress seedlings that are not past the 2-leaf stage. Applications after the 2-leaf stage are usually ineffective.

^k Use AMS (or UAN) as the additive when velvetleaf is a target weed.

^l **Avalanche® Ultra** must not be the basic component of a grassy weed or volunteer small grains management program. **Avalanche® Ultra** will kill or stunt many emerging volunteer small grains or grassy weeds in the 1-2 leaf stage. **Avalanche® Ultra** can be used for additional control of escaped grasses and volunteer grains following a pre-plant incorporated or pre-emergence herbicide.

^m Growth of perennial weeds from underground rootstocks is very difficult to control. Apply **Avalanche® Ultra** as listed above with 2-4 pints of spray surfactant per 100 gallons of spray mix to burn back the above-ground plant parts and retard regrowth. **Avalanche® Ultra** will not kill the underground rootstocks of these weeds.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Do not store below 32°F.

Pesticide Disposal: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mix, or rinsate is a violation of federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of according to label instructions, contact the state agency responsible for pesticide regulation or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Disposal: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures

approved by state and local authorities. If rinsate cannot be used, follow pesticide disposal instructions. If not triple rinsed, these containers are acute hazardous wastes and must be disposed of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

Steps to be taken in case material is released or spilled:

Dike and contain the spill with inert material (sand, earth, etc.) and transfer liquid and solid diking material to separate containers for disposal. Remove contaminated clothing, and wash affected skin areas with soap and water. Wash clothing before re-use. Keep the spill out of all sewers and open bodies of water.

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READ BEFORE USING PRODUCT**

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