For use in controlling Whitefly, Aphids, Thrips, Psyllids, Spider Mites, Mealybugs, Leafhoppers, Weevils, Plant Bugs, Borers and Leaf-feeding Insects in Vegetable and Orchard Crops; Ornamentals and Vegetables, Indoor/Outdoor Nursery, Greenhouse, Shadehouse; Commercial Landscape, Interiorscape and Turf.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Pyrethrins	0.75%
Beauveria bassiana Strain GHA*	
OTHER INGREDIENTS**	99.19%
-	100.00%

*Contains not less than 1x10⁸ viable spores per ml.

**Contains petroleum distillates.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail)

See Inside Booklet for First Aid and Additional Precautionary Statements

Store between 40°F and 85°F SHAKE WELL

EPA Reg. No. 82074-5 EPA Est. No. 65626-MT-02

Edition: Lot No. Expiration Date:

Net Contents: ☐1 Quart ☐1 Gallon ☐2 Gallon

□2.5 Gallon □ 5 Gallon □ 250 Gallon

Manufactured by: LAM International 117 S Parkmont St, Butte, MT 59701 Ph: (406)782-2386; Fax: (406)782-9912



FIRST AID

IF IN EYES:Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water

- for 15-20 minutes.
 Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
 - Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:

- Take off contaminated clothing.
 Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF SWALLOWED:

Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.

Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the

poison control center or doctor.
Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-222-1222 for emergency medical treatment information.may be in the area during application. For any requirement specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Contains petroleum distillate. Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

Long-sleeved shirt and long pants

 Protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, or shielded) safety glasses)

Chemical resistant gloves made of barrier laminate,

nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber or viton.

Shoes plus socks

In addition to the above PPE, applicators using hand held foagers in an enclosed area must wear a half-face, full-face, or hood-style NIOSH approved respirator with:

A dust/mist filtering cartridge (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C), or

• A canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G), or • A cartridge or canister with any R, P, or HE filter.

Mixers/loaders and applicators other than those using hand held foggers in an enclosed area must wear a dust/mist filtering respirator meeting NIOSH standards of a least R-95 or P-95. Repeated exposure to high concentrations of microbial proteins can cause allergic sensitization.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should: Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove all clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Mixers/loaders and applicators not in enclosed cabs or aircraft must wear a dust/mist filtering respirator meeting NIOSH standards of at least R-95 or P-95. Repeated exposure to high concentrations of microbial proteins can cause allergic sensitization. Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6)]. Human flagging is prohibited. Flagging to support aerial application is limited to use of the Global Positioning System (GPS) or mechanical flaggers.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to aquatic organisms, including fish and invertebrates. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. This product may contaminate water through runoff. This product has a potential for runoff for several weeks after application. Poorly draining soils and soils with shallow water tables are more prone to produce runoff that contains this product.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds while bees are foraging the treatment area.

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash-waters or rinsate.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in area during application. For any requirement specific to your State or Tribe, consult the State or Tribal agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and

with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural

workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal

requirements in this box apply only to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard. Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours unless wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment.

protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls: Shoes plus socks, and
- Chemical resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber or viton.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Do not enter or allow others to enter until sprays have dried.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

BOTANIGARD MAXX contains live spores of the naturally occurring fungus, *Beauveria bassiana* Strain GHA and natural pyrethrins. Live spores and natural pyrethrins can be harmed by storage at high temperatures or contact with water for more than 24 hours. See STORAGE AND DISPOSAL instructions on the container label.

For use in controlling Whitefly, Aphids, Thrips, Spider Mites, Psyllids, Mealybugs, Leafhoppers, Weevils, Plant Bugs, and Leaffeeding Insects in Vegetable and Orchard Crops; Ornamentals and Vegetables, Indoor/Outdoor Nursery, Greenhouse, Shadehouse, Commercial Landscape, Interiorscape and Turf.

Can be applied aerially. Suitable for use with ultra low-volume application equipment.

MODE OF ACTION AND APPLICATION TIMING

BOTANIGARD MAXX acts by contact. Spores attach to the insect, germinate and penetrate through the insect cuticle. The fungus then grows rapidly within the insect, causing mortality. Pyrethrins exert their toxic effects by disrupting the sodium and potassium ion exchange process in insect nerve fibers and interrupting the normal transmission of nerve impulses.

Begin treatment of crops at the first appearance of the insect pest. Typically, it takes 2-5 days after the first spray to see control. Application rates, frequency, spray coverage and insect numbers impact the speed at which acceptable control is achieved. BOTANIGARD MAXX is most effective when used early, before high insect populations develop. Reapply as necessary under a pest management program that includes close scouting.

If possible, apply in the early morning, or evening hours. The reduced UV exposure and lower temperatures will increase the performance and reduce the impact on pollinators.

Contact LAM International Corporation or your distributor for specific information on compatible insecticides.

DIRECTIONS

RESTRICTIONS:

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Do not contaminate food or feedstuffs. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. Do not make applications during rain. Do not remain in the treated area. Exit area immediately and remain outside the treated area until sprays have dried. Not for use in outdoor residential misting systems (indoor or outdoor). Not for indoor use except in greenhouses. Do not reapply within 3 days, except under extreme pest pressure. In case of extreme pest pressure, do not reapply within 24 hours. Do not wet plants to point of runoff or drip. Do not harvest until spray has dried.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT:

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator and the grower. The interactions of many equipment and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

Do not apply at wind speeds greater than 10 mph at the application site. Do not make any type of application into temperature inversions. Apply as a medium or coarse spray (ASABE standard 572).

Additional Requirements for Aerial Applications:

Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the ground or crop canopy. The boom length must not exceed 75% of the wingspan or 90% of the rotor blade diameter.

orientation in determining droplet size.

When applications are made with a cross-wind, the swath will be displaced downwind. The applicator must

Aerial applicators must consider flight speed and nozzle

will be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this displacement at the downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.

For orchard applications, do not exceed the maximum application rate of 0.050 lb. active ingredient / Acre (Equivalent to 110 fl. oz. BOTANIGARD MAXX / Acre) or .0012 lb. active ingredient / 1,000 sq. ft. (Equivalent to 2.68 fl. oz. of BOTANIGARD MAXX / 1,000 sq. ft.).

For surface applications to greenhouse grown crops, do not exceed the maximum application rate of 0.050 lb. active ingredient / Acre (Equivalent to 110 fl. oz. BOTANI-GARD MAXX / Acre) or .0012 lb. active ingredient / 1,000 sq. ft. (Equivalent to 2.68 fl. oz. of BOTANIGARD MAXX / 1,000 sq. ft.).

For space spray applications to greenhouse grown crops, do not exceed the maximum application rate of .00014 lb. active ingredient / 1,000 cu. ft. (Equivalent to 0.31 fl. oz. or 9.28 mls of BOTANIGARD MAXX / 1,000 cu. ft.).

IMPORTANT NOTE: Plant safety is an important consideration when using insecticides in a greenhouse. However, it is not possible to evaluate the phytotoxicity of BOTANIGARD MAXX on numerous plant varieties that may react differently to insecticides in different growth stages or under varying environmental conditions. Before making widespread applications of BOTANIGARD MAXX, or tank mix combinations, treat a limited number of plants and observe for phytotoxicity over a 10-day period.

FOR THE CONTROL OF INSECTS AT VARIOUS LIFE STAGES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO:

WHITEFLY: Greenhouse Whitefly, Silverleaf Whitefly, Sweet Potato Whitefly (aka Tobacco Whitefly), Banded-winged Whitefly, Citrus Blackfly, Citrus Whitefly, Giant Whitefly.

APHIDS: Bean Aphid, Cabbage Aphid, Cowpea Aphid, Green Peach Aphid, Greenbug, Hop Aphid, Melon/Cotton Aphid, Pea Aphid, Potato Aphid, Rose Aphid, Spotted Alfalfa Aphid.

THRIPS: Greenhouse Thrips, Cuban Laurel Thrips, Pear Thrips, Potato/Onion Thrips, Thrips palmi, Western Flower Thrips.

SPIDER MITES: Two-spotted Spider Mite, Carmine Spider Mite, Citrus Rust Mite, Pacific Spider Mite, Clover Mite.

PSYLLIDS: Pear Psylla, Tomato/Potato Psylla, Citrus Psylla

MEALYBUGS: Citrus Cocci, Citrus Mealybug, Buffalo Grass Mealybug, Grape Mealybug, Longtailed Mealybug.

LEAFHOPPERS AND PLANTHOPPERS: Grape Leafhopper, Leafhoppers, Planthoppers, Potato Leafhopper, Variegated Grape Leafhopper, Virginia Creeper Leafhopper.

STEM-BORING LEPIDOPTERA: European Corn Borer, Lesser Cornstalk Borer, Rice Stem Borer, Southwestern Corn Borer, Sugar Cane Borer.

FOLIAGE-FEEDING LEPIDOPTERA: Diamondback Moth, Cabbage Looper, Fall Army Worm*, Imported Cabbage Worm. (*Not for use in California)

LEAF-FEEDING BEETLES: Bean Leaf Beetle, Cereal Leaf Beetle, Colorado Potato Beetle, Corn Rootworm, Cucumber Beetles, Elm Leaf Beetle, Flea Beetles.

SCARAB BEETLES: Ataenius, Green June Beetle, White Grubs.

PLANT BUGS (HETEROPTERA): Chinch Bugs, Fleahoppers, Lace Bugs, Lygus Bug, Seed Bugs, Stink Bugs, Tarnished Plant Bug.

WEEVILS: Alfalfa Weevil, Apple Curculio, Billbugs, Black Vine Weevil, Citrus Root Weevil, Coffee Berry Borer*, Cotton Boll Weevil, Fuller Rose Weevil, Pecan Weevil, Pepper Weevil, Plum Curculio, Root Weevil, Rose Curculio, Strawberry Root Weevil, Sweet Potato Weevil, Vegetable Weevil. (*Not for use in California)

ORTHOPTERA: Grasshoppers, Locusts, Mole Crickets, Mormon Crickets.

OTHER INSECTS: Crane Flies, Earwigs, Fungus Gnats, Fruit Flies, Fruittree Leafrollers, Glassy Winged Sharpshooters, Mushroom Flies, Skippers, Sowbugs, Tabanidae, and Webworms.

CROPS ON WHICH BOTANIGARD MAXX CAN BE USED

GROWING CROPS (OUTDOORS AND IN GREEN-HOUSES):

ROOT AND TUBER VEGETABLES: Including: Arracacha, Arrowroot, Purple Arrowroot, Japanese Artichoke, Jerusalem Artichoke, Garden Beets, Sugar Beets, Edible Burdock, Edible Canna, Carrots, Cassava (bitter or sweet), Celeriac (celery root), Chayote (root), Chervil (turnip rooted), Chicory, Chufa, Dasheen, Ginger, Ginseng, Horseradish, Leren, Parsley (turnip rooted), Parsnip, Potato, Radish, Japanese Radish (Daikon), Rutabaga, Salsify, Black Salsify, Spanish Salsify, Sweet Potato, Tanier, Turmeric, Turnip, Yam (true), Yam Bean.

LEAVES OF ROOT AND TUBER VEGETABLES: Including: Garden Beet, Sugar Beet, Edible Burdock, Carrot, Cassava (bitter or sweet), Celeriac (celery root), Chervil (turnip rooted), Chicory, Dasheen (taro), Parsnip, Radish, Japanese Radish (Daikon), Rutabaga, Black Salsify, Sweet Potato, Tanier, Turnip, Yam (true).

BULB VEGETABLES: Including: Garlic, Great-headed Garlic, Leek, Onion (bulb and green), Welch, Shallot.

LEAFY VEGETABLES: Including: Amaranth (leafy amaranth, Chinese spinach, tampala), Arugula, Cardoon, Celery, Chinese Celery, Celtuce, Chervil, Cilantro, Corn Salad, Chrysanthemum (edible-leaved), Chrysanthemum (garland), Cress (garden, water), Upland Cress (yellow rocket, winter cress), Dandelion, Dock (sorrel), Endive (escarole), Fennel (Florence), Lettuce (head and leafy), Orach, Parsley, Purslane (garden and winter), Radicchio, Rhubarb, Spinach, Fine Spinach (Malabar, Ceylon), Spinach (New Zealand), Swiss Chard.

BRASSICA (COLE) LEAFY VEGETABLES: Including: Broccoli, Chinese Broccoli (Gai Lan), Broccoli Raab (Rapini), Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Chinese Cabbage (Bok Choy), Chinese Cabbage (Napa), Chinese Mustard Cabbage (Gai Choy), Cauliflower, Cavalo Broccolo, Collards, Kale, Kohlrabi, Mizuna, Mustard Greens, Mustard Spinach, Rape Greens.

LEGUME VEGETABLES (SUCCULENT OR DRIED): Including: Adzuki Beans, Field Beans, Kidney Beans, Lima Beans, Moth Beans, Mung Beans, Navy Beans, Pinto Beans, Rice Beans, Runner Beans, Snap Beans, Tepary Beans, Urd Beans, Wax Beans, Asparagus Beans, Black-eyed Peas, Catjang, Chinese Longbeans, Cowpeas, Crowder Peas, Southern Peas, Yard-Longbeans, Broad Beans (fava beans), Chick Peas (garbanzo beans), Guar, Jackbean (sword bean), Lablab Bean (hyacinth bean), Lentils, Peas (garden peas, field peas, sugar snap peas, English pea, snow pea), Pigeon Peas, Soybeans, Sweet Lupin Beans, White Lupin Beans, White Sweet Lupin, Sword Bean.

FOLIAGE OF LEGUME VEGETABLES: Including: Plant part of any legume vegetable included in the legume vegetable group that will be used as animal feed including any variety of Beans, Field Peas, Soybeans.

FRUITING VEGETABLES: Including: Eggplant, Ground Cherry, Okra, Pepinos, Pepper (bell pepper, chili pepper, cooking peppers, pimentos, sweet peppers), Tomatillo, Tomatoes.

CUCURBIT VEGETABLES: Including: Balsam Apple, Balsam Pear (bitter melon), Chayote (fruit), Chinese Waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon), Chinese Cucumber, Citron Melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Edible Gourds, Melons (including hybrids, cantaloupe, casaba, crenshaw, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melons, honey balls, mango melon, muskmelon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon), Pumpkin, Squash (summer and winter), Watermelon (including hybrids).

CITRUS FRUITS: Including: Calamondin, Citrus Citron, Citrus Hybrids, Grapefruit, Kumquats, Lemons, Limes, Mandarin (tangerine), Orange (sweet and sour), Pummelo, Satsuma Mandarin, (Citrus spp. includes chironja, tangelos, tangors).

POME FRUITS: Including: Apple, Crabapple, Loquat, Pear, Mayhaw, Oriental Pear, Quince.

STONE FRUITS: Including: Apricot, Cherry (sweet and sour), Nectarine, Peach, Plum, Prune, Chickasaw Plum, Damson Plum, Japanese Plum, Plumcot.

SMALL FRUITS AND BERRIES: Including: Blackberry, Blueberry, Cranberry, Currant, Dewberry, Elderberry, Gooseberry, Grape, Huckleberry, Loganberry, Olallie Berry, Raspberry (black and red), Strawberry, Youngberry.

TREE NUTS: Including: Almond, Beech Nut, Brazil Nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Filbert (hazelnut), Hickory nut, Macadamia Nut (bush nut), Pecan, Pistachio, Walnut, Black and English (Persian).

ORIENTAL VEGETABLES: Including: Acerola, Atemoya, Balsam Pear (bitter melon), Carambola, Japanese Artichoke, Chinese Broccoli (Gai Lan), Chinese Cabbage (Bok Choy, Napa), Chinese Mustard Cabbage (Gai Choy), Dasheen, Ginger, Ginseng, Chinese Longbeans, Mung Beans, Citron Melon, Japanese Radish (Daikon), Chinese Spinach, Chinese Waxgourd, Cilantro, Citron Melon, Rambutan, Water Chestnut.

SUBTROPICAL FRUITS: Including: Avocado, Banana, Carob, Barbados Cherry, Cherimoya, Dates, Durian (jackfruit), Feijoa, Figs, Guava, Kiwifruit, Lychee, Mango, Papaya, Passion Fruit, Persimmon, Pineapple, Pomegranate.

HERBS AND SPICES: Including: Allspice, Angelica, Anise (anise seed), Anise (star), Annatto (seed), Balm (lemon balm), Basil, Borage, Burnet, Camomile, Caper buds, Caraway, Caraway (black), Cardamom, Cassia bark, Cassia buds, Catnip, Celery seed, Chervil (dried), Chicory, Chive, Chive (Chinese), Cinnamon, Clary, Clove buds, Coriander (cilantro or Chinese parsley) (leaf), Coriander (cilantro) (seed), Costmary, Culantro (leaf), Culantro (seed), Cumin, Curry (leaf), Dill (dillweed), Dill (seed), Fennel (common), Fennel (Florence) (seed), Fenugreek, Grains of Paradise, Horehound, Hyssop, Juniper Berry, Lavender, Lemonday, Lovage (leaf), Lovage (seed), Mace, Marigold, Marjoram (includes sweet or annual marjoram, wild marjoram or oregano and pot marjoram), Mustard (seed), Nasturtium, Nutmeg, Oregano, Mint, Paprika, Parsley (dried), Pennyroyal, Pepper (black), Pepper (white), Poppy (seed), Rosemary, Rue, Saffron, Sage, Savory (summer and winter), Sweet bay (bay leaf), Tansy, Tarragon, Thyme, Vanilla, Wintergreen, Woodruff, Wormwood.

ADDITIONAL PLANTS: Including: Artichoke, Asparagus, Avocado, Hops, Jojoba, Mushroom, Okra, Olives.

USE ON GREENHOUSE FRUITS, VEGETABLES, FLOWERS AND FOLIAGE PLANTS:

USED ALONE: Combine 8 fluid ounces (1/2 pint) to 32 fluid ounces (1 quart) with 30 gallons of water for applications with conventional hydraulic sprayers or 1 to 2 fluid ounces per gallon of water for applications with compressed sprayers.

MIXING AND APPLICATION

SHAKE WELL BEFORE USING. Apply BOTANIGARD MAXX using hand-held, ground and/or aerial spray equipment; low-volume application equipment and chemigation (follow specific instructions provided in the Directions for Application Through Irrigation Systems section of this booklet). BOTANIGARD MAXX contains emulsifiers and mixes readily in water. Mix well by external mixing, in-tank mixing, or pump circulation to form an emulsion. To mix, fill spray tank with half the desired amount of water and start agitation. Shake BOTANIGARD MAXX to suspend spores then with agitator running, slowly add desired quantity of BOTANIGARD MAXX to spray tank. Add remainder of desired amount of water. Continue agitation throughout loading and spraying. Triple rinse empty BOTANIGARD MAXX container with water and add rinse water to spray tank. For best results, continue agitation during spraying. Do not mix more BOTANIGARD MAXX than needed for that day. Do not mix BOTANIGARD MAXX the day before application. Spores will die if left overnight or longer in the spray tank.

Contact your dealer or LAM International Corporation for recommendations about specific crops, insects and spray equipment.

DOSAGE RATE

Apply at a rate of up to 2 quarts of BOTANIGARD MAXX per 100 gallons of spray volume. Mix well by external mixing, in-tank mixing, or pump circulation to form emulsion. Most target insects can be controlled at a rate of 1 quart per 100 gallons of water, $\frac{1}{2}$ quart per 50 gallons of water, 1 pint per 25 gallons of water.

DO NOT WET PLANTS TO POINT OF RUNOFF OR DRIP

Typical Application Rates/100 Gallons of Spray Volume

Whitefly, Mealybugs, Aphids, Thrips, Spider Mites: $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 quart of BOTANIGARD MAXX/100 gallons spray volume Other labeled insects: $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 quart of BOTANIGARD MAXX/100 gallons spray volume depending on insect population and foliage density.

DOSAGE RATE FOR VEGETABLE CROPS

Ground Application

Apply ½ to 2 quarts BOTANIGARD MAXX/acre in sufficient water to thoroughly cover foliage infested with insects, typically 5 to 100 gallons of water per acre. Final spray volume can be up to 400 gallons per acre. Water volume depends on spray equipment, crop canopy and target pest. DO NOT WET PLANTS TO POINT OF RUNOFF OR DRIP.

Apply BOTANIGARD MAXX up to a maximum of 2 quarts per acre for extreme insect pressure or dense foliage.

Aerial Application

Apply ¼ to 1 quart BOTANIGARD MAXX/acre. Apply in sufficient water to thoroughly cover foliage infested with insects. For best results, apply in 5-10 gallons water per acre. Do not apply in less than 2 gallons water per acre. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Leaf-Feeding Lepidoptera

For use against diamondback moth, imported cabbage worm and cabbage looper; BOTANIGARD MAXX can be used alone. Do not exceed label dosage rates. This product cannot be mixed with any product containing a label prohibition against such mixing. For additional information, contact LAM International Corporation.

Typical Application Rates/Acre

Diamondback moth: $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 quart of BOTANIGARD MAXX/acre Imported cabbage worm: $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 quart of BOTANIGARD MAXX/acre Cabbage looper: 1 quart of BOTANIGARD MAXX/acre

APPLICATION FREQUENCY

Apply BOTANIGARD MAXX at 5-10 day intervals. High insect populations, especially whitefly and aphids, may require application at 2-5 day intervals. Repeat applications for as long as pest pressure persists.

PLANT SAFETY

BOTANIGARD MAXX has shown plant safety but has not been tested on all plant varieties or in all tank mixes. Use caution when making applications to open blooms, especially on varieties known to be sensitive. Test BOTANIGARD MAXX on a small number of plants to check for potential damage before applying to larger number of plants. Do not apply on poinsettias after bract formation.

TANK MIX COMPATIBILITY

BOTANIGARD MAXX is physically and biologically compatible with a wide range of insecticides and spray adjuvants. It is compatible with some fungicides in tank mixtures. Fungicides can kill the spores. Do not exceed label dosage rates.

Adjuvants BOTANIGARD MAXX is designed for application without additional wetting agents and spreaders. If adjuvants are needed for some other reason, contact your dealer or LAM International Corporation for specific recommendations. Some wetting agents and spreaders kill the spores, the active ingredient in BOTANIGARD MAXX, or contribute to poor mixing and spray problems.

Compatibility With Chemical Insecticides BOTANIGARD MAXX is compatible with most chemical insecticides. However, some insecticide formulations can kill the fungal spores, part of the active ingredient in BOTANIGARD MAXX. If you are going to use BOTANIGARD MAXX in combination with other pesticides, contact your dealer or LAM International Corporation for specific information. In all cases, pesticides must be used in accordance with their labels.

Compatibility With Fungicides. BOTANIGARD MAXX is compatible in tank mix with some fungicides. Contact LAM International Corporation or your dealer for specific recommendations on using BOTANIGARD MAXX with fungicides.

DIRECTIONS FOR APPLICATION THROUGH IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

Apply this product only through sprinkler (including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move) irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. If you have questions about calibration, contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for the operation or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

DIRECTIONS FOR APPLICATION THROUGH IRRIGATION SYSTEMS (cont.)

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional normally closed, solenoid operated valve located on the intak e side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure valve which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must be a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Constant agitation must be maintained in the chemical supply tank during the entire period of insecticide application. Greater accuracy in calibration and distribution will be achieved by injecting a larger volume of more dilute suspension per unit of time.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE Store in a cool, dry place. Store between 40 and 75 degrees. XPECTRO OD stability decreases with time at elevated temperatures

above 85oF. Tightly reclose the container of unused product. Do not contaminate unused product with water. PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

To avoid wastes, use all material in this container by application according to label directions. If wastes cannot be avoided, offer remaining product to a waste disposal facility or pesticide disposal

program (often such programs are run by state or local governments or by industry).

CONTAINER HANDLING Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. (For containers ≤5 gallons)

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a

sanitary landfill, or by incineration. Do not burn, unless allowed by state and local ordinances. (For containers > 5 gallons) Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application

equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container $\frac{7}{4}$ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution in each direction, with each revolution taking less than 30 seconds. Then stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end (top) and tip it back and forth

several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate in a separate container for later disposal.

CONDITIONS OF SALE

BOTANIGARD MAXX conforms to the description set forth on this label and is reasonably fit for the purposes described herein when used according to the label directions and specified conditions. The manufacturer disclaims any and all other express or implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for particular purpose. To the extent consistent with applicable law, buyers and users shall assume all risk and responsibility for potential loss or damage if this product is used, stored, handled or applied in a manner inconsistent with this labeling. To the extent permitted by law, manufacturer shall not be liable for more than the purchase price for the quantity involved including incidental, consequential or special damages.