



The miracles of science®

DuPont™ Ally® herbicide

Technical Information

Active Constituent:

600 g/kg METSULFURON-METHYL

Pack Sizes:

500 g

GROUP **B** HERBICIDE

READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

For the control of certain broadleaved weeds in winter cereal crops, as per Directions for Use

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

May irritate the eyes and skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. **DO NOT** inhale dust or spray mist. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

For further information refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet that can be obtained from <http://www.cropprotection.dupont.com.au>

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

For Post Crop and Weed Emergence (Section 1), apply at the early post emergence stage of the crop (3 leaf to before booting) when weeds are small (i.e. no greater than 5 cm in height or diameter) and actively growing.

Best weed control is obtained when rainfall wets the soil to a depth of 5 to 7.5 cm within 4 weeks of application.

Where treatment is delayed or where weeds are not actively growing due to adverse conditions, results may be slow to appear and weeds may be only stunted or suppressed (e.g. Indian hedge mustard).

DuPont™ Ally® herbicide will remain in the soil for a period of time (see Crop Rotation Recommendations). The persistence of Ally® herbicide in the soil is dependent on various environmental conditions e.g. soil pH, temperature, soil moisture and organic matter. Wet, warm, acid soils high in organic matter favour breakdown of Ally® herbicide in the soil. It should be noted that Ally® herbicide does **NOT** provide a commercially acceptable level of soil residual weed control.

Crops other than Wheat, Barley, Triticale and Cereal rye may be extremely sensitive to low concentrations of Ally® herbicide residues in the sprayer or in the soil. See "Sprayer Clean-up" and "Crop Rotation Recommendations."

The recommendation of the addition of Ally® herbicide to Roundup / glyphosate as a pre-plant knockdown is to enhance the control of certain broadleaf weeds (e.g. Doublegee, Sorrel, Erodium, Clover, Medic and Soursob) and to help prevent (or at least minimise) the risk of resistant weeds occurring. Its purpose is not to provide residual control of weeds.

RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING

DuPont™ Ally® herbicide is a member of the sulfonylurea group of herbicides. The product has the ALS inhibitor mode of action. For weed resistance management, the product is a Group B Herbicide.

Some naturally-occurring weed biotypes resistant to Group B herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by this product or other Group B herbicides.

Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, DuPont accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of this product to control resistant weeds.

To prevent, or at least minimise, the risk of resistant weeds occurring, use this product in tank mixes (if appropriate) and/or rotations with herbicides having different modes of action effective on the same weed species. Large numbers of healthy surviving weeds can be an indication that resistance is developing. Efforts should be taken to prevent seed set of these survivors.

DO NOT apply this product alone for fallow and preplant knockdown weed control. **DO NOT** make more than one application of a Group B herbicide to a crop, either preplant, incorporated-by-sowing or post crop and weed emergence.

If the user suspects Group B resistant weeds are present, this product or other sulfonylurea herbicides should not be used.

GROUP **B** HERBICIDE

Strategies to minimise the risk of herbicide resistance are available. Consult your farm chemical supplier, consultant, local Department of Agriculture or Primary Industries, or local DuPont representative.

Crop Safety

DO NOT USE in winter cereal crops undersown with legume pasture species eg. medics, clovers.

Care should be taken if it is intended to apply Ally® herbicide in the same season to a crop already treated with another sulfonyleurea herbicide such as DuPont™ Glean® cereal herbicide, as crop damage may occur. Consult your local agronomist or DuPont representative.

DO NOT apply Glean® cereal herbicide in a tank mix with Ally® herbicide as a pre-plant application.

Use of this product on land having a soil pH of 5.5 or less may result in some crop retardation, particularly if the crop is stressed - see comment in point below.

DO NOT apply to crops that are stressed by any cause (such as severe weather conditions, drought, waterlogging, excessive soil acidity or alkalinity, poor nutrient status, disease, nematode or insect damage) as crop injury may result. When treatment is followed by severe stress (such as drought, prolonged cold, waterlogging or frosty conditions) crop yellowing and growth retardation may occur. Crops normally recover without loss in yield. Disease, nematode, or insect damage following application may also result in crop injury.

DO NOT apply to wheat varieties King, Jacup, Miling and Harrier.

Consult your local DuPont Representative or local Department of Agriculture or Primary Industries for latest information relating to variety tolerance to DuPont™ Ally®.

Spray Preparation

DuPont™ Ally® herbicide is a dry flowable formulation to be mixed with water and applied as a spray. Partially fill the spray tank with water. Using the Ally® herbicide measuring cone provided, measure the amount of Ally® herbicide required for the area to be sprayed. Add the correct amount of Ally® herbicide to the spray tank with the agitation system engaged. Top up to the correct volume with water. **THE MATERIAL MUST BE KEPT IN SUSPENSION AT ALL TIMES BY CONTINUOUS AGITATION.**

In tank mixes Ally® herbicide must be in suspension before adding the companion herbicide or surfactant.

For application of Ally® herbicide in liquid fertiliser, slurry the Ally® herbicide in water then thoroughly mix the slurry into the liquid fertiliser. Check compatibility before mixing DuPont™ Ally® herbicide in fertiliser solutions. **DO NOT** add a surfactant/wetting agent in these situations.

Compatibility

DuPont™ Ally® herbicide is compatible with the commonly used broadleaf herbicides, Agtryne® MA, Barracuda®, Broadstrike®, Bromoxynil, Buctril® MA, Dicamba, Diuron, Eclipse®, Giant®, Jaguar®, Lexone® Xtruded™, Lontrel, MCPA Amine, MCPA Ester, Paragon®, Starane®, Terbutryn, Tigrex®, Tordon® 242, Tordon® 75-D, 2,4-D Amine, and non-selective glyphosate herbicides eg. Roundup®.

To extend the weed range, add MCPA Amine, 2,4-D Amine, Diuron and Terbutryn at label rates (Vic only).

DuPont™ Ally® herbicide is compatible with the commonly used insecticides chlorpyrifos (eg. Lorsban®) and omethoate (eg. Lemat®). Some increased temporary crop yellowing may occur when DuPont™ Ally® herbicide is applied as a tank mix with these insecticides.

The compatibility of Ally® herbicide with grass herbicides varies between products and weed species (refer following table). **DO NOT** mix Ally® herbicide with Achieve® WG, Hoegrass®, Mataven® or Tristar®.

Biological compatibility			
Product	Wild oats	Annual ryegrass	Phalaris
Achieve® WG	No	No	-
Hoegrass®	No	No	-
Mataven®	No	-	-
Puma®	Yes	-	No
Topik®	Yes	No	Yes
Tristar®	No	No	No
Wildcat®	Yes	-	No

Notes on Ally® herbicide tank mixtures with Puma®, Topik®, and Wildcat®:

- DuPont™ Ally® herbicide and Puma®, Topik® and Wildcat® are physically compatible, but when this mixture is used, some reduction in grass weed control can be expected.
- Consult company representatives for further information or advice.

Use of Surfactant/Wetting Agent

Always add a non-ionic surfactant (1000 gac/L) at 100 mL/100 L of final spray volume (0.1 % volume/volume). The use of spraying oils is NOT recommended.

Note: **DO NOT** add a surfactant/wetting agent when DuPont™ Ally® herbicide is tank mixed with Diuron, Lexone® Xtruded™ or Terbutryn or with fertiliser solutions.

Ground Spraying

Use a boom spray properly calibrated to a constant speed and rate of delivery to ensure thorough coverage and a uniform spray pattern. Avoid overlapping and shut off spray booms while starting, turning, slowing or stopping as injury to the crop may result. Apply a minimum of 50 L prepared spray/ha.

Aerial Spraying

Apply in a minimum of 20 L/ha water. Application in a higher water volume of 30 L/ha will improve the reliability of weed efficacy. Avoid spraying in still conditions and in winds likely to cause drift onto adjacent sensitive crops or fallow areas likely to be planted to these crops - see Crop Rotation Recommendations. Turn off spray boom whilst passing over creeks and dams. **DO NOT** apply when a temperature air inversion is likely to occur. Use of Micronair equipment is not recommended due to greater drift potential.

Sprayer Cleanup

To avoid subsequent injury to crops other than wheat, barley, triticale, or cereal rye, immediately after spraying thoroughly remove all traces of Ally® herbicide from mixing and spray equipment as follows:

1. Wash down exterior of sprayer before flushing tanks, lines etc.
2. Drain tank, then flush tank, boom and hoses with clean water for a minimum of 10 minutes.
3. Fill the tank with clean water then add 300 mL household chlorine bleach (containing 4 % chlorine) per 100 L of water. Household bleach should be less than 12 months old, and stored away from direct sunlight. Flush through boom and hoses then allow to stand for 15 minutes with agitation engaged, then drain.
4. Repeat step 2.
5. Nozzles, screens, relief valves, dump lines, caps and taps at the end of spray lines, tank lids, flow meters, lines to pressure gauges, external tank indicators, induction hoppers, etc should be removed/pulled apart and cleaned separately. To remove traces of chlorine bleach, rinse the tank thoroughly with clean water and flush through hoses and boom.

CAUTION: DO NOT use chlorine bleach with ammonia. All traces of liquid fertiliser containing ammonia, ammonium nitrate or ammonium sulphate must be rinsed with water from the mixing and application equipment before adding chlorine bleach solution. Failure to do so will release a gas with a musty chlorine odour which can cause eye, nose and lung irritation. **DO NOT** clean equipment in an enclosed area.

Crop Rotation Recommendations

Land previously treated with Ally® herbicide should not be rotated to crops other than those listed in the table below.

Tolerance of other crops (grown through to maturity) should be determined on a small scale before sowing into larger areas.

The Ally® herbicide treated area may be replanted to any of the specified crops after the interval indicated in the following table:

Soil pH*	Minimum Recropping Interval			
	10 days	6 weeks	9 months	14 months
5.6 - 8.5	Wheat, Canola (Designated Imidazolinone herbicide tolerant canola varieties only, such as Pioneer 44C73, 45C75. Contact Pioneer or other relevant Seed Company for information on different and/or newer varieties).	Barley Cereal rye Triticale	Canola/ Rapeseed Chickpeas Faba beans Lentils Linseed Lucerne Lupins Medics** Oats Peas Safflower Subterranean clover	Japanese millet Maize Panorama millet White French millet Sorghum Soybeans Sunflower
8.6 and above	Tolerance of crops (grown through to maturity) should be determined on a small scale, in the previous season, before sowing into larger areas.			

* Soil pH is to be determined by laboratory analysis using the 1:5, soil water suspension method.

** Involves natural regeneration of subterranean clover and medics.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

Injury to or loss of desirable trees or vegetation may result from failure to observe the following:

- **DO NOT** apply or drain or flush equipment on or near desirable trees or other plants or on areas where their roots may extend or in locations where the chemical may be washed or moved into contact with their roots.
- **DO NOT** apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

DO NOT contaminate any body of water by spraying, cleaning of equipment or disposal of waste.

PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK

A nil withholding period is applicable for DuPont™ Ally® herbicide. It is recommended, however, not to graze treated areas for 2 to 3 days to ensure product efficacy.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

Store in the closed, original container in a dry, well-ventilated area, as cool as possible out of direct sunlight. Keep from contact with fertilisers, fungicides and seeds. **DO NOT** re-use container. Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. **DO NOT** dispose of undiluted chemical on-site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling break, crush or puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the containers below 500 mm in disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt.

**IN A MEDICAL EMERGENCY CALL
1800 674 415 All hours**

NOTICE TO BUYER

To the extent permitted by law all conditions and warranties and statutory or other rights of action which buyer or any other user may have against DuPont or Seller are hereby excluded. DuPont hereby gives notice to buyer and other users that it will not accept responsibility for any indirect or consequential loss arising from reliance on product information or advice provided by DuPont or on its behalf unless it is established that such information or advice was provided negligently and that the product has been used strictly as directed. DuPont's liability shall in all circumstances be limited to replacement of the product or a refund of the purchase price paid therefor.

APVMA Approval number: 31786/0108

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

RESTRAINTS

DO NOT store a suspension of Ally® herbicide for more than two days otherwise significant breakdown will occur.

DO NOT apply to crops under stress.

DO NOT store tank mixes of Ally® herbicide.

DO NOT apply if rainfall is expected within 2 hours.

DO NOT use on furrow or flood irrigated crops.

DO NOT apply before the three leaf stage of the crop when used for post emergent weed control.

Table 1.A Ally® ONLY - POST CROP AND WEED EMERGENCE BY GROUND AND AERIAL APPLICATION

CROPS	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE(S)	RATE g/ha	WEED GROWTH STAGE AT APPLICATION	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Wheat Barley Triticale Cereal rye	African turnip weed <i>(Sisymbrium thellungii)</i>	Qld Only	5	Apply before the 6 leaf stage	General Where the two rates are specified, use the higher rate for larger weeds and/or under heavy weed pressures. Where weed growth stage is not specified in the adjacent column, apply when weeds are small (ie., no greater than 5 cm in height or diameter) and actively growing. Refer to General Instructions and Crop Safety Directions for further application instructions.
	Amsinckia/Yellow burweed <i>(Amsinckia spp.)</i>	WA Only	5 or 7		
		SA, Vic, NSW, Tas Only			
	Ball mustard <i>(Neslia paniculata)</i>	SA Only	5		
	Boggabri weed/Dwarf amaranth <i>(Amaranthus macrocarpus)</i>	Qld Only	7	Apply at cotyledon to 10 cm height or diameter stage	
	Calomba daisy <i>(Pentzia suffruticosa)</i>	SA Only	5		
	Cape tulip <i>(Homeria spp.)</i>	NSW, Vic, Tas, SA, WA Only			
	Charlock <i>(Sinapis arvensis)</i>	Vic, NSW, SA, Tas Only			
	Chickpeas (Volunteer) <i>(Cicer arietinum)</i>	Qld, NSW, Vic, SA Only			
	Chickweed <i>(Stellaria media)</i>	NSW, Vic, Tas, SA Only			
	Chicory <i>(Cichorium intybus)</i>	Qld Only			
	Clover (Subterranean) <i>(Trifolium subterraneum)</i>	All States			
	Common sowthistle <i>(Sonchus oleraceus)</i>	Qld, NSW, Tas, Vic Only		Apply up to the 4 leaf stage	
	Cutleaf mignonette <i>(Reseda lutea)</i>	SA, Tas Only	7		Spray actively growing large plants, up to the early flowering stage. Plants emerging after spraying may not be controlled.
	Deadnettle <i>(Lamium amplexicaule)</i>	All States	5		
	Denseflower fumitory <i>(Fumaria densiflora)</i>	SA, NSW Only			
	Dock (Broadleaf) <i>(Rumex obtusifolius)</i>	WA Only	5 or 7		
		Qld, NSW, Vic, SA, Tas Only			
	Faba beans <i>(Vicia faba)</i>	Vic, SA Only	5	Apply after the 3 node stage.	
	Field peas <i>(Pisum sativum)</i>	Vic, SA, WA, Tas Only	7		
		NSW Only			
	Hare's ear/Treacle mustard <i>(Conringia orientalis)</i>	Vic Only	5	Apply before the 5 leaf stage.	
	Hogweed/Wireweed <i>(Polygonum aviculare)</i>	WA Only	5	Apply before the 4 leaf stage	
		Vic, SA, NSW, Tas Only	5 or 7		
		Qld Only	7	Apply when weeds are cotyledon-3 leaf stage.	
	Indian hedge mustard <i>(Sisymbrium orientale)</i>	All States	5		
Lincoln weed <i>(Diploaxis tenuifolia)</i>	SA Only	7		Apply to actively growing plants from late winter to spring. Plants emerging after spraying may not be controlled.	

Table 1.A Ally® ONLY - POST CROP AND WEED EMERGENCE BY GROUND AND AERIAL APPLICATION (continued)

CROPS	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE(S)	RATE g/ha	WEED GROWTH STAGE AT APPLICATION	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Wheat Barley Triticale Cereal rye	Lupins (<i>Lupinus albus</i>)	WA, SA, NSW, Vic Only	5		
	Mallee catchfly (<i>Silene apetala</i>)	SA Only			
	Medic (<i>Medicago</i> spp.)	All States			
	New Zealand spinach (<i>Tetragonia tetragonoides</i>)	Qld Only	7	Apply before the 4 leaf stage	
	Parthenium weed (<i>Parthenium hysterophorus</i>)	Qld Only	5	Apply up to the 4 leaf stage	
			7	Apply at the 4 leaf to rosette stage	
	Paterson's curse/ Salvation Jane (<i>Echium plantagineum</i>)	WA, Tas Only SA, NSW Only	5		
			5 or 7		
	Prickly lettuce (<i>Lactuca serriola</i>)	Qld, SA, Vic Tas Only WA Only	5		
			5		
	Red pigweed (<i>Portulaca oleracea</i>)	Qld Only			Apply before the 6 leaf stage.
			7		Apply when weed populations are dense and majority of weeds are 6 leaf stage
	Rough poppy (<i>Papaver hybridum</i>)	NSW, Vic, Tas, SA Only	5		
	Saltbush (<i>Atriplex muelleri</i>)	Qld Only			Apply up to the 4 leaf stage
			7		Apply at the 4 - 6 leaf stage
	Shepherd's purse (<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>)	NSW, Vic, Tas, SA Only	5		
	Skeleton weed (Suppression only) (<i>Chondrilla juncea</i>)	NSW, Vic, SA Only WA Only	7		
			5		
	Slender celery (<i>Apium leptophyllum</i>)	Qld Only			
	Smallflower fumitory (<i>Fumaria parviflora</i>)	SA Only			
	Sorrel (<i>Rumex acetoxella</i>)	SA, Vic, NSW, WA, Tas Only			
	Soursob (<i>Oxalis pes-caprae</i>)	Vic, SA, WA, Tas, NSW Only			Some regeneration from under-ground rootstocks and new germinations may occur late in the season.
	Spiny Emex/ Doublegeel/ Threecorned Jack (s) (<i>Emex australis</i>)	WA Only SA, Vic, NSW, Tas, Qld Only	5		
			5 or 7		
	Stagger weed (<i>Stachys arvensis</i>)	All States	5		
	Stocksbill/Wild geranium (<i>Erodium</i> spp.)	Vic, SA, WA, Tas Only			
Turnip weed (<i>Rapistrum rugosum</i>)	All States				
Volunteer sunflower (<i>Helianthus annuus</i>)	Qld Only NSW Only			Apply at cotyledon to 4 leaf stage	
		7		Apply at 4 to 8 leaf stage	
Wild / Crow garlic (<i>Allium vineale</i>)	Vic, Tas Only			Apply at cotyledon to 8 leaf stage	
				Apply at the 1 - 2 leaf stage	
Wild turnip (<i>Brassica tournefortii</i>)	All States	5			

Table 1.B Ally® - POST CROP AND WEED EMERGENCE BY GROUND AND AERIAL APPLICATION TO LINSEED AND SAFFLOWER

CROPS	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE(S)	RATE g/ha	WEED GROWTH STAGE AT APPLICATION	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Linseed, Safflower (Sironaria, Saffola, Sirothora varieties only)	Refer to Post Crop and Weed Emergence section of this label (Table 1.A)	All states	5 or 7	Refer to Post Crop and Weed Emergence section of this label (Table 1.A)	Refer to Table 1.A for Critical Comments associated with target weeds. Apply at the early post emergence stage of the crop: Linseed 4 true leaf up to pre-budding stage, Safflower 4 true leaf stage to 10 cm.

Table 2. Ally® MIXTURES - POST CROP AND WEED EMERGENCE BY GROUND AND AERIAL APPLICATION

For the control of weeds in addition to those listed above the following mixtures with their appropriate timings are recommended. For mixing instructions refer to "Spray Preparation" section.

CROPS	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE(S)	RATE/ha	CROP STAGE AT APPLICATION	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Wheat Barley Cereal rye Triticale	Capeweed <i>(Arctotheca calendula)</i> and Wild radish <i>(Raphanus raphanistrum)</i>	NSW, Vic Only	5 g + 500 mL Diuron (500 g/L) + 500 mL MCPA Amine (500 g/L)	3 - 5 leaf (Zadoks 13 - 15) NSW Only 5 leaf (Zadoks 15) Vic Only	DO NOT apply to Kamilaroi, Shortim or Olympic Wheat. Apply when weeds are 2 - 5 leaf.
		SA Only	5 g + 500 mL Diuron (500 g/L) + 350 mL MCPA Amine (500 g/L)	3 - 5 leaf (Zadoks 13 - 15)	
		WA Only	5 g + 350 mL Diuron (500 g/L) + 400 mL MCPA Amine (500 g/L)	3 - 4 leaf (Zadoks 13 - 14)	
Wheat Barley	Capeweed <i>(Arctotheca calendula)</i>	SA Only	5 g + 550 mL Terbutryn	3 leaf - early tillering (Zadoks 13 - 21)	Apply when weeds are 2 - 6 leaf.
		NSW Only	5 g + 850 mL Terbutryn		
		NSW, Vic, SA, WA Only	5 g + 1L Agtryne® MA		
Wheat Barley Cereal rye Triticale	Wild radish <i>(Raphanus raphanistrum)</i>	WA Only	5 g + 750 mL Buctril® MA	3 leaf to fully tillered	Apply when weeds are up to 6 leaf stage.
		Qld, NSW, Vic, Tas, SA Only	5 g + 1.4 L Buctril® MA	3 leaf to fully tillered	Apply when weeds are 6 - 8 leaf.
		WA Only	5 g + 1.4 L Buctril® MA		
		Qld, NSW, Vic, Tas, SA Only	5 g + 2 L Buctril® MA	5 leaf to fully tillered (NSW, Vic, Tas, SA Only) Early tillering to fully tillered (Qld Only)	
		Qld Only	5 g + 700 mL to 1 L MCPA Amine (500 g/L)	Early tillering to before boot (Zadoks 21 - 39)	Apply the lower rate to seedling weeds (3 - 6 leaf) and the higher rate on well developed weeds up to rosette.
		NSW Only		Apply 700 mL rate after crop has reached 5 leaf stage. Use higher rates after the first node can be felt at the base of the tiller and before swelling of the head can be felt in the tiller.	
SA Only	5 g + 1.4 L MCPA Amine (500 g/L)	Early tillering to before boot (Zadoks 21 - 39)	Apply when weeds are seedling to rosette.		
WA Only	5 g + 1.2 L MCPA Amine (500 g/L)	5 leaf-tillering (Zadoks 15 - 30)			
Wheat Barley			5 g + 250 mL Tigrex®	Wheat: 3 leaf to late tillering (Zadoks 13 - 30) Barley: 5 leaf to late tillering (Zadoks 15 - 30)	Apply up to the 4 leaf stage and not more than 10 cm in diameter.
Wheat Barley Cereal rye Triticale	Wild radish <i>(Raphanus raphanistrum)</i>	NSW, Vic, Tas, SA, WA Only	5 g + 1.1 to 1.6 L MCPA Ester (500 g/L)	5 leaf to commencement of flag leaf (Zadoks 15 - 37)	Apply up to 2-3 leaf stage only.
	Saffron thistle <i>(Carthamus lanatus)</i>				Spray young rosettes before leaves become spiny.
	Saffron thistle <i>(Carthamus lanatus)</i>	Qld only	5 g + 1.4 L to 2.1 L MCPA Amine (500 g/L)	Early tillering to before boot (Zadoks 21 - 39). Higher rates (above 1.5 L/ha) of MCPA Amine only to be used on crops from mid tillering to before boot stage (Zadoks 23 - 29).	Apply to weeds at seedling to rosette stage. Use the lower rate on seedling weeds and the higher rate on well developed weeds.
		NSW, Vic, Tas, SA, WA Only	5 g + 300 mL Lontrel®	4 - 5 leaf stage (Zadoks 14 - 15)	Spray when weeds are young and actively growing. DO NOT apply Lontrel to a cereal crop if field peas are to be sown the following season unless the cereal stubble is burnt.
	Variegated thistle <i>(Silybum marianum)</i>	Tas Only*	5 g + 1.5 L 2,4-D Amine (500 g/L)	5 leaf to early tillering (Zadoks 15-21)	Apply to weeds at seedling to rosette stage.
		NSW Only	5 g + 700 mL to 1.7 L 2,4-D Amine (500 g/L)	Apply after the first node can be felt at the base of the tiller and before swelling of the head can be felt in the tiller.	Apply to weeds at seedling to rosette stage. Use the lower rate on seedling weeds and the higher rate on well developed weeds.
		Qld Only	5 g + 1.1 L 2,4-D Amine (500 g/L)	Mid tillering to before boot (Zadoks 23 - 39)	Apply to weeds at the seedling to rosette stage.
			5 g + 1.5 L MCPA Amine (500 g/L)	Early tillering to before boot (Zadoks 21 - 39)	Apply to weeds at seedling to rosette stage.
	NSW, Vic, Tas, SA, WA Only	5 g + 840 mL to 1.1 L MCPA Ester (500 g/L)	Apply from 5 leaf through to commencement of flag leaf (Zadoks 15 - 37)	Spray at pre-cabbage stage.	

Table 2. Ally® MIXTURES - POST CROP AND WEED EMERGENCE BY GROUND AND AERIAL APPLICATION (continued)

For the control of weeds in addition to those listed above the following mixtures with their appropriate timings are recommended. For mixing instructions refer to "Spray Preparation" section.

CROPS	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE(S)	RATE/ha	CROP STAGE AT APPLICATION	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Wheat	Slender thistle (<i>Carduus tenuiflorus</i>)	NSW, Vic, Tas, SA, WA Only	5 g + 2.1 L MCPA Ester (500 g/L)	Apply from 5 leaf through to commencement of flag leaf (Zadoks 15 - 37)	Moderately susceptible. Spray young rosettes.
Wheat Barley Cereal rye Triticale		NSW Only	5 g + 1 L to 1.7 L 2,4-D Amine (500 g/L)	Apply after the first node can be felt at the base of the tiller and before swelling of the head can be felt in the tiller.	Apply to weeds at seedling to rosette stage. Use the lower rate on seedling weeds and the higher rate on well developed weeds.
	Slender thistles (<i>Carduus tenuiflorus</i> and <i>Carduus pycnocephalus</i>)	Tas Only*	5 g + 1.7 L 2,4-D Amine (500 g/L)	5 leaf to early tillering (Zadoks 15 - 21)	Apply to weeds at seedling to young rosette stage.
Wheat Barley Triticale	Climbing buckwheat/ Black bindweed (<i>Polygonum convolvulus</i>)	Qld, NSW Only	5 - 7 g + 1 L Tordon® 242	Apply from early tillering (when the main shoot has 4 - 5 leaves plus 2 or more new tillers have formed) to start of jointing (first node).	For best control apply at early tillering as this weed becomes increasingly difficult to control as it becomes larger.

*In Tasmania, 2,4-D can only be applied from 15 April to 15 September to minimise damage to grape vines through spray or vapour drift, unless otherwise permitted by the Registrar of Chemical Products.

Table 3. Ally® + Roundup/GLYPHOSATE - FALLOW/PREPLANT KNOCKDOWN WEED CONTROL

CROPS	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE(S)	RATE/ha	WEED STAGE AT APPLICATION	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Wheat Canola (Designated Imidazolinone herbicide tolerant Canola varieties only, such as Pioneer® 44C73 and 45C75)	Refer to Post Crop and Weed Emergence section of this label (Table 1.A), and the Roundup/glyphosate Directions for Use	All States except WA	5 or 7 g + Roundup®/ glyphosate at label rates	Refer to Post Crop and Weed Emergence section of this label (Table 1.A), and the Roundup/glyphosate Directions for Use	DO NOT apply less than 10 days prior to sowing as crop injury may occur, particularly under dry, cold conditions. Apply when weeds are actively growing. Refer to General Instructions and Critical Comments of the respective labels. Use the appropriate rate of each product for the target weed spectrum.
		WA Only	5 g + Roundup®/glyphosate at label rates		
Barley Cereal rye Triticale		All States except WA	5 g or 7 g + Roundup®/ glyphosate at label rates		
		WA Only	5 g + Roundup®/glyphosate at label rates		

Table 4. Ally® + Roundup® PowerMAX® – CHICKPEA DESICCATION AND KNOCKDOWN WEED CONTROL

CROPS	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE(S)	RATE/ha	WEED STAGE AT APPLICATION	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Chickpeas – pre-harvest application as a crop desiccant and knockdown weed control (Application to crops intended for seed production or for sprouting may reduce germination percentage to commercially unacceptable levels.)	Refer to Post Crop and Weed Emergence section of this label (Table 1.A), and the Roundup PowerMAX Directions for Use	All States	5 g + Roundup® PowerMAX® 500 mL – 1.1 L	Refer to Post Crop and Weed Emergence section of this label (Table 1.A), and the Roundup PowerMAX Directions for Use	Apply when chickpeas are physiologically mature and less than 15% of green pods are present. Use the higher rates of Roundup® PowerMAX® when crops or weeds are dense and where faster desiccation is required. Speed of desiccation is dependant on crop stage, growing conditions and weather conditions during and after application. This use should be part of an Integrated Weed Management Strategy that incorporates herbicides with different modes of action and alternative cultural weed practices.

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

WITHHOLDING PERIOD

Ally® only

PRODUCT	CROP	HARVEST	GRAZING
Ally® only	BARLEY CEREAL RYE TRITICALE WHEAT	NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.	NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.
	LINSEED SAFFLOWER		DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 14 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.

Ally® mixed with

PRODUCT	CROP	HARVEST	GRAZING
2,4-D	BARLEY CEREAL RYE TRITICALE WHEAT	NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.	DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.
Agtryne® MA	BARLEY WHEAT		
Buctril® MA	BARLEY CEREAL RYE TRITICALE WHEAT		DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 14 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.
MCPA	WHEAT		DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.
Terbutryn	BARLEY WHEAT		
Tigrex®	WHEAT		
Tordon® 242	BARLEY TRITICALE WHEAT		
Roundup®/glyphosate	FALLOW/PREPLANT		NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED
Roundup® PowerMAX®	CHICKPEAS	DO NOT HARVEST FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.	DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION

The information set forth herein is furnished free of charge and is based on technical data that DuPont believes to be reliable. It is intended for use by persons having technical skill at their own discretion and risk. DuPont makes no warranties, expressed or implied, and assumes no liability in connection with any of this information. Nothing herein is to be taken as license to operate under or a recommendation to infringe on any patents.

Copyright © 2012 E.I. du Pont de Nemours and Company. All rights reserved.

The DuPont Oval Logo, The miracles of science®, DuPont™, Ally®, DF®, Glean®, Lexone® and Xtruded™ are trademarks or registered trademarks of DuPont or its affiliates.

Pioneer Hybrid International Inc.

* Non DuPont Trademark

Du Pont (Australia) Limited
7 Eden Park Drive,
Macquarie Park NSW 2113
Phone: (02) 9923 6111
[http:// www.cropprotection.dupont.com.au](http://www.cropprotection.dupont.com.au)

Emergency Telephone
Transport Emergency: (02) 9923 6275
24 hr Emergency Medical Information: 1800 674 415