

CYMOXANIL	GROUP	27	FUNGICIDE	
PROPAMOCARB HYDROCHLORIDE	GROUP	28	FUNGICIDE	

**ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:** 

Contains 0.75 pounds cymoxanil per gallon. Contains 4.00 pounds propamocarb hydrochloride per gallon.

(VL)

(OI)

EPA Reg. No. 60063-73-71711

EPA Est. No. 60063-GA-1 62171-MS-1 superscript corresponds to lot number

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

	FIRST AID	
If in eyes	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes; then, continue rinsing eye.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>	
If swallowed	<ul> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.</li> <li>Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.</li> <li>Do not induce vomiting unless told by a poison control center or doctor.</li> <li>Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>	
If on skin or clothing	<ul> <li>Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>	
If inhaled	<ul> <li>Move person to fresh air.</li> <li>If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance; then, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.</li> </ul>	
	HOTLINE NUMBER	

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. For additional information on this pesticide product including human health concerns and medical emergencies, call 1-800-348-5832. In case of fire or spills, information may be obtained by calling 1-800-424-9300.

See inside booklet for additional Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use

**NET CONTENTS: 2.5 gallons** 



# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or on clothing. Wear appropriate protective eyewear such as goggles, face shield, or safety glasses. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Mixers, loaders, applicators must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- · Shoes plus socks

#### Potatoes

• In addition, mixers and loaders supporting aerial applications for potatoes must wear chemical-resistant gloves.

#### Mechanical Pressurized Handgun

 In addition, mixers, loaders, and applicators using mechanically-pressurized handguns must also wear chemicalresistant gloves.

#### **User Safety Requirements**

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. **DO NOT** reuse them.

#### **Engineering Controls**

Pilots must use an enclosed cab that meets the definition listed in the WPS for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.305].

#### **User Safety Recommendations**

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.
- · Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then, wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This product is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. **DO NOT** apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. **DO NOT** contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters.

#### PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

**DO NOT** mix or allow to come into contact with oxidizing or reducing agents. Hazardous chemical reactions may occur.

## **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

**DO NOT** apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons or pets, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

#### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard (WPS), 40 CFR Part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval (REI). The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

**DO NOT** enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the REI of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- · Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof materials
- · Shoes plus socks

#### PRODUCT INFORMATION

**EJECT<sup>TM</sup>** is a fungicide containing two effective active ingredients (cymoxanil and propamocarb hydrochloride) with different modes of action. Cymoxanil penetrates the leaf quickly and rapidly acts on infection. Propamocarb acts systemically, protecting new growth from spores. Both active ingredients feature antisporulant activity.

This product provides downy mildew and late blight control in registered crops.

#### INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT

This product is an excellent disease control agent when used according to label directions for control of a broad spectrum of plant diseases. This product is recommended for use in programs that are compatible with the principles of Integrated Pest Management (IPM), including the use of disease resistant crop varieties, cultural practices, pest scouting, and disease forecasting systems which reduce unnecessary applications of pesticides.

#### FUNGICIDE RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

For resistance management, please note that this product contains both a Group 27 (cymoxanil) and Group 28 (propamocarb hydrochloride) fungicide. Any fungal population may contain individuals naturally resistant to this product and other Group 27 or Group 28 fungicides. A gradual or total loss of pest control may occur over time if these fungicides are used repeatedly in the same fields. Appropriate resistance management strategies should be followed.

To delay fungicide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of this product or other Group 27 and 28 fungicides within a growing season sequence with different groups that control the same pathogens.
- Use tank mixtures with fungicides from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is permitted. Use at least the minimum application rate as labeled by the manufacturer.
- Adopt an integrated disease management program for fungicide use that includes scouting, uses historical
  information related to pesticide use, and crop rotation and which considers host plant resistance, impact of
  environmental conditions on disease development, disease thresholds, as well as cultural, biological, and other
  chemical control practices.
- Where possible, make use of predictive disease models to effectively time fungicide applications. Note that using
  predictive models alone is not sufficient to manage resistance.
- Monitor treated fungal populations for resistance development.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisor for any additional pesticide resistance management and/or IPM recommendations for specific crops and pathogens.

#### SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT.

BE AWARE OF NEARBY NONTARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

#### **Aerial Applications**

- DO NOT release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the vegetative canopy unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- If the wind speed is greater than 10 mph, the boom length must be 65% or less of the wingspan for fixed wing aircraft and 75% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters. Otherwise, the boom length must be 75% or less of the wingspan for fixed-wing aircraft and 90% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters.
- Applicators must use ½ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- DO NOT apply during temperature inversions.

#### **Ground Boom Applications**

- User must only apply with the nozzle height recommended by the manufacturer but no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- DO NOT apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.
- DO NOT apply during temperature inversions.

#### **AERIAL DRIFT INFORMATION**

#### Importance of Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

#### **Controlling Droplet Size - Ground Boom**

**Volume:** Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.

**Pressure:** Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.

**Spray Nozzle:** Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

#### **Controlling Droplet Size - Aircraft**

Adjust nozzles. Follow nozzle manufacturers' recommendations for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles should be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight.

#### **Boom Height - Ground Boom**

For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

#### Release Height - Aircraft

Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift. When applying aerially to crops, **DO NOT** release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.

#### **Shielded Sprayers**

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

### **Temperature and Humidity**

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

#### Temperature Inversions

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

#### Wind

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS. Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

#### **APPLICATION RATES**

Dosage rates on this label indicate pints of this product per acre unless otherwise stated. Under conditions favoring disease development, the high rate specified and shortest application interval should be used.

For each listed crop, the maximum total amount of active ingredient (lbs ai/A) which may be applied per acre of that crop (or crop group) during each year is listed in the **Restrictions** section for that crop. For each crop use situation listed below, the listed maximum individual and yearly application rates must not be exceeded, and the listed minimum retreatment intervals must not be decreased.

#### RESTRICTIONS

- This product must not be applied within 150 feet (for aerial and airblast applications) or 25 feet (for ground applications) from marine/estuarine water bodies unless there is an untreated buffer area of that width between the area to be treated and the water body.
- Pilots must use an enclosed cab that meets the definition listed in the WPS for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.305].

#### **CROP ROTATION RESTRICTIONS**

- · Crops on this label may be rotated anytime following the last application of this product.
- DO NOT rotate to root and leafy vegetables for 30 days following the last application of this product.
- DO NOT rotate to winter wheat and all other crops for 120 days following the last application of this product.

#### **MIXING INSTRUCTIONS**

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

For applications where an adjuvant will be used, use one that meets the standards of the Chemical Producers and Distributors Association (CPDA) adjuvant certification.

- 1. Fill the tank 1/4 to 1/3 full of water.
- 2. While agitating, add the required amount of this product.
- 3. Continue agitation until this product is fully dispersed; at least 5 minutes.
- 4. Once fully dispersed, maintain agitation and continue filling tank with water. Thoroughly mix this product with water before adding any other material.
- 5. As the tank is filling, add tankmix partner(s); then, add the necessary volume of any adjuvants, if desired. This product does not require an adjuvant. See tankmix partner labels for recommended adjuvants.
- If the mixture is not continuously agitated, settling will occur. If settling occurs, thoroughly re-agitate before using.
- 7. Apply this product spray mixture within 12 hours of mixing to avoid product degradation.

8. If this product and a tankmix partner are to be applied in multiple loads, pre-slurry this product in clean water prior to adding to the tank. This will prevent the tankmix partner from interfering with the dissolution of this product.

Apply the spray mixture as soon as possible after preparation. DO NOT allow spray mixture to stand overnight or product degradation may occur. If the pH of the spray mix is greater than 7, either add a buffering agent to reduce the pH to 7 or less or apply the spray mixture immediately.

#### TANK MIXTURE/COMPATIBILITY

This product is compatible with many commonly used fungicides, liquid fertilizers, herbicides, insecticides, adjuvants, and biological control agents. However, the physical compatibility of this product with tankmix partner(s) must be evaluated before use. To determine the physical compatibility, the recommended proportions of products must be added into a suitable container of water in the following sequence:

- 1. Water dispersible granules
- 2. Wettable powders
- 3. **EJECT** Fungicide and other liquid flowables
- 4. Emulsifiable concentrates
- 5. Adjuvants

Mix thoroughly and allow to stand for at least 20 minutes. If the combination remains mixed or can be remixed readily, it is considered physically compatible.

The crop safety of all potential tankmixes, including additives and other pesticides, on all crops has not been tested. Before applying any tank mixture not specifically listed on this label, the safety to the target crop must be confirmed. To test for crop safety, apply the combination to a small area of the target crop in accordance with the label instructions to ensure that a phytotoxic response will not occur.

#### APPLICATIONS THROUGH SPRINKLER IRRIGATION SYSTEMS (CHEMIGATION)

Application through sprinkler irrigation systems is recommended only for those specific crops for which chemigation is listed in the **Application Directions** in the crop charts.

Apply this product only through center pivot, motorized lateral move, traveling gun, solid set or portable (wheel move, side roll, end tow, or hand move), and drip irrigation systems. **DO NOT** apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact state extension service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.

**DO NOT** apply this product through irrigation systems connected to a public water system. 'Public water system' means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days per year.

Controls for both irrigation water and pesticide injection systems must be functionally interlocked so as to automatically terminate pesticide injection when the irrigation water pump motor stops. A person knowledgeable of the irrigation system and responsible for its operation shall be present so as to discontinue pesticide injection and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The irrigation water pipeline must be fitted with a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of treated irrigation water back toward the water source. The pipeline must also be fitted with a vacuum relief valve and low pressure drain, located between the irrigation water pump and the check valve, to prevent back-siphoning of treated irrigation water into the water source.

Always inject this product into irrigation water after it discharges from the irrigation pump and after it passes through the check valve. Never inject pesticides into the intake line on the suction side of the pump.

Pesticide injection equipment must be fitted with a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump. Interlock this valve to the power system so as to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the chemical supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually turned off.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Spray mixture in the chemical supply tank must be agitated at all times, otherwise settling and uneven application may occur. **DO NOT** apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

This product may be used through two basic types of sprinkler irrigation systems as outlined in Sections A and B below. Determine which type of system is in place; then, refer to the appropriate directions provided for each type.

## A. Center Pivot, Motorized Lateral Move, and Traveling Gun Irrigation Equipment

For injection of pesticides, these continuously moving systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump of either diaphragm or piston type, constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides, fitted with a system interlock, and capable of injection at pressures approximately 2 to 3 times those encountered within the irrigation water line. Venturi applicator units cannot be used on these systems.

Fill chemical supply tank of injection equipment with water. Operate system for one complete revolution or run across

the field, measuring time required, amount of water injected, and acreage covered. Thoroughly mix recommended amount of this product for acreage to be covered into same amount of water used during calibration and inject into system continuously for one revolution or run. Mixture in the chemical supply tank must be continuously agitated during the injection run. Shut off injection equipment after one revolution or run but continue to operate irrigation system until this product has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

## B. Solid Set and Portable (Wheel Move, Side Roll, End Tow, or Hand Move) Irrigation Equipment

# With stationary systems, an effectively designed in-line Venturi applicator unit is preferred which is constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides; however, a positive-displacement pump can also be used. Determine acreage covered by sprinkler. Fill tank of injection equipment with water and adjust flow to use contents

over a thirty to forty-five minute period. Mix desired amount of this product for acreage to be covered with water so that the total mixture of this product plus water in the injection tank is equal to the quantity of water used during calibration, and operate entire system at normal pressures recommended by the manufacturer of injection equipment used for amount of time established during calibration. No agitation is required. This product can be injected at the beginning or end of the irrigation cycle or as a separate application. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed, and continue to operate irrigation system until this product has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

## **CROPS**

Begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease but before infection, according to the use directions below. Please note that not all crops within a crop group and not all varieties, cultivars, or hybrids of crops have been individually tested for crop safety.

#### **Cucurbit Vegetables (Crop Group 9)**

chayote (fruit); Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon); citron melon; cucumber; gherkin; gourd, edible (includes hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese okra); *Momordica* spp. (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bitter melon, Chinese cucumber); muskmelon (includes true cantaloupe, cantaloupe, casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, and snake melon); pumpkin; squash, summer (includes crookneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini); squash, winter (includes butternut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash, acorn squash, spaghetti squash); watermelon

Disease Controlled	Rate Per Acre	Application Directions
Downy Mildew (Pseudoperonospora cubensis)	28.5 fl oz (0.167 lb ai cymoxanil and 0.89 lb ai propamocarb)	<ul> <li>Begin applications when plants are in first true leaf stage or when conditions are favorable for disease but before infection.</li> <li>Repeat applications at 5 to 7 days interval.</li> <li>Include this product in an integrated pest management program.</li> <li>Tank mixtures of this product with other pesticides and adjuvants should be tested on a small scale for crop safety prior to application to the entire crop.</li> </ul>

#### RESTRICTIONS

- **DO NOT** apply more than 142.5 fl oz of this product (0.835 lb ai of cymoxanil and 4.45 lb ai of propamocarb) per acre per year.
- DO NOT apply more than 1.125 lb of cymoxanil active ingredient per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 4.5 lb of propamocarb active ingredient per acre per year.
- DO NOT make more than 5 applications per year.
- DO NOT make more than two applications of this product before alternating with a fungicide with a different mode of action.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 5 days
- Preharvest Interval (PHI): 3 days

#### Fruiting Vegetables (Crop Group 8)

eggplant; groundcherry; pepino; pepper (Capsicum spp.); tomatillo; tomato

Disease Controlled	Rate Per Acre	Application Directions
Late blight (Phytophthora infestans)	21.0 fl oz (0.123 lb ai cymoxanil and 0.6563 lb ai propamocarb)	<ul> <li>Begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease development but before infection.</li> <li>Repeat applications at 5 to 7 days interval.</li> <li>Include this product in an integrated pest management program.</li> <li>Tank mixtures of this product with other pesticides and adjuvants should be tested on a small scale for crop safety prior to application to the entire crop.</li> </ul>

#### RESTRICTIONS

- DO NOT apply more than 168.0 fl oz of this product (0.984 lb ai of cymoxanil and 5.25 lb ai of propamocarb) per acre per year.
- DO NOT apply more than 1.125 lb of cymoxanil active ingredient per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 5.625 lb of propamocarb active ingredient per acre per year.
- DO NOT make more than 8 applications per year.
- DO NOT make more than two applications of this product before alternating with a fungicide with a different mode of action.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 5 days
- Preharvest Interval (PHI): 5 days

#### Leafy Greens Subgroup (Crop Subgroup 4A)

amaranth; arugula; chervil; chrysanthemum, edible-leaved; chrysanthemum, garland; corn salad; cress, garden; cress, upland; dandelion; dock; endive; lettuce; orach; parsley; purslane, garden; purslane, winter; radicchio (red chicory); spinach; spinach, New Zealand; spinach, vine

Disease Controlled	Rate Per Acre	Application Directions
Downy Mildew (Bremia Lactucae)	32.0 fl oz (0.1875 lb ai cymoxanil and 1.0 lb ai propamocarb)	<ul> <li>Begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease development but before infection.</li> <li>Repeat applications at 5 to 7 days interval.</li> <li>Include this product in an integrated pest management program.</li> <li>Tank mixtures of this product with other pesticides and adjuvants should be tested on a small scale for crop safety prior to application to the entire crop.</li> </ul>

#### RESTRICTIONS

- DO NOT apply more than 192.0 fl oz of this product (1.125 lb ai of cymoxanil and 6.0 lb ai of propamocarb) per acre per year.
- DO NOT apply more than 1.125 lb of cymoxanil active ingredient per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 6.0 lb of propamocarb active ingredient per acre per year.
- DO NOT make more than 6 applications per year.
- DO NOT make more than two applications of this product before alternating with a fungicide with a different mode of action.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 5 days
- Preharvest Interval (PHI): 3 days

Potato		
Disease Controlled	Rate Per Acre	Application Directions
Late blight (Phytophthora infestans)	21.0 fl oz (0.123 lb ai cymoxanil and 0.6563 lb ai propamocarb)	<ul> <li>Apply as a spray with ground, air, or chemigation.</li> <li>Begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease but before disease outbreak, assuring uniform coverage.</li> <li>Apply this product at intervals of 5 to 7 days. Under severe disease conditions, apply at 5 days interval.</li> <li>Include this product in an integrated pest management program.</li> <li>Tuber blight suppression will result as a consequence of good foliar blight control, complete killing of vines before harvest, and proper tuber storage conditions.</li> <li>Late Blight Protection at Crop Emergence: Seed pieces contaminated with the late blight pathogen can produce plants with late blight symptoms which serve as local, within-field sources of infection. Make the first application at 90-95% crop emergence (plants 3-6 inches tall) before infected seedlings can spread disease to other plants. Make a subsequent application 7 days later. Delaying the first application until after 90-95% crop emergence may result in a reduced level of late blight control. For best results, treatment should be applied as a directed band spray with nozzles adjusted to obtain complete spray coverage. For band spray applications, reduce the broadcast rate per acre in proportion to the width of the spray band.</li> </ul>

#### **RESTRICTIONS**

- **DO NOT** apply more than 84.0 fl oz of this product (0.492 lb ai of cymoxanil and 2.626 lb ai of propamocarb) per acre per year.
- DO NOT apply more than 0.84 lb of cymoxanil active ingredient per acre per year.
- DO NOT apply more than 4.5 lb of propamocarb active ingredient per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications per year at the high rate.
- DO NOT make more than two applications of this product before alternating with a fungicide with a different mode of action.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 5 days
- Preharvest Interval (PHI): 14 days

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

**STORAGE:** Store in a cool place. Protect from excessive heat.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide wastes are toxic. Open dumping is prohibited. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, pesticide spray, or rinsate is a violation of federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative of the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

**CONTAINER HANDLING:** Nonrefillable container. **DO NOT** reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration.

### IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following conditions, warranty, disclaimer of warranties, and limitations of liability.

**CONDITIONS:** The directions for use of this product are believed to be accurate and must be followed carefully. However, because of extreme weather and soil conditions, use methods and other factors beyond the control of Nichino America, Inc. (NAI), it is impossible for NAI to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. As a result, crop injury or ineffectiveness is always possible. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks are assumed by the user or buyer.

**DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES:** TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THERE ARE NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OTHERWISE, WHICH EXTEND BEYOND THE STATEMENTS MADE ON THIS LABEL. No agent of NAI is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. To the extent consistent with applicable law, NAI disclaims any liability whatsoever for incidental or consequential damages, including, but not limited to, liability arising out of breach of contract, express or implied warranty (including warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose), tort, negligence, strict liability, or otherwise.

**LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY:** TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER FOR ANY AND ALL LOSSES, INJURIES, OR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY, OR OTHERWISE, SHALL NOT EXCEED THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID, OR AT THE ELECTION OF NICHINO AMERICA INC., THE REPLACEMENT OF PRODUCT.

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> 60063-73 02/16/2023



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If swallowed	<ul> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.</li> <li>Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.</li> <li>Do not induce vomiting unless told by a poison control center or doctor.</li> <li>Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>		
If on skin or clothing	<ul> <li>Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>		
If inhaled	<ul> <li>Move person to fresh air.</li> <li>If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance; then, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.</li> </ul>		
HOTHINE NUMBER			

#### HOTLINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. For additional information on this pesticide product including human health concerns and medical emergencies, call 1-800-348-5832. In case of fire or spills, information may be obtained by calling 1-800-424-9300.

See attached booklet for additional Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use

Nichino America, Inc. 4550 Linden Hill Road, Suite 501 Wilmington, DE 19808 888-740-7700

**NET CONTENTS: 2.5 gallons**