



Net Contents:

1 Gallon

For: Control of certain diseases in almonds, artichokes, asparagus, bulb vegetables, celtuce and fennel. Florence (fresh leaves and stalk), citrus, cucurbits, fruiting vegetables. grapes and small vine fruits (except fuzzy kiwifruit), grasses grown for seed, head and stem brassica vegetables, brassica leafy greens, herbs, hops, kohlrabi, leafy greens, leaf petiole vegetables, Individual Crops of Proposed Subgroup 6-22A (edible podded bean legume vegetables), pistachios, pome fruits, potatoes and other tuberous and corm vegetables, pulses, dried shelled beans and peas, except soybean (crop subgroups 6-22E and 6-22F), rice, root vegetables (except radishes), stone fruit, strawberry and other low-growing berries (except cranberries), sugar beets, tree nuts, and tropical fruits.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: Trifloxystrobin. (E. E)-alpha-(methoxyimino)-2-[[[1-[3-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl] ethylidenel aminol oxyl methyll-, methylester..... 42.60% OTHER INGREDIENTS: 57.40% TOTAL: 100.00%

Contains 4.05 pounds Trifloxystrobin per U.S. gallon.

TRIFLOXYSTROBIN GROUP 11 FUNGICIDE

EPA Reg. No. 264-826

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

See Back Panel for First Aid Instructions and Booklet for Complete Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

For MEDICAL and TRANSPORTATION Emergencies ONLY Call 24 Hours a Day 1-800-334-7577

For PRODUCT USE Information Call 1-866-99BAYER (1-866-992-2937)

Produced for Bayer CropScience LP 800 N. Lindbergh Blvd. St. Louis, MO 63167

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US85416863C

	FIRST AID		
If inhaled: • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.			
If in eyes:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.		
If on skin:	skin: • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.		
If swallowed: If mimediately call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.			
	In case of emergency, call the toll-free Bayer CropScience Emergency Response		

telephone number: 1-800-334-7577. Have a product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. Note to Physician: Treat Symptomatically

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

- Harmful if inhaled.
- · Causes moderate eye irritation.
- Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing.
- . Wear long sleeved shirt, long pants, waterproof gloves, and shoes plus socks.
- . Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions exist for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- . Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Waterproof gloves
- Shoes plus socks

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides 40 CFR 170.607 (d)(e)(f), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

- Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- . Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- . Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product.
- . Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Applying this product when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help reduce potential risk to aquatic invertebrates by reducing pesticide runoff from the treatment area into water bodies. **DO NOT** apply directly to water, or it or areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adiacent to treated areas. **DO NOT** contaminate water when disposing of equipment washe water or rinsate.

Ground Water Advisory

Several trifloxystrobin degradates have properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in ground water. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in ground water contamination.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

DO NOT use, pour, spill, or store near heat or open flame.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATIONS OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Bayer' CropScience. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, BAYER GROPSCIENCE MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OTHERWISE, THAT EXTEND BEYOND THE STATEMENTS MADE ON THIS LABEL. No agent of Bayer Crosscience is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, BAYER CROPSCIENCE DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY WHATSOEVER FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY: TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER FOR ANY AND ALL LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE, SHALL NOT EXCEED THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID, OR AT BAYER CROPSCIENCE'S ELECTION, THE IREPLACEMENT OF PRODUCT.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Read the entire label before using this product.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), notification to workers, and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas (that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water) is:

- Coveralls
- · Waterproof gloves
- Shoes plus socks

PRODUCT INFORMATION

FLINT® Extra-

 is a broad spectrum fungicide for the control of certain diseases in almonds, artichokes, asparagus, bulb vegetables, celtuce and fennel, Florence (fresh leaves and stalk), citrus, cucurbits, fruiting vegetables, grapes and small vine fruits (except fuzzy kiwfiruit), grasses grown for seed, head and stem brassica vegetables, brassica leafly greens, heirs, hops, kolirabit; leafly greens, leafly greiole vegetables, Individual Crops of Proposed Subgroup 6-22A (edible podded bean legume vegetables), pistachios, pome fruits, potatoes and other tuberous and corm vegetables, pulses, dried shelled beans and peas, except soybean (crop subgroups 6-22E and 6-22P), rice, root vegetables (except radishes), stone fruit, strawberry and other low-crowino berries (except cranberries). sugar beets. tree nuts, and tropical fruits.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- . DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.
- . Not registered for aerial application in New York State.

Refer to the specific use directions and restrictions in each Crop. Crop Group or Crop Subgroup table.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

- Thorough coverage is necessary to provide good disease control.
- Use the higher rates and shorter intervals when disease pressure is severe.
- Applications using sufficient water volume to provide thorough and uniform coverage generally provide the most effective disease control.
- Under certain conditions conducive to extended infection periods, additional fungicide applications beyond the number allowed by this label
 may be needed. Under these conditions, use another fungicide registered for the crop/disease.
- For ground application equipment, a minimum of 50 gal./A is prescribed for tree crops and 10 gal./A for other crops.

Aerial Application

Avoid application under conditions when uniform coverage cannot be obtained or when excessive spray drift may occur. DO NOT apply directly to humans or animals.

For aerial application equipment, a minimum of 10 gal./A for tree crops and 5 gal./A for other crops.

Not registered for aerial application in New York State.

Ground Application

Equip sprayers with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application. Be certain that nozzles are the same size and uniformly spaced across the boom. Calibrate the sprayer before use, and replace worn or damaged nozzles.

Use a pump with the capacity to: (1) maintain a minimum of 35 psi at nozzles, and (2) provide sufficient agitation in the tank to keep the mixture in suspension — this requires recirculation of 10% of the tank volume per minute. Use jet agitators or a liquid sparge tube for vigorous agitation. Use screens to protect the pump and to prevent nozzles from clogging. Screens placed on the suction side of the pump should be 16-mesh or coarser. **D0 M0T** place a screen in the recirculation line. Use 50-mesh screens at the nozzles. Check nozzle manufacturer's recommendations.

For information on spray equipment and calibration, consult sprayer manufacturer's and/or state recommendations. For specific local directions and spray schedules, consult the current state agricultural experiment station recommendations.

Air Blast Sprayers

Air-assisted or air blast sprayers move spray droplets into the crop canopy using a forced air system. The fan should be set up to deliver only enough air volume to penetrate the canopy and provide good coverage. Adjust deflectors or other aiming devices to direct spray only to the target area.

Equip sprayers with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application. Check whirl plates and nozzle discs for wear and replace as necessary. Calibrate the sprayer before use.

Use a pump with a capacity to maintain the correct rated pressure for the nozzles selected. Maintain sufficient agitation to keep the mixture in suspension. Use jet agitators, a liquid sparge tube, or mechanical paddles for agitation.

It is suggested that screens be used to prevent nozzles from clogging. Screens placed after the tank and before the nozzles should be 50-mesh or coarser. Check nozzle manufacturer's recommendations.

Chemigation

Apply FINT Extra through irrigation equipment only to crops and diseases for which the chemigation use is specified. Under preventative or light disease pressures the low rate may be applied. Under moderate disease pressures, apply the highest rate allowed and use the shorter spray intervals.

Types of irrigation systems

Apply this product only through sprinkler irrigation systems including hand move, solid set, wheel lines, linear, and center pivot.

DO NOT apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

For specific information about calibration, contact State Extension Service Specialists, equipment manufacturers or other irrigation experts.

Uniform Water Distribution and System Calibration

Maintain continuous agitation in mix tank during mixing and application to assure a uniform suspension. Greater accuracy in calibration and distribution will be achieved by injecting a larger volume of a more dilute solution per unit time.

The chemigation system must provide uniform distribution of treated water. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. The chemigation system must be calibrated to uniformly apply the rates specified in crop-specific label sections. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other expects.

Chemigation Monitoring

Allow sufficient time for pesticide to be flushed through all lines and all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary additionants should the need arise.

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift, when system connection or fittings leak, when nozzles DO NOT provide uniform distribution or when lines containing the product must be dismantled and drained. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop may resulf from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

Required System Safety Devices

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally-closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch, which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Using Water from Public Water Systems

DO NOT connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year. Chemigation systems connected public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, back-flow preventer (RP2) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RP2, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir trank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between tudel end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional automatic quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the lintake side of the injection pump and comnected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically shut down. The system musts contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut of the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock. DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Spray Preparation

Remove scale, pesticide residues, and other foreign matter from the chemical tank and entire injector system. Flush with clean water.

First prepare a suspension of FLNT Extra in a mix tank. Fill tank with 1/2 to 3/4 the desired amount of water. Start mechanical or hydraulic agitation. Add the required amount of FLNT Extra and then the remaining volume of water. Start sprinkler and unformly inject the suspension of FLNT extra into the irrigation water line so as to deliver the desired rate per acre. The suspension of FLNT Extra should be injected with a jositive displacement pump into the main line ahead of a right angle turn to ensure adequate mixing. If you should have any other questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other extra should be injected with a

When treatment with FLINT Extra has been completed, further field irrigation over the treated area should be avoided for 24 hours to prevent washing the chemical off the crop.

MANDATORY SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Aerial Applications

- For aerial applications, do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site. If the wind speed is greater than 10 mph, the
 boom length must be 65% or less of the wingsan for fixed wing aircraft and 75% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters. Otherwise,
 the boom length must be 75% or less of the wingsan for fixed-wing aircraft and 90% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters.
- Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the ground or vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- Applicators must use ½ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

Airblast applications

- Sprays must be directed into the canopy.
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.
- User must turn off outward pointing nozzles at row ends and when spraying outer row.
- . Do not apply during temperature inversions

Ground Boom Applications

- Apply with the nozzle height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572. I).
- . Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT. BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

IMPORTANCE OF DROPI ET SIZE

 An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under untavorable environmental conditions.

Controlling Droplet Size - Ground Boom

- Volume -Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the
 application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- Pressure -Use the lowest soray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target soray volume and droplet size.
- Spray Nozzle -Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

Controlling Droplet Size - Aircraft

 Adjust Nozzles - Follow nozzle manufacturers recommendations for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles should be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight.

BOOM HEIGHT-Ground Boom

For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

RELEASE HEIGHT - Aircraft

Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift.

SHIELDED SPRAYERS

 Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

WIND

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS. Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

Handheld Technology Applications

Take precautions to minimize spray drift.

COMPATIBILITY TESTING AND TANK MIX PARTNERS

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product bables involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and brecautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Compatibility

FLINT Extra is compatible with most insecticide, fungicide, and foliar nutrient products. However, the physical compatibility of FLINT Extra with lank-mix partners should be tested before use. To determine the physical compatibility of FLINT Extra with other products, use a jar test, as idescribed below.

Using a quart jar, add the proportionate amounts of the products to 1 qt. of water. Add wettable powders and water-dispersible granular products first, then liquid flowables, and emulsifiable concentrates last. After thoroughly mixing, let stand for at least 5 minutes. If the combination remains mixed or can be remixed readily, it is physically compatible. Once compatibility has been proven, use the same procedure for adding required ingredients to the spray tank.

The crop safety of all potential tank mixes including additives and other pesticides on all crops has not been tested. Before applying any tank mixture not specifically listed on this fabet, the safety to the target crop must be confirmed. To test for crop safety, apply FLINT Extra to the target crop in a small grave and in accordance with label instructions for the target crop.

If using FLINT Extra in a tank mixture, observe all directions for use, crop/sites, use rates, dilution ratios, precautions, and limitations, which appear on the tank-mix product label. **DO NOT** exceed labeled rates and observe the most restrictive of the labeling limitations and precautions of all products used in mixtures. This product must not be mixed with any product, which prohibits such mixing. Tank mixtures or other applications of products referenced on this label are permitted only in those states in which the referenced products are registered.

Order of Mixina

Prepare no more spray mixture than is needed for the immediate operation. Thoroughly clean spray equipment before using this product. Vigorous agitation is necessary for proper dispersal of the product. Maintain maximum agitation throughout the spraying operation. DO NOT let the spray mixture stand overnight in the spray tank. Flush the spray equipment thoroughly following each use and apply the rinsate to a loreviously treated area.

FLINT Extra Alone:

- Add approximately 1/2 of the required amount of water to the mix tank.
- 2. With the agitator running, add the FLINT Extra to the tank.
- Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water.
- 4. Begin application of the solution after the FLINT Extra has completely and uniformly dispersed into the mix water.

NOTE: Maintain agitation until all of the mixture has been applied.

FLINT Extra + Tank Mix Partners:

- 1. Add approximately 1/2 of the required amount of water to the mix tank.
- 2. Start the agitator running before adding any tank-mix partners.
- In general, add tank-mix partners in this order: products packaged in water-soluble packaging, wettable powders, wettable granules (dry flowables), and liquid flowables such as FLINT Extra, liquids, and emulsifiable concentrates.
- 4. Provide sufficient agitation while adding the remainder of the water.

NOTES:

- Always allow each tank-mix partner to become fully and uniformly dispersed before adding the next product.
- . Maintain agitation until all of the mixture has been applied.
- When using FLINT Extra in tank mixtures, all products in water-soluble packaging should be added to the tank before any other tank mix partner, including FLINT Extra. Allow the water-soluble packaging to completely dissolve and the product(s) to completely disperse before adding any other tank-mix partner to the tank.

FUNGICIDE RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT (FRAC) RECOMMENDATIONS

For resistance management, FLINT Extra contains a Group 11 fungicide. Any fungal population may contain individuals naturally resistant to FLINT Extra and other Group 11 fungicides. A gradual or total loss of pest control may occur over time if these fungicides are used repeatedly in the same fields. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay fungicide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of FLINT Extra or other Group 11 fungicides within a growing season sequence with different groups that control the same pathogens.
- bus tank mixtures with fungicide from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is permitted. Use at least the minimum application rate as labeled by the manufacturer.
- Adopt an integrated disease management program for fungicide use that includes scouting, uses historical information related to pesticide
 use, and crop rotation, and which considers host plant resistance, impact of environmental conditions on disease development, disease
 thresholds, as well as cultural, biolocical and other chemical control practices.
- Where possible, make use of predictive disease models to effectively time fungicide applications. Note that using predictive models alone
 is not sufficient to manage resistance.
- Monitor treated fungal populations for resistance development.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisor for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or IPM recommendations for specific crops and pathogens.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance contact Bayer CropScience at 1-866-99BAYER (1-866-992-2937). You can also contact your pesticide distributor or university extension specialist to report resistance.

ROTATIONAL CROPS

Treated areas may be replanted immediately following harvest with any crop listed on this label. For crops not listed on this label, **DO NOT** plant back within 30 days of last application.

SPECIFIC CROP DIRECTIONS

ALMONDS		
Disease Controlled	Product Rate	Application Instructions
Alternaria (Alternaria alternata) Anthracnose (Colletotrichum acutatum) Rust (Tranzschelia discolor) Scab (Cladosporium carpophilum) Shot hole (Wilsonomyces carpophilus)	3.0 - 3.8 fl oz/acre (0.095 - 0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	Apply on a 7- to 14-day interval as needed.
Disease Suppressed	Product Rate	Application Instructions
Brown rot blossom blight (<i>Monilinia</i> spp.)	2.5 - 3.8 fl oz/acre (0.079 - 0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	Begin applications at pink bud stage (about 5% bloom). If conditions are favorable for disease development, apply again at full bloom and at petal fall, or on a 14- to 21-day spray interval as needed.

- Maximum single application rate: 3.8 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra (0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)
- Maximum annual application rate: 15.2 fl oz of FLINT Extra per acre (0.481 lb/acre trifloxystrobin) per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year: 4 (at 3.8 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra)
- . When reduced rates are used then more applications are allowed per year in accordance with the maximum annual application rate.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI):14 dav(s)
- Minimum interval between applications: 7 days
- To limit the potential for development of disease resistance:
 - o DO NOT make more than two (2) sequential applications of FLINT Extra. Then alternate to at least an equal number of sequential applications of labeled, effective non-Qol fungicides with a different mode of action.

o DO NOT make more than four (4) applications of FLINT Extra or other Qol fungicides per acre per year.

ARTICHOKE (GLOBE)

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Disease Controlled	Product Rate	Application Instructions
Powdery mildew (<i>Leveillula taurica</i>)	3.0 - 3.8 fl oz/acre (0.095 - 0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	Apply on a 7- to 10-day interval as needed.

- Maximum single application rate: 3.8 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra (0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)
- Maximum annual application rate: 7.6 fl oz of FLINT Extra per acre (0.240 lb trifloxystrobin per acre) per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year; 2 (at 3.8 fl oz/acre) or 3 (at 2.5 fl oz/acre) of FLINT Extra
- When reduced rates are used then more applications are allowed per year in accordance with the maximum annual application rate.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 day(s)
- . Minimum interval between applications: 7 days
- Minimum application volume: 30 gallons/Acre (Ground)
- To limit the potential for development of disease resistance alternate each application of FLINT Extra with a non-Group 11 containing fungicide.

ASPARAGUS			
Disease Controlled	Product Rate	Application Instructions	
Stemphyllium Purple Spot (Stemphylium vesicarium)	3.0 - 3.8 fl oz/acre (0.095 - 0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	Apply on a 14-day interval as needed. Make applications to the fern stage only. Mow down the asparagus ferns (or allow the ferns to senesce) between the last fungicide application and harvest.	

- Maximum single application rate: 3.8 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra (0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)
- Maximum annual application rate: 11.4 fl oz of FLINT Extra per acre (0.361 lb trifloxystrobin per acre) per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year: 3 (at 3.8 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra)
- When reduced rates are used then more applications are allowed per year in accordance with the maximum annual application rate.
- · All States Except California Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 180 day(s)
- California Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 90 day(s)
- Minimum interval between applications: 14 days
- DO NOT apply more than 3 applications of FLMT Extra or other Group 11 fungicide per year. To limit the potential for resistance to
 develop, DO NOT make more than 2 sequential applications of FLINT Extra or other Group 11 containing fungicide before alternating to
 a non-Group 11 fungicide for at least 2 applications.

BRASSICA, HEAD AND STEM VEGETABLES (Crop Group 5-16)1

Broccoli: Brussels sprouts: cabbage: cabbage. Chinese, napa; cauliflower; cultivars, varieties, and hybrids of these commodities

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ı	Disease Controlled	Product Rate	Application Instructions
	Powdery mildew (<i>Erysiphe polygoni</i>) (<i>Erysiphe cruciferarum</i>) Alternaria leaf spot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)	3.0 - 3.8 fl oz/acre (0.095 - 0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	Apply a second application on a 5- to 10-day interval if needed.

Application Restrictions:

- Maximum single application rate: 3.8 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra (0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)
- Maximum annual application rate: 7.6 fl oz of FLINT Extra per acre (0.240 lb trifloxystrobin per acre) per year.
- . Maximum number of applications per year: 2 (at 3.8 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra)
- . When reduced rates are used then more applications are allowed per year in accordance with the maximum annual application rate.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 day(s)
- . Minimum interval between applications: 5 days
- To limit the potential for resistance to develop, DO NOT apply more than 2 sequential applications of FLINT Extra or other Group 11 containing fungicide before rotating with a fungicide from a different group.

¹Not for use in CA without a supplemental label.

BRASSICA LEAFY GREENS (Crop Subgroup 4-16B)1

Arugula; broccoli, Chinese; broccoli raab; cabbage, abyssinian; cabbage, Chinese, bok choy; cabbage, seakale; collards; cress, garden; cress, upland; hanover salad; kale; maca, leaves; mizuna; mustard greens; radish, leaves; rape greens; rocket, wild; shepherd's purse; turnip greens; cultivars, varieties, and hybrids of these commodities

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Disease Controlled	Product Rate	Application Instructions	
Powdery mildew (Erysiphe polygoni) (Erysiphe cruciferarum) Alternaria leaf spot (Alternaria spp.)	3.0 - 3.8 fl oz/acre (0.095 - 0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	Apply a second application on a 5- to 10-day interval if needed.	

Application Restrictions:

- Maximum single application rate: 3.8 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra (0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)
- Maximum annual application rate: 7.6 fl oz of FLINT Extra per acre (0.240 lb trifloxystrobin per acre) per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year: 2 (at 3.8 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra)
- When reduced rates are used then more applications are allowed per year in accordance with the maximum annual application rate.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 day(s)
- . Minimum interval between applications: 5 days
- To limit the potential for resistance to develop, DO NOT apply more than 2 sequential applications of FLINT Extra or other Group 11 containing fungicide before rotating with a fungicide from a different group.

¹Not for use in CA without a supplemental label.

BULB VEGETABLES (Crop Group 3-07)

Onion, bulb subgroup; Daylily, bulb; fritillaria, bulb; garlic, bulb; garlic, great-headed, bulb; garlic, serpent, bulb; lily, bulb; onion, bulb; onion, Chinese, bulb; onion, pearl; onion, potato, bulb; shallot, bulb; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.

Onion, green subgroup; Chive, fresh leaves; chive, Chinese, fresh leaves; elegans hosta; fritillaria, leaves; kurrat, lady's leek; leek; leek, wild; Onion, Beltsville bunching; onion, fresh; onion, green; onion, macrostem; onion, tree, tops; onion, Welsh, tops; shallot, fresh leaves; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.

and/or riginities of arcsec.		
Disease Controlled	Product Rate	Application Instructions
Purple blotch	2.5 - 3.8 fl oz/acre	
(Alternaria porri)	(0.079 - 0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	
Disease Suppressed	Product Rate	Apply on a 7- to 14-day interval as needed.
Botrytis leaf blight, neck rot (Botrytis squamosa)	3.8 fl oz/acre	
(Botrytis allii)	(0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	

- Maximum single application rate: 3.8 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra (0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)
- Maximum annual application rate: 15.2 fl oz of FLINT Extra per acre (0.481 lb/acre trifloxystrobin) per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year: 4 (at 3.8 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra)
- . When reduced rates are used then more applications are allowed per year in accordance with the maximum annual application rate.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 day(s)
- . Minimum interval between applications: 7 days
- To reduce the potential for resistance, alternate every Group 11 fungicide application with at least one application of a fungicide from a different Group.

CELTUCE AND FENNEL, FLORENCE (Fresh leaves and stalk)

OLLIOOL AND I LINEL, I COILLY	SELECTION AND I EMILE, I CONTINUE (I I CONTINUES and Stark)		
Disease Controlled	Product Rate	Application Instructions	
Early Blight (Cercospora apil) Late blight (Septoria apiicola) Rust (Puccinia spp., Uromyces spp.)	, ,	Apply on a 14 day interval as needed. May be applied via chemigation, for control of late blight of celery.	

- Maximum single application rate: 2.9 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra (0.092 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)
- Maximum annual application rate: 11.6 fl oz of FLINT Extra per acre (0.367 lb/acre trifloxystrobin) per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year: 4 (at 2.9 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra)
- . When reduced rates are used then more applications are allowed per year in accordance with the maximum annual application rate.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 day(s)
- . Minimum interval between applications: 14 days
- Minimum application volume: 30 gallons/Acre (Ground)
- DO NOT apply more than 4 applications of FLINT Extra or other Group 11 fungicide per year. To reduce the potential for resistance, alternate every Group 11 fungicide application with at least one application of a fungicide from a different Group.

CITRUS (Crop Group 10-10)

Australian desert lime; Australian finger-lime; Australian round lime; Brown River finger lime; calamondin; citron; citrus hybrids; grapefruit; Japanese summer grapefruit; kumquat; lemon; lime; Mediterranean mandarin; mount white lime; New Guinea wild lime; orange, sour; orange, sweet; pummelo; Russell River lime; satsuma mandarin; sweet lime; tachibana orange; Tahiti lime; tangelo; tangerine (mandarin); tangor; trifoliate orange; uniq fruit; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Disease Controlled	Product Rate	Application Instructions
Alternaria (Alternaria alternata)		
Greasy Spot (<i>Mycosphaerella citr</i> i) Melanose (<i>Diaporthe citr</i> i)	2.0 - 3.8 fl oz/acre (0.063 - 0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	Apply on a 7- to 21-day interval as needed. Use of recommended weather-based predictive models may be of benefit in determining the appropriate timing of applications for diseases such as Alternaria and Post-Bloom Fruit Drop.
Scab (Elsinoe fawcettii)	unioxysuobili)	May be applied as a foliar spray with air-assisted sprayers, such as curtec.
Post-Bloom Fruit Drop (PFD) (Colletotrichum acutatum)		

- Maximum single application rate: 3.8 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra (0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)
- Maximum annual application rate: 15.2 fl oz of FLINT Extra per acre (0.481 lb/acre trifloxystrobin) per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year: 4 (at 3.8 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra)
- . When reduced rates are used then more applications are allowed per year in accordance with the maximum annual application rate.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 day(s)
- Minimum interval between applications: 7 days
- DO NOT make more than two (2) sequential applications of FLINT Extra. Then alternate to at least an equal number of sequential
 applications of labeled, effective non-Group 11 fungicides with a different mode of action.
- DO NOT make more than four (4) applications of FLINT Extra or other Group 11 fungicides per year.

CUCURBIT VEGETABLES (Crop Group 9)

Chayote, Chinese Waxgourd, Citron Melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Edible Gourds, Momordica spp., Muskmelon, Pumpkin, Summer Squash, Winter Squash, Watermelon.

winter oquasii, waterineron.		
Disease Controlled	Product Rate	Application Instructions
Powdery Mildew (Sphaerotheca fuliginea) (Erysiphe cichoracearum) Plectosporium Blight (Plectosporium tabacinum)	2.0 – 3.8 fl oz/acre (0.063 - 0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	
Disease Suppressed	Product Rate	Apply on a 7- to 14-day interval as needed.
Downy Mildew (<i>Pseudoperonospora cubensis</i>)	3.8 fl oz/acre (0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	

- Maximum single application rate: 3.8 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra (0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)
- Maximum annual application rate: 15.2 fl oz of FLINT Extra per acre (0.481 lb/acre trifloxystrobin) per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year: 4 (at 3.8 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra)
- When reduced rates are used then more applications are allowed per year in accordance with the maximum annual application rate.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 day(s)
- . Minimum interval between applications: 7 days
- DO NOT apply more than 4 applications of FLINT Extra per acre per year. To reduce the potential for resistance, alternate every Group 11 fungicide application with at least one application of a fungicide from a different Group.

PULSES, DRIED SHELLED BEAN AND PEA (Crop Subgroups 6-22E and 6-22F) - EXCEPT SOYBEAN

Bean: African yam bean; American potato bean; Bean (Lujnius spp.; including, but not limited to Andean lugin, blue lugin, grain lugin, sweet lugin, white sweet lugin, and yellow lugin); Bean (Phaseolus spp.; including, but not limited to black bean, cranaberry bean, dry bean, field bean, French bean, garden bean, great northern bean, green bean, kidney bean, lima bean, navy bean, pink bean, pinto bean, red bean, scarlet runner bean, tepary bean, and yellow bean); Bean (Vilgan spp.; including, but not limited to adzuk bean, saparagus bean, blackeyed pea, catjang bean, Chinase longbean, cowyed, crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, southern pea, urd bean, and yardlong bean); broad bean (fava bean); guar bean; goa bean; horse gram; jackbean; lablab bean; morama bean; sword bean; winged pea; velvetbean; cultivars, varieties, and lavbrids of these commodities.

Pea: (Pisum spp.; including, but not limited to dry pea, field pea, green pea, yellow pea, wrinkled pea, marrowfat pea, and garden pea); chickpea: crass pea: lentil: pigeon pea: cultivars, varieties, and hybrids of these commodities.

ı	Disease Controlled	Product Rate	Application Instructions	ŀ
	Common bean rust (Uromyces appendiculatus) Powdery mildew (Erysiphe polygoni)	2.0 fl oz/acre (0.063 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	Apply on a 7- to 14-day interval as needed.	

Application Restrictions:

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 30 dav(s)

Minimum interval between applications: 7 days

Maximum FLINT Extra allowed per year: 7.6 fluid ounces/Acre

DO NOT apply more than 2 applications of FLINT Extra per acre per year. To reduce the potential for resistance, alternate every Group 11 fungicide application with at least one application of a fungicide from a different Group.

FRUITING VEGETABLES (Crop Group 8-10)

African eggplant; bush tomato; bell pepper; cocona; currant tomato; eggplant; garden huckleberry; goji berry; groundcherry; martynia; naranjilia; okra; pea eggplant; pepino; non-bell pepper; roselle; scarlet eggplant; sunberry; tomatilio; tomato; tree tomato; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Disease Controlled	Product Rate	Application Instructions
Powdery Mildew (Peppers Only) (Oidiopsis taurica)	2.5 fl oz/acre (0.079 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	
Early Blight (<i>Alternaria solani</i>)	3.0 fl oz/acre (0.095 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	Apply on a 7- to 10-day interval as needed.
Gray Leaf Spot (<i>Stemphyllium</i> spp.)	3.8 fl oz/acre (0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	

Late Blight (<i>Phytophthora infestans</i>)	FLINT Extra tank mixture: 3.8 fl oz/acre (0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	Apply FLINT Extra in a tank mixture with 75% of the labeled rate of protectant fungicide registered for control of late blight making applications on a 7- to 10-day interval as needed. Alternate FLINT Extra (every other application) with a protectant fungicide registered for use against late blight on a 7- to 10-day interval as needed.
Disease Suppressed	Product Rate	Application Instructions
Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum</i> spp.)		
Septoria leaf spot (Septoria lycopersici)	3.0 - 3.8 fl oz/acre (0.095 - 0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	Apply on a 7- to 10-day interval as needed.
Powdery Mildew (Tomato Only) (<i>Oidiopsis taurica</i>)	, ,	

- Maximum single application rate: 3.8 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra (0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)
- Maximum annual application rate: 16.0 fl oz of FLINT Extra per acre (0.506 lb/acre trifloxystrobin) per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year: 5 (at 3.2 fl oz/acre) 4 (at 3.8 fl oz/acre) of FLINT Extra
- When reduced rates are used then more applications are allowed per year in accordance with the maximum annual application rate.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 3 day(s)
- Minimum interval between applications: 7 days
- DO NOT apply more than 5 applications of FLINT Extra per acre per year. To reduce the potential for resistance, alternate every
 Group 11 fungicide application with at least one application of a fungicide from a different Group. (FLINT Extra must be tank mixed and
 alternated with a protectant fungicide for control of late blight.)

GRAPES AND SMALL VINE FRUITS (EXCEPT FUZZY KIWIFRUIT) (Crop Subgroup 13-07F)

Amur river grape, Gooseberry, Grape, Hardy Kiwifruit, Maypop, Schisandra berry, and cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these. Note: DO NOT apply or allow drift to Concord grapes or crop injury may occur.

Disease Controlled Product Rate		Application Instructions
Powdery mildew (<i>Uncinula necator</i>)	3.0 - 3.5 fl oz/acre (0.095 - 0.111 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	Apply on a 14- to 21-day interval as needed.
Botrytis Bunch Rot (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>)	(0.120 lb/core trifless strekin)	Research data shows a trend toward better control if fungicides are applied at bloom, preclose, and veraison. Apply on a 14- to 21-day interval as needed.

Phomopsis Cane and Leaf Spot (<i>Phomopsis viticola</i>)	0.111 0.120 lb (save trifle protection)	Applications should begin at bud break and before 0.5 inch shoot length and again when shoots are 5 to 6 inches in length. Apply on a 14- to 21-day interval as needed.
Black Rot (Guignardia bidwellii)	3.5 - 3.8 fl oz/acre (0.111 - 0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	Begin applications when shoots are 1-3 inches in length. Apply on a 14- to 21-day interval as needed.
Disease Suppressed	Product Rate	Application Instructions
Downy Mildew (<i>Plasmopara viticola</i>)	3.8 fl oz/acre (0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	Apply on a 7- to 21-day interval as needed.

- Maximum single application rate: 3.8 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra (0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)
- Maximum annual application rate: 22.8 fl oz of FLINT Extra per acre (0.721 lb/acre trifloxystrobin) per year.
- . Maximum number of applications per year: 6 (at 3.8 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra)
- . When reduced rates are used then more applications are allowed per year in accordance with the maximum annual application rate.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 day(s)
- . Minimum interval between applications: 7 days
- DO NOT apply more than 6 applications of FLINT Extra per acre per year. To reduce the potential for resistance, limit Group 11 fungicides to two sequential applications and alternate with at least two applications of fungicides from a different Group before making a third application with a Group 11 fungicide.

GRASSES GROWN FOR SEED (Northwest U.S. only)		
Disease Controlled	Product Rate	Application Instructions
Rust (<i>Puccinia</i> spp.) Powdery Mildew (<i>Erysiphe graminis</i>)		Begin applications when rust and powdery mildew infections are noticeable and beginning to increase in number. Apply a second application on a 21 day interval if needed.

- Maximum single application rate: 3.8 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra (0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)
- Maximum annual application rate: 7.6 fl oz of FLINT Extra per acre (0.240 lb/acre trifloxystrobin) per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year: 2 (at 3.8 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra)
- . When reduced rates are used then more applications are allowed per year in accordance with the maximum annual application rate.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 day(s)
- . Minimum interval between applications: 21 days
- DO NOT apply more than 2 sequential applications of FLINT Extra or other Group 11 containing fungicide without alternation to at least 2 applications of a fungicide from a different (not Group 11) mode of action.

HERBS (Crop Subgroup 19A)1

Angelica; balm; basil; borage; burnet; camomile; catnip; chervil (dried); chive; chive, Chinese, clary; coriander (leaf); costmary; culantro (leaf); curry (leaf); dilliweed; horehound; byssop; lavender; lemongrass; lovage (leaf); marigold; marigold; marigord; marigo

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	Disease Controlled	Product Rate	Application Instructions
	Powdery mildew (<i>Erysiphe</i> spp.)	3.8 fl oz/acre (0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	Apply a second application on a 7- to 10-day interval if needed.

- Maximum single application rate: 3.8 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra (0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)
- Maximum annual application rate: 7.6 fl oz of FLINT Extra per acre (0.240 lb/acre trifloxystrobin) per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year: 2
- . Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 day(s)
- Minimum interval between applications: 7 days
- To limit the potential for resistance to develop, DO NOT apply more than 2 sequential applications of FLINT Extra or other Group 11 containing function for the form of the f
- ¹ Not for use in CA without a supplemental label.

HOPS		
Disease Controlled	Product Rate	Application Instructions
Powdery Mildew (Sphaerotheca macularis)	In a thorough coverage spray apply: 1 fl oz (0.032 lb trifloxystrobin) with 15 - 30 gals/acre 2 fl oz (0.063 lb trifloxystrobin) with 31 - 60 gals/acre 3 fl oz (0.095 lb trifloxystrobin) with 61 - 90 gals/acre 3.8 fl oz (0.120 lb trifloxystrobin) with 61 - 90 gals/acre 3.8 fl oz (0.120 lb trifloxystrobin) with 91 - 200 gals/acre These concentrations must be carefully followed for effective disease control.	In a fungicide program where FLINT Extra is alternated with a sterol inhibitor fungicide, apply on a 10- to 14-day interval as needed. Apply the sterol inhibitor fungicide on the interval specified on the product label. Alternate FLINT Extra applications with a sterol inhibitor fungicide registered for use against hop powdery mildew or apply FLINT Extra in a blocking program with no more than three sequential applications of FLINT Extra before alternating to a sterol inhibitor fungicide registered for use against hop powdery mildew. Applications must be made with ground equipment that has been carefully calibrated to deliver a known rate of water per acre. A thorough coverage spray refers to an application made just to the point of runoff.

Disease Suppressed

When used for hop powdery mildew control, FLINT Extra will provide suppression of downy mildew (Pseudoperonospora humuli).

Application Restrictions:

- Maximum single application rate: 3.8 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra (0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)
- Maximum annual application rate: 15.2 fl oz of FLINT Extra per acre (0.481 lb/acre trifloxystrobin) per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year: 4 (at 3.8 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra)
- When reduced rates are used then more applications are allowed per year in accordance with the maximum annual application rate.
- . Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 day(s)
- . Minimum interval between applications: 10 days
- DO NOT apply FLINT Extra using aerial application.
- . DO NOT apply FLINT Extra using low volume applicators.
- DO NOT use on hops in California.
- DO NOT replant treated areas within 30 days of the last application. DO NOT graze cover crops within the area treated with FLINT Extra.
 DO NOT harvest cover crops within the area treated with FLINT Extra for silage and hay.
- To reduce the potential for resistance, alternate every Group 11 fungicide application with at least one application of a fungicide from a
 different Group.

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Disease Controlled	Product Rate	Application Instructions	ı
Powdery mildew (<i>Erysiphe polygoni</i>) (<i>Erysiphe cruciferarum</i>) Alternaria leaf spot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)	3.0 - 3.8 fl oz (0.095 – 0.120 lb trifloxystrobin)	Apply a second application on a 5- to 10-day interval if needed.	

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 day(s)

Minimum interval between applications: 5 days

Maximum FLINT Extra allowed per year: 7.6 fluid ounces/Acre

• To limit the potential for resistance to develop, DO NOT apply more than 2 sequential applications of FLINT Extra or other Group 11 containing fungicide before rotating with a fungicide from a different group.

¹Not for use in CA without a supplemental label.

LEAFY GREENS (Crop Subgroup 4-16A)1

Amaranth, Chinese; amaranth, leafy; aster, Indian; blackjack; cat's whiskers; cham-chwi; cham-na-mul; chervil, fresh leaves; chipilin; chrysanthemum, garland; cilantro, fresh leaves; corn salad; cosmos; dandelion, leaves; dang-gwi, leaves; dillweed; dock; dol-nam-mul; ebolo; endive: escarole: fameflower: feather cockscomb; Good King Henry; huauzontle; jute, leaves; lettuce, bitter; lettuce, head; lettuce, leaf; orach; parsley, fresh leaves; plantain, buckhorn; primrose, English; purslane, garden; purslane, winter; radicchio; spinach; sp

inew Zedianu, Spinach, tamer, Swiss Charu, Violet, Chinese, leaves, Cultivals, Valleties, and hybrids of these Commodities		i hybrids of these confiniountes
Disease Controlled	Product Rate	Application Instructions
Powdery mildew (<i>Erysiphe cichoracearum</i>) Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum</i> spp.) Alternaria leaf spot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)	(0.005 0.400 lb/ t-:#t-:-bi-)	Apply a second application on a 5- to 10-day interval if needed. May be applied as a band.

Application Restrictions:

- Maximum single application rate: 3.8 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra (0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)
- Maximum annual application rate: 7.6 fl oz of FLINT Extra per acre (0.240 lb/acre trifloxystrobin) per vear.
- Maximum number of applications per year: 2
- When reduced rates are used then more applications are allowed per year in accordance with the maximum annual application rate.
- Broadcast foliar uses Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 day(s)
- Banded applications Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 20 day(s)
- Minimum interval between applications: 5 days
- To limit the potential for resistance to develop, DO NOT apply more than 2 sequential applications of FLINT Extra or other Group 11 containing fungicide before rotating with a fungicide from a different group.

¹Not for use in CA without a supplemental label.

LEAF PETIOLE VEGETABLES (Crop Group 22B)

Cardoon: celery: Chinese celery: fuki: rhubarb: udo: zuiki: cultivars, varieties, and hybrids of these commodities

Disease Controlled	Product Rate	Application Instructions	٦
Early Blight (Cercospora apii) Late blight (Septoria apiicola) Rust (Puccinia spp., Uromyces spp.)	2.5 - 2.9 II 0Z/acre	Apply on a 14 day interval as needed. May be applied via chemigation, for control of late blight of celery.	

Application Restrictions:

- Maximum single application rate: 2.9 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra (0.091 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)
- Maximum annual application rate: 11.6 fl oz of FLINT Extra per acre (0.367 lb/acre trifloxystrobin) per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year: 4 (at 2.9 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra)
- . When reduced rates are used then more applications are allowed per year in accordance with the maximum annual application rate.
- . Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 dav(s)
- . Minimum interval between applications: 14 days
- Minimum application volume: 30 gallons/Acre (Ground)
- DO NOT apply more than 4 applications of FLINT Extra or other Group 11 fungicide per year. To reduce the potential for resistance, alternate
 every Group 11 fungicide application with at least one application of a fungicide from a different Group.

EDIBLE PODDED BEAN LEGUME VEGETABLES (crop subgroup 6-22A)

Asparagus bean, Catjang bean, Chinese longbean, Cowpea, French bean, Garden bean, Goa bean, Green bean, Guar bean, Jackbean, Kidney bean, Lablab bean, Mung bean, Navy bean, Rice bean, Scarlet runner bean, Snap bean, Sword bean, Urd bean, Vegetable soybean (edamame), Velvet bean, Wax bean, Winged pea, Yardlong bean

Disease Controlled	Product Rate	Application Instructions
Common bean rust (<i>Uromyces appendiculatus</i>) Powdery mildew (<i>Erysiphe polygoni</i>)	2.5 – 3.8 fl oz/acre (0.079 - 0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	Apply on a 7- to 14-day interval as needed.

- Maximum single application rate: 3.8 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra (0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)
- Maximum annual application rate: 15.2 fl oz of FLINT Extra per acre (0.481 lb/acre trifloxystrobin) per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year: 4 (at 3.2 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra) or 3 (at 3.8 fl oz/acre)
- When reduced rates are used then more applications are allowed per year in accordance with the maximum annual application rate.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 dav(s)
- . Minimum interval between applications: 7 days
- DO NOT apply more than 4 applications of FLINT Extra per acre per year. To reduce the potential for resistance, alternate every Group 11 funcicide application with at least one application of a funcicide from a different Group.

PISTACHIOS Disease Controlled Product Rate Application Instructions Botryosphaeria Panicle and Shoot Blight (Botryosphaeria dothidea) 2.5 - 3.8 fl oz/acre Sopticia Lost Stort (0.070, 0.130 bloose triffementable)

(Septoria pistaciarum)	(0.075 - 0.120 lb/acre unioxysuobin)	Apply on a 14- to 21-day interval as needed.
Alternaria Late Blight (<i>Alternaria alternata</i>)	3.0 - 3.8 fl oz/acre (0.095 - 0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	

- Maximum single application rate: 3.8 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra (0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)
- Maximum annual application rate: 15.2 fl oz of FLINT Extra per acre (0.481 lb/acre trifloxystrobin) per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year: 4 (at 3.8 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra)
- . When reduced rates are used then more applications are allowed per year in accordance with the maximum annual application rate.
- · Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 28 day(s)
- . Minimum interval between applications: 14 days
- To limit the potential for development of disease resistance:
- DO NOT make more than two (2) sequential applications of FLINT Extra. Then alternate to at least an equal number of sequential
 applications of labeled, effective non-Qol fungicides with a different mode of action.
- DO NOT apply more than four (4) applications of FLINT Extra or other Group 11 fungicides per acre per year.

POME FRUIT (Crop Group 11-10)
Apple; azarole; crabapple; loquat; mayhaw; medlar; pear; pear, Asian; quince; quince, Chinese; quince, Japanese; tejocote; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Disease Controlled	Product Rate	Application Instructions
Scab (Venturia spp.)	2.5 - 2.9 fl oz/acre (0.079 - 0.091 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	Begin applications at green tip and continue on a 7- to 10-day interval as needed. DO NOT use in Lake and Mendocino counties (California) to control pear scab.
Cedar Apple Rust (<i>Gymnosporangium</i> <i>juniperivirginianae</i>)	2.5 - 2.9 fl oz/acre (0.079 - 0.091 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	Apply on a 7- to 10-day interval as needed. Alternate (every other application) with a sterol inhibitor fungicide.
Fly Speck (Schizothyrium pomi) Powdery mildew (Podosphaera leucotricha) Sooty Blotch (Gloeodes pomigena)	2.5 - 2.9 fl oz/acre (0.079 - 0.091 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	Apply on a 10- to 14-day interval as needed. Alternate (every other application) with a sterol inhibitor fungicide.
Disease Suppressed	Product Rate	Application Instructions
Bitter Rot (Glomerella cingulata)	2.9 fl oz/acre (0.091 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	Begin applications preventively using FLINT Extra solo at the specified rate or use a tank mix of FLINT Extra with 1.2 lbs of the active ingredient captan per acre. Apply on a
White Rot (<i>Botryosphaeria dothidea</i>)	Tank mix with any product containing Captan: 1.5 fl oz/acre (0.047 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	10- to 14-day interval as needed. Captan must be used in accordance with all directions and restrictions on that product's label.

- Maximum single application rate: 2.9 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra (0.091 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)
- Maximum annual application rate: 10.4 fl oz of FLINT Extra per acre (0.329 lb/acre trifloxystrobin) per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year: 4 (at 2.6 fl oz/acre) or 3 (at 2.9 fl oz/acre) of FLINT Extra
- When reduced rates are used then more applications are allowed per year in accordance with the maximum annual application rate.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 day(s)
- . Minimum interval between applications: 7 days
- To reduce the potential for resistance, limit Group 11 fungicides to two sequential applications and alternate with at least two applications
 of fungicides from a different Group before making a third application with a Group 11 fungicide.
- DO NOT apply more than 4 applications of FLINT Extra or any other Group 11 fungicide per year.
- DO NOT apply FLINT Extra where spray drift may reach Concord grapes or crop injury may occur. Spray equipment must be rinsed after
 applying FLINT Extra before application of other products to Concord grapes or crop injury may occur.

POTATO AND OTHER TUBEROUS AND CORM VEGETABLES (Crop Subgroup 1C)

Arracacha, Arrowroot, Artichoke (Chinese and Jerusalem), Canna (Edible), Cassava (Bitter & Sweet), Chayote (Root), Chufa, Dasheen (Taro), Ginger, Leren, Potato, Sweet Potato, Tanier, Turmeric, Yam Bean, Yam (True).

Disease Controlled	Product Rate	Application Instructions
Early Blight (<i>Alternaria solani</i>)	3.0 - 3.8 fl oz/acre (0.095 - 0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	Apply on a 7- to 10-day interval as needed.
Late Blight (<i>Phytophthora infestans</i>)	FLINT Extra Tank Mixture: 3.8 fl oz/acre (0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	Alternate FLINT Extra (every other application) with a protectant fungicide for use against late blight on a 7- to 10-day spray interval as needed. FLINT Extra should always be applied in tank mixture with a registered protectant fungicide labeled for use on late blight (use 75% of the protectant fungicide labeled rate) and applied on a 7- to 10-day spray interval as needed.

- Maximum single application rate: 3.8 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra (0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)
- Maximum annual application rate: 23.0 fl oz of FLINT Extra per acre (0.73 lb/acre trifloxystrobin) per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year: 6 (at 3.8 fl oz/acre) of FLINT Extra
- When reduced rates are used then more applications are allowed per year in accordance with the maximum annual application rate.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 day(s)
- Minimum interval between applications: 7 days
- To limit the potential for development of disease resistance:
- DO NOT make more than one (1) foliar application of FLINT Extra for foliar diseases before alternating to a labeled effective non-Group 11 fungicide with a different mode of action for at least one application.
- DO NOT make more than six (6) applications of FLINT Extra or other Group 11 fungicides per year.

RICE			
Disease Controlled	Product Rate	Application Instructions	
Sheath/Stem Diseases: Sheath Blight (<i>Rhizoctonia</i> solani)	3.8 - 4.7 fl oz/acre (0.120 - 0.148 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	Apply from panicle differentiation to boot split at initial sign of disease. Rate and timing for sheath blight is dependent on rice growth stage, rice variety, and disease severity. Consult with your local extension personnel or Bayer CropScience representative to determine if treatment is needed. Up to two applications can be made if conditions warrant.	
Panicle Diseases: Rice Blast (Pyricularia grisea)	3.1 - 4.7 fl oz/acre (0.098 - 0.148 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	Begin applications prior to disease development. For panicle blast, an application should be applied at mid-boot to 5% heading (tips of panicles just emerging) but prior to full head emergence. If conditions favor neck blast, a second application should be made when panicles are 60 to 90% emerged from the boot (5 - 14 days later). Consult with your local extension personnel or Bayer CropScience representative to determine the best timing for your area. Two applications are usually necessary for maximum control.	

- Maximum single application rate: 4.7 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra (0.148 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)
- Maximum annual application rate: 9.4 fl oz of FLINT Extra per acre (0.297 lb/acre trifloxystrobin) per year.
- . Maximum number of applications per year: 2 (at 4.7 fl oz/acre) of FLINT Extra
- . When reduced rates are used then more applications are allowed per year in accordance with the maximum annual application rate.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 35 dav(s)
- DO NOT apply in rice fields where commercial farming of cravfish will be practiced.
- DO NOT drain water from treated rice fields into ponds used for commercial catfish farming, to irrigate other crops, or use treated water for livestock.
- DO NOT allow release of irrigation or floodwater for at least 7 days after the last application.
- To limit the potential for development of disease resistance:
- o **DO NOT** make more than two (2) sequential applications of FLINT Extra. Then alternate to labeled, effective non- Group 11 fungicides with a different mode of action.
- o DO NOT make more than two (2) applications of FLINT Extra or other Group 11 fungicides per year.
- Rice paddy water must be held for a minimum of 7 days after application.

ROOT VEGETABLES (Crop Subgroup 1B) - EXCEPT RADISH

Beet (garden), Burdock (edible), Carrot, Celeriac, Chervil (turnip-rooted), Chicory, Ginseng, Horseradish, Parsley (turnip-rooted), Parsnip, Rutabaga, Salsify, Salsify (black), Salsify (Spanish), Skirret, Turnio.

Disease Controlled	Product Rate	Application Instructions
Leaf blight (Alternaria dauci) Leaf blight Leaf spot (Cercospora carotae) Powdery mildew (Erysiphe spp.) Rust (Puccinia spp., Uromyces spp.)	2.0 - 2.9 fl oz/acre (0.063 - 0.92 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	Apply on a 14 day interval as needed. May be applied via chemigation for control of leaf blight of carrots. Use highest rate if disease is present in the field.

- Maximum single application rate: 2.9 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra (0.092 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)
- Maximum annual application rate: 11.5 fl oz of FLINT Extra per acre (0.364 lb/acre trifloxystrobin) per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year: 4 (at 2.87 fl oz/acre) or 3 (at 2.9 fl oz/acre) of FLINT Extra
- . When reduced rates are used then more applications are allowed per year in accordance with the maximum annual application rate.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 day(s)
- . Minimum interval between applications: 14 days
- To limit the potential for development of disease resistance:
 - DO NOT make more than one foliar application of FLINT Extra for foliar diseases before alternating to a labeled, effective non-Group 11 fungicide with a different mode of action for at least one application.
 - DO NOT make more than four (4) applications of FLINT Extra or other Group 11 fungicide per year.

STONE FRUIT (Crop Group 12-12)

Apricot; apricot, Japanese; capulin; cherry, black; cherry, Nanking; cherry, sweet; cherry, tart; Jujube, Chinese; nectarine; peach; plum, plum, American; plum, beach; plum, Canada; plum, cherry; plum, Chickasaw; plum, Damson; plum, Japanese; plum, Klamath; plum, prune; plumcot; sloe; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Disease Controlled	Product Rate	Application Instructions
Cherry Leaf Spot ((Blumeriella jaapii) Powdery Mildew (Podosphaera spp. and Sphaerotheca pannosa) Rust (Tranzschelia discolor) Scab (Cladosporium carpophilum)	2.5 - 3.8 fl oz/acre (0.079 - 0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	Apply on a 7- to 14-day interval as needed.
Shot hole (Wilsonomyces carpophilus)	3.0 - 3.8 fl oz/acre (0.095 - 0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	
Disease Suppressed	Product Rate	Application Instructions
Blossom Blight (<i>Monilinia</i> spp.)	2.5 - 3.8 fl oz/acre (0.079 - 0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	Begin applications at bud stage. Apply on a 7- to 21-day interval as needed.

- Maximum single application rate: 3.8 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra (0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)
- Maximum annual application rate: 15.2 fl oz of FLINT Extra per acre (0.481 lb/acre trifloxystrobin) per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year: 4 (at 3.8 fl oz/acre) of FLINT Extra
- When reduced rates are used then more applications are allowed per year in accordance with the maximum annual application rate.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 1 dav(s)
- . Minimum interval between applications: 7 days
- To limit the potential for development of disease resistance:
- DO NOT make more than two (2) sequential applications of FLINT Extra. Then alternate to at least an equal number of sequential
 applications of labeled, effective non-Ool functiones with a different mode of action.
- DO NOT apply more than four (4) applications of FLINT Extra or other Qol fungicides per year.

STRAWBERRY AND OTHER LOW-GROWING BERRIES (Crop Subgroup 13-07G) - EXCEPT CRANBERRIES

Bearberry, bilberry, blueberry (low-bush), cloudberry, ligonberry, muntries, partridgeberry, strawberry.

Disease Controlled	Product Rate	Application Instructions
Powdery mildew (Sphaerotheca maculans)	2.5 - 3.0 fl oz/acre (0.079 - 0.095 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	Begin applications at bud stage. Apply on a 7- to 14-day interval as needed.
Disease Suppressed	Product Rate	Application Instructions
Gray Mold (Botrytis cinerea)		
Anthracnose (Colletotrichum acutatum)	2.5 - 3.0 fl oz/acre (0.079 - 0.095 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	Begin applications at bud stage. Apply on a 7- to 14-day interval as needed.
Phomopsis Leaf Blight and Soft Rot (<i>Phomopsis obscurans</i>)		

Application Restrictions:

- Maximum single application rate: 3.0 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra (0.095 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)
- Maximum annual application rate: 18.0 fl oz of FLINT Extra per acre (0.569 lb/acre trifloxystrobin) per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year: 7 (at 2.5 fl oz/acre) or 6 (at 3.0 fl oz/acre) of FLINT Extra
- When reduced rates are used then more applications are allowed per year in accordance with the maximum annual application rate.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 day(s)
- Minimum interval between applications: 7 days
- To reduce the potential for resistance, limit Group 11 fungicides to two sequential applications and alternate with at least two applications
 of fungicides from a different Group before making a third application with a Group 11 fungicide.

SUGAR REFTS

SUUAN BEE15			I.
Disease Controlled	Product Rate	Application Instructions	1
Foliar Diseases: Cercospora Leaf Spot (Cercospora beticola) Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe polygoni)	3.0 - 3.6 fl oz/acre	Apply on a 10- to 14-day interval as needed. Alternate FLINT Extra after each application with a fungicide that has a different mode of action. May be applied via chemigation for control of powdery mildew.	

Disease Suppressed	Product Rate	Application Instructions
Soilborne Diseases: Rhizoctonia Stem Canker, Crown Rot (Rhizoctonia solani)	3.0 - 3.6 II 0Z/ACTE	Begin either foliar broadcast or banded applications at the 4-leaf to row closure growth stage. Apply on a 10- to 14-day interval as needed.

- Maximum single application rate: 3.6 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra (0.114 lb/acre trifloxystrobin).
- Maximum annual application rate: 10.0 fl oz of FLINT Extra per acre (0.316 lb/acre trifloxystrobin) per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year: 3 (at 3.3 fl oz/acre) or 2 (at 3.6 fl oz/acre) of FLINT Extra
- When reduced rates are used then more applications are allowed per year in accordance with the maximum annual application rate.
- · Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 day(s)
- . Minimum interval between applications: 10 days
- To limit the potential for development of disease resistance:
 - One application of a Group 11 fungicide may be made up to the 4-leaf stage of plant growth. An additional Group 11 fungicide application
 may be made after the 4th leaf stage, but it must be alternated with at least one application of a fungicide from a different group before
 any additional applications of a Group 11 fungicide are allowed.
 - DO NOT make more than three (3) applications of FLINT Extra or other Group 11 fungicides per year.

TREE NUTS (Crop Group 14-12)

African nut-tree; beechnut; Brazil nut; Brazilian pine; bunya; bur oak; butternut; Cajou nut; candlenut; cashew; chestnut; chinquapin; coconut; coquito nut; dika nut; ginkgo; Guiana chestnut; hazelnut (filbert); heartnut; hickory nut; Japanese horse-chestnut; macadamia nut; mongongo nut; monkey-pot; monkey puzzle nut; Okari nut; Pachira nut; peach palm nut; pequi; Pili nut; pine nut; Sapucaia nut; tropical almondy walnut, black; walnut. Endish: vellowhorn: cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these (See Soecific Use Directions or Almonds and Pistachios)

Disease Controlled	Product Rate	Application Instructions
Botryosphaeria Panicle and Shoot Blight (Botryosphaeria dothidea)	2.5 - 3.8 fl oz/acre (0.079 - 0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	Apply on a 14- to 21-day interval as needed.
Alternaria Late Blight (Alternaria alternata) Anthracnose (Colletotrichum acutatum, Glomerella cingulata)	3.0 - 3.8 fl oz/acre (0.095 - 0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	Apply on a 7- to 14-day interval as needed.

Rust (Tranzschelia discolor) Scab (Cladosporium carpoph Cladosporium carvigenum)	3.0 - 3.0 II 02/acre	Apply on a 7- to 14-day interval as needed.
Cladosporium caryigenum) Shothole (Wilsonomyces carpophilus)	(0.095 - 0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	Apply on a 7- to 14-day interval as needed.

- Maximum single application rate: 3.8 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra (0.120 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)
- Maximum annual application rate: 15.2 fl oz of FLINT Extra per acre (0.481 lb/acre trifloxystrobin) per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year: 4 (at 3.8 fl oz/acre) of FLINT Extra
- When reduced rates are used then more applications are allowed per year in accordance with the maximum annual application rate. Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 60 dav(s)
- Minimum interval between applications: 7 days
- To limit the potential for development of disease resistance:
 - . DO NOT make more than two (2) sequential applications of FLINT Extra. Then alternate to at least an equal number of sequential applications of labeled, effective non-QoI fungicides with a different mode of action.
 - DO NOT apply more than four (4) applications of FLINT Extra or other Ool fungicides per year.

TROPICAL FRUITS

Danaua Black Cannte Canistel Mamou Cannte Manne Canndilla Star Annie

Ш	Tapaya, black outpote, outlister, mainey outpote, mange, supraina, star Apple		
I	Disease Controlled	Product Rate	Application Instructions
ı	Powdery Mildew (<i>Erysiphe</i> spp., <i>Sphaerotheca</i> spp.)	3.9 fl oz/acre (0.123 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)	Apply on a 7 day interval as needed.

- Maximum single application rate: 3.9 fl oz/acre of FLINT Extra (0.123 lb/acre trifloxystrobin)
- Maximum annual application rate: 11.7 fl oz of FLINT Extra per acre (0.370 lb/acre trifloxystrobin) per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year: 3
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 day(s) Fruit may be harvested on the day of the last application once the spray has dried.
- Minimum interval between applications: 7 days
- Minimum application volumes: 50 gallons/Acre (Ground)
- DO NOT apply more than 4 applications of FLINT Extra or other Group 11 funcicide per year. To limit the potential for resistance to develop, DO NOT make more than 2 sequential applications of FLINT Extra or other Group 11 -containing fungicide before alternating to a non-Group 11 fungicide for at least 2 applications.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Storage

Store in a cool, dry place and in such a manner as to prevent cross-contamination with other pesticides, fertilizers, food, and feed. Store in original container and out of the reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

Handle and open container in a manner as to prevent spillage. If the container is leaking or material spilled for any reason or cause, carefully dam up spilled material to prevent runoff. Refer to Precautionary Statements on label for hazards associated with the handling of this material. Do NOT walk through spilled material. Dispose of pesticide as directed below. In spill or leak incidents, keep unauthorized people away. You may contact the Bayer CropScience Emergency Response Team for decontamination procedures or any other assistance that may be necessary. The Bayer CropScience Emergency Response Telenhone No. is 1-800-334-7577.

Pesticide disposal

Pesticide wastes may be toxic. Improper disposal of unused pesticide, spray mixture, or rinse water is a violation of federal law. If these wastes cannot be used according to label instruction, contact your State Pesticide or reinformental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EAP Regional Office for quidance in proper disposal methods.

Container Handling:

Non-Refillable Plastic Containers

Rigid, Non-refillable plastic containers (equal to or less than 5 gallons)

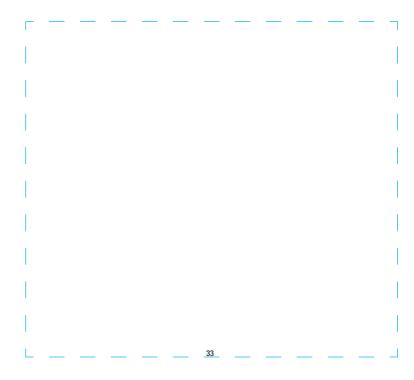
Non-refillable plastic container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

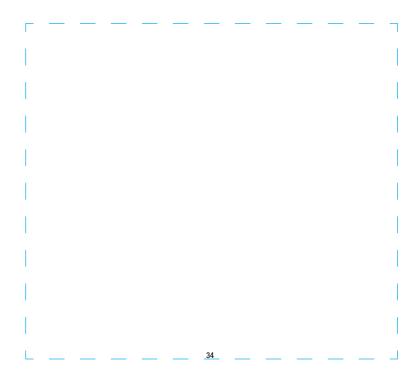
Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal, Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

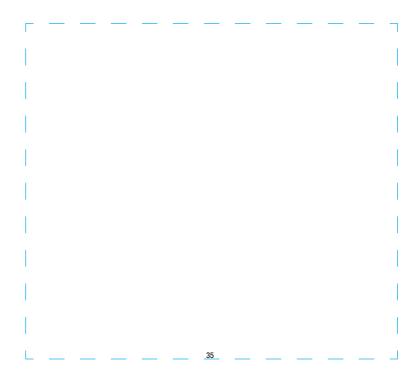
Once container is rinsed, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities

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Bayer







(methoxyimino)-2-[[[[1-[3-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl] ethylidenel aminol oxyl methyll-, methylester 42,60% OTHER INGREDIENTS: 57.40%

TOTAL: 100.00% Contains 4.05 pounds Trifloxystrobin per U.S. gallon.

EPA Reg. No. 264-826

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

See Back Panel for First Aid Instructions and Booklet for Complete Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

For MEDICAL and TRANSPORTATION Emergencies **ONLY Call 24 Hours a Day 1-800-334-7577** For PRODUCT USE Information Call 1-866-99BAYER (1-866-992-2937)

FIRST AID

 Call a poison control center or doctor for further a locked storage area. treatment advice. If in eyes: • Hold eye open and Handle and open container in a manner as to prevent

.For: Control of certain diseases in almonds, artichokes, . Remove contact lenses, if present, after the asparagus, bulb vegetables, celtuce and fennel, first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. . Call a Florence (fresh leaves and stalk), citrus, cucurbits, poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. fruiting vegetables, grapes and small vine fruits (except If on skin; • Take off contaminated clothing, • fuzzy kiwifruit), grasses grown for seed, head and stem Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for brassica vegetables, brassica leafy greens, herbs, hops, 15-20 minutes, • Call a poison control center or doctor kohlrabi, leafy greens, leaf petiole vegetables, Individual for treatment advice. If swallowed: • Immediately Crops of Proposed Subgroup 6-22A (edible podded call a poison control center or doctor for treatment bean legume vegetables), pistachios, pome fruits, advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able potatoes and other tuberous and corm vegetables, to swallow. • DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to bulses, dried shelled beans and peas, except soybean do so by a poison control center or doctor. • DO NOT (crop subgroups 6-22E and 6-22F), rice, root vegetables give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

> In case of emergency, call the toll-free Baver CropScience Emergency Response telephone number: 1-800-334-7577. Have a product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

Note to Physician: Treat Symptomatically

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

- CAUTION · Harmful if inhaled.
- · Causes moderate eve irritation.
- Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Avoid contact. with eves, skin, or clothing.
- Wear long sleeved shirt, long pants, waterproof gloves, and shoes plus socks.
- Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet,
- Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

DO NOT contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Storage: Store in a cool, dry place and in such If inhaled: • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not a manner as to prevent cross-contamination with other breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial pesticides, fertilizers, food, and feed. Store in original respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. container and out of the reach of children. preferably in

rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. spillage. If the container is leaking or material spilled for any reason or cause, carefully dam up spilled

material to prevent runoff. Refer to Precautionary Statements on label for hazards associated with the handling of this material, DO NOT walk through spilled material. Dispose of pesticide as directed below In spill or leak incidents, keep unauthorized people away. You may contact the Bayer CropScience Emergency Response Team for decontamination procedures or any other assistance that may be necessary. The Bayer CropScience Emergency Response Telephone No. is 1-800-334-7577. Pesticide disposal: Pesticide wastes may be toxic. Improper disposal of unused pesticide, spray mixture, or rinse water is a violation of federal law. If these wastes cannot be used according to label instruction, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance in proper disposal methods. Container Handling: Non-refillable plastic container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Once container is rinsed, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by other procedures. approved by state and local authorities. Produced for: Bayer CropScience LP

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