RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Due to high Acute Toxicity to Humans

For retail sale to and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision, and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's Certification. Direct supervision for this product requires the Certified Applicator to review federal and supplemental label instructions with all personnel prior to application, mixing, loading, repair or cleaning of application equipment.

INSECTICIDE



METHOMYL

GROU

1A INSECTICIDE



 Active Ingredient:
 By Weight

 Methomyl (S-methyl-N-[(methylcarbamoyl) oxy]thioacetimidate)
 29%

 Other Ingredients:
 71%

 Total:
 100%

Contains Methanol

Contains 2.4 lbs. active ingredient per gallon.

Water Soluble Liquid

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER POISON

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.

(If you **DO NOT** understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

FIRST AID

(N-Methyl Carbamate insecticide)

IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. D0 NOT induce vomitting unless studied by a poison control center or doctor mount of the previous prev

POISONING SYMPTOMS - Methomyl poisoning produces effects associated with anticholinesterase activity which may include weakness, blurred vision, headache, nausea, abdominal cramps, discomfort in the chest, constriction of publis, sweating, slow publis, muscle termors. If poisoning symptoms appear, refer to First, Aid section and seek medical attention at once.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric larage. TREATMENT—Atropine sulfate should be used for treatment. Administer repeated doses, 1.2 to 2.0 mg intravenously every 10 to 30 minutes until full atropinization is achieved. Maintain atropinization until the patient recovers. Artificial respiration or oxygen may be necessary. Allow no further exposure to any cholinesterase inhibitor until recovery is assured. DO NOT use 2-PAM for exposure to LAWEET U2 alone. However, for exposure to combinations of LAWEET U2 and organophosphorous insecticies, 2-PAM may be used as required to supplement the atropine sulfate treatment. DO NOT use morphine. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact the National Poison Control Center 24-hr Emergency Holline at: 1-800-222-1222.

See inside booklet for additional Precautionary Statements and Directions For Use.



PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER _ POISON



Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you DO NOT understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

Restricted Use Pesticide due to toxicity categories. For retail sale to and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification.

Contains Methanol. Methanol may cause blindness. Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. May be fatal if swallowed or if inhaled. Harmful if absorbed through skin. **DO NOT** get in eyes or on clothing. **DO NOT** breathe spray mist. Avoid contact with skin.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Mixers, loaders, applicators, cleaners, repairers of application equipment, and others exposed to the concentrate must wear:

- · Long-sleeved shirt and long pants.
- Chemical-resistant gloves, made of Barrier Laminate, Butyl Rubber ≥14 mils, Nitrile Rubber ≥14 mils, Neoprene Rubber ≥14 mils, Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) ≥14 mils, or Viton ≥14 mils.
- Socks and chemical resistant footwear.
- · Protective eyewear.
- · Chemical resistant apron.
- Wear a minimum of an NIOSH-approved elastomeric half mask respirator with organic vapor (OV) cartridges and a combination R, or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved gas mask with OV canisters: OR a NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with OV cartridges and combination HE filters.

Discard clothing or other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. **DO NOT** reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use deteroent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROL STATEMENTS

Human flaggers must be in enclosed cabs.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR Part 170.240 (d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

The enclosed cabs must be used in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR part 170.240 (d)(4-6)]. The handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

Pilots must not assist in the mixing and loading operations.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

USERS SHOULD:

- Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove personal protective equipment immediately after handling this product.
- Wash the outside of gloves before removing.
- As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.
- · Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, and mammals. DO NOT apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean highwater mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate. This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment on biooming crops or weeds. DO NOT apply this product or allow it to drift to biooming crops or weeds while bees are actively visiting the treatment area. This chemical is known to leach through soil into groundwater under certain conditions as a result of label use. Use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination.

This chemical can contaminate surface water through spray drift. Under some conditions, it may also have a high potential for runoff into surface water for several days to weeks after application. These include poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible slopes toward adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas overlaying extremely shallow groundwater, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and areas overlaying tile drainage systems that drain to surface water.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Combustible. **DO NOT** use or store near heat or open flame. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation. The product shows potential explosive properties when heated to elevated temperatures.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Restricted Use Pesticide

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apoly to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI). REI Summary: REI peaches = 4 day; REI apple, cotton, grapefruit, lemon, nectarine, orange, tangelo, tangerine = 3 day; all other WPS uses = 48 hour REI.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of Barrier Laminate. Butyl Rubber ≥14 mils. Nitrile Rubber ≥14 mils. Neoprene Rubber ≥14 mils. Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) ≥14 mils. or Viton ≥14 mils
- · Shoes plus socks
- · Protective evewear

Discard clothing or other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. **DO NOT** reuse them.

DO NOT formulate this product into other end-use products.

LANVEER LV is a water soluble liquid that is applied by foliar application to control many important insect pests. LANVEER LV is mixed with water for application.

Chemigation: Refer to the crop specific sections of this label for use directions for chemigation. **DO NOT** apply this product through any other type of irrigation system, except those allowed by instructions provided in this product label.

Pilots must not assist in the mixing and loading operations.

DO NOT apply by ground equipment within 25 feet, or by air within 100 feet of lakes, reservoirs, rivers, estuaries, commercial fish ponds and natural, permanent streams, marshes or natural, permanent ponds. Increase the buffer zone to 450 feet from the above aquatic areas when ultra-low volume application is made.

Hand-held equipment is prohibited for applications to crops. This product must be applied to crops only with mechanical ground, overhead sprinkler chemigation or aerial application equipment.

Use only in commercial and farm plantings. Not for use in home plantings. Not for use during any period after a commercial crop site is opened for public entry as a "U-Pick", "Pick Your Own" or similar operation; in no case shall preharvest applications be made after first public entry. The restricted entry interval and preharvest interval for the crop stated elsewhere on this label must be followed

RESISTANCE- MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

For resistance-management, LAWVEER LV contains a Group 1A insecticide. Any insect population may contain individuals naturally resistant to LAWVEER LV and other Group 1A insecticides. The resistant individuals may dominate the insect population if this group of insecticides are used repeatedly in the same fields. Appropriate resistance management strategies should be followed. To delaw insecticide resistance, take the following steps:

- Rotate the use of LANVEER LV or other Group 1A insecticides within a growing season, or among growing seasons, with different groups that control the same pests. Avoid application of more than
 the maximum seasonal use rate or the total number of consecutive sprays of LANVEER LV per season.
- Use tank mixtures with insecticides from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is permitted. DO NOT rely on the same mixture repeatedly for the same pest population. Consider any known cross-resistance siscuses (for the targeted pests) between the individual components of a mixture. In addition, consider the following recommendations provided by the insecticide Resistance Action Committee (IRAC):
 - Individual insecticides selected for use in mixtures should be highly effective and be applied at the rates at which they are individually registered for use against the target species.
 - Mixtures with components having the same IRAC mode of action classification are not recommended for insect resistance management.
 - When using mixtures, consider any known cross-resistance issues between the individual components for the targeted pest(s).
 - . Mixtures become less effective if resistance is already developing to one or both active ingredients, but they may still provide pest management benefits.
 - The insect resistance management benefits of an insecticide mixture are greatest if the two components have similar periods of residual insecticidal activity. Mixtures of insecticides with
 unequal periods of residual insecticide activity may offer an insect resistance management benefit only for the period where both insecticides are active.
- Adopt an integrated pest management program for insecticide/acaricides use that includes scouting, uses historical information related to pesticide use, crop rotation, record keeping, and which considers cultural, biological and other chemical control gractices.
- Monitor after application for unexpected target pest survival. If the level of survival suggests the presence of resistance, consult with your local university specialist or certified pest control advisor.

- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for any additional pesticide resistance management and/or IPM recommendations for the specific site and pest problems in your area.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact Innvictis Crop Care at 855-466-8428.

INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT

This product should be used as part of an Integrated Pest Management (IPM) program which can include biological, cultural, and genetic practices aimed at preventing economic pest damage. Application of this product should be based on IPM principles and practices including field scouting or other detection methods, correct target pest identification, population monitoring, and treating when target pest populations reach locally determined action thresholds. Consult your state cooperative extension service, professional consultants or other qualified authorities to determine appropriate action treatment threshold levels for treating specific pest/crop systems in your area.

SCOUTING

Monitor insect populations to determine whether or not there is a need for application of LANVEER LV based on locally determined economic thresholds. More than one treatment of LANVEER LV may be required to control a population of pests.

BENEFICIAL ARTHROPODS

LANVEER LV at rates of 2/5 to 3/4 pint per acre helps conserve certain beneficials, including big-eyed bugs, damsel bugs, flower bugs and spiders in cotton and soybeans. While these beneficials cannot be relied upon to control pests, they are of potential value and should be monitored along with pests in pest management programs on these crops.

SPRAY PREPARATION

Spray equipment must be clean and free of previous pesticide deposits before applying LANVEER LV. Fill spray tank 1/4 to 1/2 full of water. Add LANVEER LV directly to spray tank. Mix thoroughly. Use mechanical or hydraulic means; **DO NOT** use air agitation. Spray mix should not be stored overnight in spray tank.

Compatibility - Since formulations may be changed and new ones introduced, in this situation users can premix a small quantity of a desired tank mix and observe for possible adverse changes (settling out, flocculation, etc.) before applying the product. Avoid mixtures of several materials and very concentrated spray mixtures.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

DO NOT use *LANWEER LV* with Bordeaux mixture (copper sulfate and hydrated lime), triphenyltin hydroxide, lime sulfur, Rayplex iron nor in highly alkaline solutions. Use mildly alkaline mixtures immediately after mixing to prevent loss of insecticidal activity.

Tank Mix Sequence - Add different formulation types in the sequence indicated below. Allow time for complete mixing and dispersion after addition of each product.

- 1. Water soluble bags.
- 2. Water dispersible granules.
- Wettable powders.
- Water based suspension concentrates.
- 5. LANVEER LV and other water soluble concentrates.
- Oil based suspension concentrates.
- 7. Emulsifiable concentrates.
- 8. Adjuvants, surfactants, oils, soluble fertilizers, and drift retardants. Follow local practice and manufacturer's recommendation.

APPLICATION

Apply at the recommended rates when insect populations reach locally determined economic thresholds. Consult the cooperative extension service, professional consultants or other qualified authorities to determine appropriate threshold levels for treatment in your area.

Follow-up treatments of LANVEER LV should be applied, as needed, to keep pest populations within threshold limits. On most crops, LANVEER LV should be applied at 5 to 7 day intervals to maintain control. Refer to crop specific directions for use in the crop tables for more specific information on treatment intervals.

Use sufficient water to obtain thorough, uniform coverage. Since LANVEER LV is a fast acting contact insecticide, best results follow direct spraying of the target insect.

For aerial, use a minimum of 2 gals, per acre (gpa) except 10 gpa for peaches and nectarines; 15 gpa for oranges, lemons, grapefruit, tangelos, and tangerines.

LANVEER LV is recommended for use as a low volume aerial spray 0.53 gpa (2L) for cotton* and soybeans* and 1 gpa for the crops listed below providing the following conditions are met:

- equipment is adjusted to distribute spray uniformly over the spray swath,
- wind conditions and other factors such as temperature and humidity are such that the spray is delivered to the target area,
- local regulations DO NOT prohibit low-volume aerial sprays,
- use rates are applied as directed on the package label or supplemental labeling for the following crops:

Alfalfa	Carrot	Lettuce	Potato
Anise	Cauliflower	Melons	Soybean
Asparagus	Celery	Mint	Spinach
Beans	Collards	Peanuts	Sugar beet
Broccoli	Corn	Peas (succulent)	Summer Squash
Brussels sprouts	Cotton	Peppermint	Wheat
Cabbane	Cucumber	Penners	

Apply the low rates on small plants, small insects and light infestations of insects. Use intermediate rates on large insects and eavier infestations of insects. Use 1 to 3 applications of the highest recommended rate for controlling severe infestations. Thereafter, use the lowest rate possible to maintain control.

* Not registered for aerial application in a diluted volume of less than 1 gal. in CA.

SPRAY TANK CLEANOUT

Immediately following application, thoroughly clean all spray equipment to reduce the risk of forming hardened deposits which might become difficult to remove.

Drain spray equipment, Thoroughly rinse sprayer and flush hoses, boom and nozzles with clean water.

Clean all other associated application equipment. Take all necessary safety precautions when cleaning equipment. **D0 N0T** clean near wells, water sources, or desirable vegetation. Dispose of waste rinse water in accordance with local regulations.

CHEMIGATION

Overhead Sprinkler Chemigation

Instructions for the Use of LANVEER LV on Alfalfa, Dry Beans, Green and Dry Bulb Onions, Potatoes, Succulent Beans, Succulent Peas, Sugar Beets, Sweet Corn, and Wheat Using Overhead Sprinkler Chemiqation

Overhead sprinkler Chemigation is allowed for use in alfalfa, succulent and dry beans, onions, succulent peas, potatoes, sugar beets, sweet corn, and wheat. **D0 NOT** apply this product through any other type of irrigation systems, except those allowed by instructions provided in a supplemental, SLN or this product label.

Overhead Chemigation applications offer the advantage of greater penetration and coverage of the target plant. However, typical Chemigation applications are more dilute than ground or aerial applications. For best results, it is recommended to keep the concentration of *LAWVEER LV* as high as possible in the application. Apply *LAWVEER LV* in 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water per acre.

LANVEER LV is most active as a contact insecticide, although it does also have activity via ingestion of treated plants. For best results, applications of LANVEER LV should take place when the insects are active and most likely to come into direct contact with the application.

Types of Overhead Sprinkler Irrigation Systems

LAWEER LV may be applied through overhead sprinkler irrigation systems for control of various pests. The irrigation system used must provide uniform water distribution. **DO NOT** use filter screens smaller than 50 mesh throughout the system, due to possible buildup of material on 100 mesh or smaller screens. **DO NOT** apply LANVEER LV through any other type of irrigation systems, except those allowed by instructions provided in a supplemental. SI N, or this main product lab.

Directions for Overhead Sprinkler Chemigation

Preparation: A pesticide tank is used for the application of LANVEER LV in Chemigation systems. Thoroughly clean the injection system and tank of any fertilizer or chemical residues using a standard clean-out procedure. Dispose of any residues in accordance with State and Federal laws. Add 1/4 to 1/2 of the desired amount of water and then measure the required amount of LANVEER LV into the tank. Complete filling the tank by adding the required amount of water. Agitate thoroughly to insure a uniform solution of LANVEER LV. Once in solution, no further agitation is required. Injection solution should not be stored overnight. Highly alkaline water should be buffered so that the pH of the spray solution is in the range of neutral to slightly acidic (pH 5-7).

Injection Into Overhead Sprinkler Chemigation System: Inject the proper amount of the LANWEER LV solution into the irrigation water flow using a positive displacement injection pump. Injection should occur at a point in the main irrigation water flow to ensure thorough mixing with the irrigation water.

Operation: Start the water pump and sprinkler, and let the system achieve the desired pressure and speed before starting the injector. Start the injector and calibrate the injection system according to the directions above. This procedure is necessary to deliver the desired rate per acre in a uniform manner. Apply LAWVEER LV in 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water per acre. When the application is finished, allow the entire irrigation and injector system to be thoroughly flushed clean before stopping the system. End guns must be turned off during the application, if they irrigate nontarget areas or if they DO NOT provide uniform application and coverage.

Nozzles in the immediate area of control panels, chemical supply tanks, wellheads and system safety devices must be plugged to prevent contamination of these areas.

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

DO NOT apply when system connections or fittings leak or when nozzles **DO NOT** provide uniform distribution.

Cleaning the System: Thoroughly clean the injection system and tank of any fertilizer or chemical residues using a standard clean-out procedure. Dispose of any residues in accordance with State and Federal laws. Consult your owner's manual or your local equipment dealer for cleanout procedures for your injection system.

Drip Chemigation

Instructions for the Use of LANVEER LV on green and dry bulb onions Using Drip Chemigation

Drip Chemigation is allowed in green and dry bulb onions. **DO NOT** apply this product through any other type of irrigation systems, except those allowed by instructions provided in a supplemental, SLN, or this product label.

Types of Drip Irrigation Systems

The irrigation system used must provide uniform water distribution. **DO NOT** use filter screens smaller than 50 mesh throughout the system, due to possible buildup of material on 100 mesh or smaller screens. **DO NOT** apply *LANVEER LV* through any other type of irrigation systems, except those allowed by instructions provided in a supplemental, SLN or this main product label.

Directions for Drip Chemigation Drip Guidance:

- 1. Tape placement is critical. All products applied via drip irrigation must be deposited in the root zone. Place the tape either under each row or within each bed at the minimum depth that allows planting. The goal is to have the tape within or adjacent to the root zone and buried no more than 2 inches deep.
- Optimum emitter spacing is 6 inches or less. The maximum emitter spacing must not exceed 12 inches. Emitters must be free of debris and deliver consistent amounts of water. Best
 results are seen when the same amount of LANVEER LV comes out of each emitter.
- 3. Adjust the irrigation cycle so that the water reaches the entire root zone without being pushed beyond the root zone.
- 4. The minimum injection time that will result in uniform distribution of LAWEER LV throughout the field is the time it takes water to move from the injection point to the most distant emitter. Extending the injection time to twice the minimum will improve uniformity of the application. Also applications made with lower delivery volumes of water will improve uniformity.
- 5. When the drip tape is located between two single or double rows of onions, begin injection of LANVEER LV as soon as the system is up to pressure and continue through the first half to two-thirds of the irrigation cycle. The purpose is to ensure that the LANVEER LV is pushed all the way to the root zone of the outer row and not left in the area around the emitter.
- 6. Applications should be made before pests reach thresholds.
 - . Drip chemigation works best when fields are relatively flat.
- 8. The tape flow rate should be matched to the soil type, crop and climate. Too much flow can result in puddling and excessive time at soil saturation. Consult the tape manufacturer for more information.

Preparation: A pesticide tank is used for the application of LANVEER LV in chemigation systems. Thoroughly clean the injection system and tank of any fertilizer or chemical residues using a standard clean-out procedure. Dispose of any residues in accordance with State and Federal laws. Add 1/4 to 1/2 of the desired amount of water and then measure the required amount of LANVEER LV into the tank. Complete filling the tank by adding the required amount of water. Agitate thoroughly to insure a uniform solution of LANVEER LV. Once in solution, no further aditation is required. Injection solution should not be stored overnight.

Injection Into Drip Chemigation Systems: Inject the proper amount of the LANVEER LV solution into the irrigation water flow. Injection should occur at a point in the main irrigation water flow to ensure thorough mixing with the irrigation water. The injection solution containing LANVEER LV should be injected during the middle one-third of the irrigation cycle.

Operation: Start the water pump and let the system achieve the desired pressure and flow before starting the injector. Start the injector and calibrate the injection system. This procedure is necessary to deliver the desired rate per acre in a uniform manner. When the application is finished, allow the entire irrigation and injector system to be thoroughly flushed clean before stopping the system.

DO NOT apply when system connections or fittings leak or when emitters DO NOT provide uniform distribution.

Cleaning the System: Thoroughly clean the injection system and tank of any fertilizer or chemical residues using a standard clean-out procedure. LANVEER LV should not be applied at the same time that a drip/irrigation line clean out product is being used as performance may be reduced. Dispose of any residues in accordance with State and Federal laws. Consult your owner's manual or your local equipment dealer for cleanout procedures for your injection system.

Additional Chemigation Directions (both overhead and drip)

Uniform Water Distribution

The irrigation system used for application of LANVEER LV must provide for uniform distribution of LANVEER LV reated water. Non-uniform distribution might result in crop injury, lack of effectiveness or illegal pesticide residues in or on the crop being treated. Ensure the irrigation system is calibrated to uniformly distribute the chemigation application to the crop. Contact the equipment manufacturer, the local University Extension agent or other exerts if you have questions about achieving uniform distribution of the application.

Equipment Calibration

Calibrate the irrigation system and injector before applying LANVEER LV. Calibrate the injection pump while the system is running using the expected irrigation rate. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact your state extension service specialists, equipment manufacturer or other experts.

Monitoring of Chemigation Applications

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of a responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise. Wear the personal protective equipment as defined in the PPE section of the label for cleaners and repairers of application equipment when making adjustments or repairs on the chemication system when LAWEER LV is in the irrication water.

Required System Safety Devices

DO NOT connect any irrigation system used for pesticide applications to a public water system unless the pesticide label- prescribed safety devices are in place. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption, if such a system has at least 61 days out of the year.

- 1. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- 2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 4. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction.

There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

Posting of Areas to be Treated

Posting of areas to be chemigated is required when: 1) any part of a treated area is within 300 feet of sensitive areas such as residential areas, labor camps, businesses, day care centers, hospitals, in-patient clinics, nursing homes, or any other public areas such as schools, parks, playgrounds, or other public facilities not including public roads, or 2) when the chemigated area is open to the public such as golf courses or retail greenhouses.

Posting must conform to all the following requirements. Treated areas shall be posted with signs at all usual points of entry and along likely routes of approach from the listed sensitive areas. When there are no usual points of entry, signs must be posted in the corners of the treated areas and in any other location affording maximum visibility to sensitive areas. The signs shall be printed in ENGLISH.

Signs must be posted prior to application and must remain posted until foliage has dried and soil surface water has disappeared. Signs may remain in place indefinitely as long as they are composed of materials to prevent deterioration and maintain legibility for the duration of the posting period.

All words shall consist of letters at least 2 1/2 inches tall, and all letters and the symbol shall be a color, which sharply contrasts with their immediate background.

At the top of the sign shall be the words "**KEEP OUT**", followed by an octagonal stop sign symbol at least 8 inches in diameter containing the word "**STOP**". Below the symbol shall be the words "PESTICIDE IN IRRIGATED WATER". Posting for chemigation does not replace other posting and reentry requirements for farm worker safety.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment and weather related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements **D0 NOT** apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

- 1. The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- 2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information.

AERIAL DRIFT REDUCTION ADVISORY INFORMATION

Importance of Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets (>150 - 200 microns). The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. The presence of sensitive species nearby, the environmental conditions, and pest pressure may affect how an applicator balances drift control and coverage. APPLYING LARGER DROPLETS REDUCES DRIFT POTENTIAL, BUT WILL NOT PREVENT DRIFT IF APPLICATIONS ARE MADE IMPROPERLY OR UNDER UNFAVORABLE ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS! See Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions sections of this label.

Controlling Droplet Size - General Techniques

- Volume Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure Use the lower spray pressures recommended for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. WHEN HIGHER FLOW RATES
 ARE NEEDED, USE A HIGHER-CAPACITY NOZZLE INSTEAD OF INCREASING PRESSURE.
- Nozzle Type Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles.
 Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Controlling Droplet Size - Aircraft

- Number of Nozzles Use the minimum number of nozzles with the highest flow rate that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle Orientation Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice.
 Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle Type Solid stream nozzles (such as disc and core with swirl plate removed) oriented straight back produce larger droplets than other nozzle types and the lowest drift.
- Boom Length For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.
- Application Height Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.
- Swath Adjustment When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downward edges of the fields, the applicator
 must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller
 drops, etc.)

BOOM HEIGHT

Setting the boom at the lowest labeled height (if specified) which provides uniform coverage reduces the exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind. For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

WIND

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 3-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 3 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. AVOID GUSTY OR WINDLESS CONDITIONS.

Note: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain close to the ground and move laterally in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

SENSITIVE AREAS

The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce the effects of wind. However, it is the responsibility of the applicator to verify that the shields are preventing drift and not interfering with uniform deposition of the product.

AIR ASSISTED (AIR BLAST) FIELD CROP SPRAYERS

Air assisted field crop sprayers carry droplets to the target via a downward directed air stream. Some may reduce the potential for drift, but if a sprayer is unsuitable for the application and/ or set up improperly, high drift potential can result. It is the responsibility of the applicator to determine that a sprayer is suitable for the intended application, is configured properly, and that drift is not occurring.

Note: Air assisted field sprayers can affect product performance by affecting spray coverage and canopy penetration. Consult the application equipment section of this label to determine if use of an air assisted sprayer is recommended.

AIR ASSISTED (AIR BLAST) TREE AND VINE SPRAYERS

Air assisted tree and vine sprayers carry droplets into the canopy of trees and vines via a radially or laterally directed air stream. These sprayers are not suitable for applying herbicides. In addition to the general drift management principles already described, the following specific practices will further reduce the potential for drift.

Adjust deflectors and aiming devices so that spray is only directed into the canopy.

Block off upward pointed nozzles when there is no overhanging canopy.

Use only enough air volume to penetrate the canopy and provide good coverage.

DO NOT allow spray to go beyond the edge of the cultivated area. Spray the outside row only from outside the planting.

CROP RATE TABLE

Crops	Insects	Rate LANVEER LV Pts. Per Acre	Last Application - Days To Harvest	REI
Alfalfa	Pea Aphid Lygus Bugs Blotch Leafminer Aphids Egyptian Alfalfa Weevil Larvae Loopers Beet Armyworm Armyworm Alfalfa Caterpillar Fall Armyworm Western Yellowstriped Armyworm Yellowstriped Armyworm	1 1/2 - 3	Days To Harvest	48 hrs
	Alfalfa Weevil Larvae	3		
	Variegated Cutworm	3/4 - 3		
	Apply in 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water per acre. See CHEMIGA *DO NOT apply within 7 days of cutting or allowing livestocl	rinkler chemigation. For best results, use the highest listed TION section for more information. k to graze.	rate of <i>LANVEER LV</i> .	
Anise (Fennel)	Cabbage Looper	3	7	48 hrs
	Beet Armyworm RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 15 pints of <i>LAWVEER LV</i> per acre DO NOT make more than 10 applications per crop.	1 1/2 - 3 per crop.	T	
Apple (Ground application only)	Apple Aphid Rosy Apple Aphid Tufted Apple Budmoth Green Fruitworm Tarnished Plant Bug Codling Moth (10-12 day spray intervals)	1 1/2 - 3*	14	72 hrs
	Leafrollers (Fruit-tree, Obliquebanded, Redbanded, Variegated) Lesser Appleworm White Apple Leafhopper Tentiform Leafminer Cutworm	3*		
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT use on Early Macintosh & Wealthy varieties DO NOT apply more than 15 pints of <i>LANVEER LV</i> per acre DO NOT make more than 5 applications per crop; minimun *Apply in a minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre.	per crop. n interval between treatments is 7 days.		

Crops	Insects	Rate <i>LANVEER LV</i> Pts. Per Acre	Last Application - Days To Harvest	REI
Asparagus	Beet Armyworm Western Yellowstriped Armyworm Asparagus Beetle Spotted Asparagus Beetle White Cutworm Redbacked Cutworm	1 1/2 - 3	1	48 hrs
	Variegated Cutworm	1 1/2]]
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 15 pints of <i>LANVEER LV</i> per acre DO NOT make more than 8 applications per crop.	per crop.		
Avocado	Western Avocado Leafroller Omnivorous Looper	1 1/2 - 3	1	
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 3 pints of <i>LANVEER LV</i> per acre p DO NOT make more than 2 applications per crop.	per crop.		48 hrs
Beans (Succulent)	Leafhopper Mexican Bean Beetle	3/4 - 3		
Including: Kidney, Lima, Mung,	Fall Armyworm Variegated Cutworm(**)	1 1/2		
Navy, Pinto, Snap, Wax, Broad, Fava, Asparagus, Blackeyed peas, Cowpeas, Chick peas, Garbanzo beans, Sweet lupine,	Beet Armyworm(**) Corn Earworm Saltmarsh Caterpillar(**) Yellowstriped Armyworm(**) Western Yellowstriped Armyworm(**) Lygus Bugs Thrips Aphids(**) Loopers'(**)	1 1/2 - 3	Succulent Beans 3/4 - 1 1/2 pts 1 Over 1 1/2 pts 3 3 - Vines 7 - Hay	48 hrs
White sweet lupine, White lupine, Grain lupine	European Corn Borer (Ovicide & Larvicide) Initiate when moth flights first appear and-continue preventive treatments at 3-4 day intervals to control eggs and larvae.			
	Spotted Cucumber Beetle	3/4 - 1 1/2		ļ
		d sprinkler irrigation in ID, MT, NV, OR, UT, & WA at the rate of g agent may improve performance. Make sequential applicati	ions at 5- to 7-day intervals	
Beans (Dry) (Same as	(Same as Succulent Beans)	(Same as Succulent Beans)	14 - Dry Beans* 14 - Vines* 14 - Hay*	
Succulent Beans)	Apply in 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water per acre. Use of a wetting	op. Indicate the sprinkler irrigation in ID, MT, NV, OR, UT, & WA at the rate of g agent may improve performance. Make sequential application apply more than 15 pints (4.5 lbs. a.i.) LANVEER LV per	ons at 5- to 7-day intervals	48 hrs

Crops	Insects	Rate <i>LANVEER LV</i> Pts. Per Acre	Last Application - Days To Harvest	REI
Beets	Imported Cabbageworm	3/4 - 3		
(Table)	Beet Armyworm Cabbage Looper Diamondback Moth	1 1/2 - 3	0 - roots 10 - tops	
	Cucumber Beetle Variegated Cutworm	1 1/2		48 hrs
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 12 pints of <i>LANVEER LV</i> per acre DO NOT make more than 8 applications per crop.	per crop.		
Bermudagrass pasture	Fall Armyworm Armyworm Striped Grass Looper	3/4 - 3	7 - Forage* 3 - Dehydrated Hay**	
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 3 pints of LANVEER LV per acre p DO NOT make more than 4 applications per crop. To NOT apply within 7 days of feeding forage or allowing or not not apply within 3 days of cutting for hay.	•		48 hrs
Blueberries	Blueberry Leafhopper Aphids Tussock Moth Weevil Sharp-Nosed Leafhopper	1 1/2		
	Cranberry Fruitworm* Cherry Fruitworm*	1 1/2 - 3	7 - Forage* 3 - Dehydrated Hay**	
	Flea Beetle (larvae) Sawfly (larvae) Blueberry Leafroller	3		48 hrs
	Blueberry Maggot	3/4 - 1 1/2		
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply during bloom. DO NOT apply more than 12 pints of <i>LANVEER LV</i> per acre DO NOT make more than 4 applications per crop. "For ground use only.	per crop.		
Broccoli	Loopers Diamondback Moth	1 1/2 - 3**	3	
	Imported Cabbageworm	3/4 - 3**		
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 21 pints of LANVEER LV per acre DO NOT make more than 10 applications per crop; minimu "Add a wetting agent to improve coverage.			48 hrs
Brussels Sprouts	Loopers Imported Cabbageworm Diamondback Moth	1 1/2 - 3**	3	
	Variegated Cutworm	1 1/2**		48 hrs
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 18 pints of LANVEER LV per acre DO NOT make more than 10 applications per crop; minimu ** Add a wetting agent to improve coverage.		7 - Forage* 3 - Dehydrated Hay**	.50

Crops	Insects	Rate <i>LANVEER LV</i> Pts. Per Acre	Last Application - Days To Harvest	REI
Cabbage	Loopers* Diamondback Moth Fall Armyworm	1 1/2 - 3**	1	
	Imported Cabbageworm	3/4 - 3**		
	Variegated Cutworm	1 1/2**		48 hrs
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 24 pints of LANVEER LV per acre DO NOT make more than 15 applications per crop; minimu "DO NOT use for Loopers in AL & GA. ""Add a wetting agent to improve coverage.	per crop. m interval between treatments is 2 days.		
Carrot	Beet Armyworm Armyworms Aster Leafhopper	1 1/2 - 3	1	
	Variegated Cutworm	3/4 - 1 1/2		48 hrs
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 21 pints of <i>LANVEER LV</i> per acre DO NOT make more than 10 applications per crop.	per crop.		
Cauliflower	Imported Cabbageworm	3/4 - 3**		
	Loopers Diamondback Moth	1 1/2 - 3**		
	Variegated Cutworm	1 1/2**		48 hrs
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 24 pints of LANVEER LV per acre DO NOT make more than 10 applications per crop; minimu **Add a wetting agent to improve coverage.	per crop. m interval between treatments is 2 days.		
Celery	Beet Armyworm Aster Leafhopper	1 1/2 - 3		
	Loopers	3	1 3 3 7 80	
	Variegated Cutworm	1 1/2		48 hrs
	Armyworms	3/4 - 3]
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 21 pints of <i>LANVEER LV</i> per acre DO NOT make more than 8 applications per crop.	per crop.	7	
Chicory	Beet Armyworm Variegated Cutworm Leafhoppers	1 1/2 - 3	80	40 hrs
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 6 pints of <i>LANVEER LV</i> per acre p DO NOT make more than 2 applications per crop.	er crop.	80	48 hrs
Chinese Cabbage	Loopers Beet Armyworm	1 1/2 - 3*	10	
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 24 pints of <i>LANVEER LV</i> per acre DO NOT make more than 10 applications per crop. *Minimum of 25 gallons water per acre by ground or 5 gallo			48 hrs

Crops	Insects	Rate LANVEER LV Pts. Per Acre	Last Application - Days To Harvest	REI
Collards (Fresh market only)	Diamondback Moth Variegated Cutworm	1 1/2		
	Imported Cabbageworm Beet Armyworm Loopers*	1 1/2 - 3	10	
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply when temp, is less than 50 °F. DO NOT apply when crop is less than 10" tall. DO NOT apply more than 18 pints of <i>LAWVEER LV</i> per acre DO NOT make more than 8 applications per crop. "DO NOT use for Loopers in AL & GA.	per crop.		48 hrs
Corn (Field, Popcorn & Seed	Earworm (Ovicide/Larvicide) Armyworm Fall Armyworm European Corn Borer- Ears 1-3 days or as needed Corn Rootworm (adult beetles) Flea Beetles Plicnic Beetles Aphids	3/4 - 1 1/2	21 - Ears 3 - Forage* 21 - Stover*	
	Variegated Cutworm Beet Armyworm	1 1/2		48 hrs
	silage. Com stover are the parts of the plant that remain af fed as roughage to animals. Timing of applications: DO NOT make more than two applic	vested with the ears intact. The plants can be fed directly to ter removal of the grain at full plant maturity. These remainin	21 - Ears 3 - Forage* 21 - Stover* to animals or used to make ing stalks and leaves can be ed, 5-7 days later. 0 - Ears 3 - Forage 21 - Stover	
Corn (Sweet)	EarwormWhorl as needed	1 - 1 1/2		
(oweer)	Fall Armyworm* Armyworm* Earworm* (Ovicide/Larvicide) European Corn Borer - Ears 1-3 days or as needed Corn Rootworm (adult beetles) Flea Beetles Plicnic Beetles Aphilds*	3/4 - 1 1/2	3 - Forage	
	Variegated Cutworm Beet Armyworm*	1 1/2		
	Certain hybrid varieties of sweet corn are susceptible to me Treat a small area to determine crop safety before full scale	myl injury. raying.	48 hrs	
	inches of water per acre. Use of a wetting agent may improve are brought below threshold. DO NOT apply more than 21 LANVEER LV at least 0 days for ears, 3 days for forage, or 2 Timing of applications: DO NOT make more than two applic	m interval between treatments is 1 day. sprinkler in CO & NM at the rate of 1 1/2 pints of product pe e performance. Make sequential applications at 1 day interval pints (6.3 lbs. a.i.) LANVEER LV per crop to sweet corn. N 21 days for stover before harvest.	ntervals or until insect populations corn. Make the last application of	

Crops	Insects	Rate LANVEER LV Pts. Per Acre	Last Application - Days To Harvest	REI
Cotton - All U.S.	Ovicide/Larvicide - Bollworm, Tobacco Budworm (Initiate schedule when significant numbers of eggs are present. Continue at 3- to 5-day intervals while eggs are present and larval control is adequate. If significant larvae survive, use higher rates below.), Lygus Bugs/Plant Bugs (adults and nymphs) - Start treatment on low level population for suppression.	2/5 - 3/4		
	Cotton Leafworm	3/4 - 1 1/2]	
	Cotton Fleahopper (as needed)	2/5 - 3/4]	
	Aphids Thrips	3/4		
East of Rockies Only	(Early Season) Bollworm, Tobacco Budworm, Beet Armyworm, Cotton Leafperforator, Fall Armyworm, Lygus Bugs/Plant Bugs (adults and nymphs) Use as occasional spray in regular schedule but not more often than every 10 days.	1 1/2	15	
East of Rockies Only	(Late Season) Bollworm, Tobacco Budworm, Beet Armyworm, Cotton Leafperforator, Fall Armyworm, Lygus Bugs/Plant (adult and nymphs) Up to 3 applications at 3-5 day intervals after desired boll load set on plants.	1 1/2 - 2 1/4		72 hrs
Texas	Cotton Aphid	3/4 - 2]	
West of Rockies only	Larvicide for worms: Bollworm Fall Armyworm Tobacco Budworm Lygus Bugs Beet Armyworm	1 1/2 - 2 1/4		
	Cotton Leafperforator	1 - 2 1/4	i	
	RESTRICTIONS: For applications West of the Rockies, make application: For all applications made to cotton in the United State DO NOT apply more than 6 pints of LANVEER LV per acre p DO NOT make more than 8 applications per crop. DO NOT graze or feed. Use may redden cotton. If excessive, stop or alternate with or	es: er crop.		
Cucumber	Loopers Tobacco Budworm Beet Armyworm Yellowstriped Armyworm Granulate Cutworm Flea Beetles Cucumber Beetles Melon Aphid Melonworm Pickleworm Fall Armyworm	1 1/2 - 3	1 1/2 lb 1 Over 1 1/2 pts 3	48 hrs
	Variegated Cutworm	1 1/2		
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 18 pints of <i>LANVEER LV</i> per acre DO NOT make more than 12 applications per crop.	per crop.		

Crops	Insects	Rate LANVEER LV Pts. Per Acre	Last Application - Days To Harvest	REI
Eggplant	Green Peach Aphid	3/4 - 3		
	Tomato Pinworm (Ground Application only) Beet Armyworm Corn Earworm	1 1/2 - 3	5	48 hrs
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 15 pints of <i>LANVEER LV</i> per acre DO NOT make more than 10 applications per crop.	per crop.		
Endive, Escarole	Beet Armyworm	1 1/2 - 3	10	
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 15 pints of LANVEER LV per acre DO NOT make more than 8 applications per crop.	per crop.		48 hrs
Garlic	Beet Armyworm	1 1/2**	7	
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 9 pints of LANVEER LV per acre p DO NOT make more than 6 applications per crop. **Add a wetting agent to improve coverage.	ner crop.		48 hrs
Thrips	1	72 hrs		
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 9 pints of LANVEER LV per acre p DO NOT make more than 4 applications per crop.	per crop.		
Aprilos 1 1/2 65 Ground Thrips 1 1/2 65	65			
application only	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 6 pints of <i>LANVEER LV</i> per acre p DO NOT make more than 4 applications per crop.	per crop.		48 hrs
Leafy Green Vegetables: Beet (tops), Dandelions, Kale,	Beet Armyworm Cabbage Looper* Diamondback Moth Imported Cabbageworm	1 1/2 - 3	10	48 hrs
Mustard Greens, Parsley, Swiss Chard, Turnip Greens	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 12 pints of LANVEER LV per acre DO NOT make more than 8 applications per crop. "DO NOT use for Cabbage Loopers in AL & GA.	per crop.		401115
Lemon CA, AZ & HI only	Thrips Western Tussock Moth Orange Tortrix Beet Armyworm	1 1/2 - 3	1	72 hrs
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 9 pints of <i>LANVEER LV</i> per acre p DO NOT make more than 4 applications per crop.	per crop.		
Lentils	Western Yellowstriped Armyworm	1 1/2 - 3	21	
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 3 pints of LANVEER LV per acre DO NOT make more than 2 applications per crop.	per crop.		48 hrs

Crops	Insects	Rate <i>LANVEER LV</i> Pts. Per Acre	Last Application - Days To Harvest	REI
Lettuce	Alfalfa Looper	3/4 - 3		
(Head and Leaf varieties)	Thrips Aphids Beet Armyworm Cabbage Looper Corn Earworm Aster Leafhopper	1 1/2 - 3	3/4 - 1 1/2 pts 7 Over 1 1/2 lb 10	
	Variegated Cutworm	1 1/2	3/4 - 1 1/2 pts 7	_
	RESTRICTIONS: Lettuce (head varieties) D0 NOT apply more than 21 pints of LANVEER LV per acre D0 NOT make more than 12 applications per crop; minimu Lettuce (leaf varieties) D0 NOT apply more than 12 pints of LANVEER LV per acre D0 NOT make more than 6 applications per crop; minimum	m interval between treatments is 2 days. per crop.		48 hrs
Melons Including: Cantaloupe, Casaba, Santa Claus melon, Crenshaw melon, Honeydew melon, Honey balls, Persian melon, Golden Pershaw melon, Mango melon	Loopers Tobacco Budworm Beet Armyworm Yellowstriped Armyworm Granulate Cutworm Flea Beetles Cucumber Beetles Melon Aphid Melonworm Pickleworm Fall Armyworm	1 1/2 - 3		48 hrs
Pineapple melon, Snake melon,	Variegated Cutworm	1 1/2		
Watermelon	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 18 pints of <i>LANVEER LV</i> per acre DO NOT make more than 12 applications per crop.	per crop.		
Mint (Peppermint,	Variegated Cutworm Alfalfa Looper	3	14	
Spearmint)	Flea Beetles	2 1/4 - 3		48 hrs
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 6 pints of <i>LANVEER LV</i> per acre p DO NOT make more than 4 applications per crop.	per crop.	3/4 - 1 1/2 pts 7 Over 1 1/2 lb 10	.51110
Nectarine	Thrips	1 1/2 - 3	1	
CA & AZ only	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 9 pints of LANVEER LV per acre p DO NOT make more than 3 applications per crop.	per crop.		72 hrs

Crops	Insects		Rate <i>LAI</i>	VVEER LV Pts. Per Acre	Last Application - Days To Harvest	REI
Onions (Green & Dry Bulb)	Beet Armyworm			1 1/2 - 3**	7 -	
	Thrips*(***) Variegated Cutworm Black Cutworm			3**	To Harvest 7 - Green & Dry Bulb Onions 6R LV and a wetting agent. Ontrols thrips at the rate of ast rate. For drip LAWEER oopulations of thrips reach ch an average of 10 thrips part of your thrips controls	
	RESTRICTIONS: Onions, green DO NOT apply more than 18 pints of LANVEER LV per acre per crop. DO NOT make more than 8 applications per crop; minimum interval between treatments is 5 days. Onions, dry bulb DO NOT apply more than 12 pints of LANVEER LV per acre per crop. DO NOT make more than 8 applications per crop; minimum treatment interval between treatments is 5 days. "Chemigation: LANVEER LV may be applied by overhead sprinkler chemigation to control thrips. Begin applications before thrips populations reach 3-5 thrips per plant. For best results, use the highest rate of LANVEER LV and a wetting agent. Apply in 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water per acre. See CHEMIGATION section for more information. "Add a wetting agent to improve coverage. ("") Drip Chemigation: LANVEER LV may be applied via drip irrigation systems in ID, NV, OR, UT, and WA. LANVEER LV controls thrips at the rate of 3 pints of product per acre of plant bed applied thru drip irrigation systems. The rate of LANVEER LV is listed as a broadcast rate. For drip LANVEER LV irrigation rates to be applied per 1,000 feet, see the table at the end of this section. Treatments should begin before populations of thrips reach 3-5 thrips per plant. Acidify the injection solution containing LANVEER LV to apH of 5 or less. Once thrips populations reach an average of 10 thrips per plant or higher, it is very difficult to achieve satisfactory control with any insecticide program. Make sequential applications at 7- to 10-day intervals. Consider use of products with an alternate mode of action as part of your thrips control program. Do NOT apply more than 18 pints (5.4 lbs. a.i.) LANVEER LV per crop to dry bulb onions. DO NOT apply more than 18 pints (5.4 lbs. a.i.) LANVEER LV at least 7 days before harvest. Instructions for the Use of LANVEER LV in Drip Chemigation					
	Instructions for the Use of LANVEE	<i>R LV</i> in Drip Che	emigation		٦	
	Bed Spacing	Linear Ft. of Be	ed to Equal one Acre	LANVEER LV Pt./A rate per 1,000 Row Feet		
	36 inches 48 inches 60 inches 72 inches		14,520 ft. 10,890 ft. 8,712 ft. 7,260 ft.	3.3 fl. oz. 4.4 fl. oz. 5.5 fl. oz. 6.6 fl. oz.		
Oranges CA, AZ & HI only	Thrips Western Tussock Moth Orange Tortrix Fruit-tree Leafroller Beet Armyworm Citrus Cutworm			1 1/2 - 3	1	72 hrs
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 9 pints of <i>LAN</i> DO NOT make more than 4 applications	VEER LV per acre per crop.	per crop.			
Peaches	Cat-facing Insects (Plant Bugs and Stink Bug fall and continue in cover sprays at 7- to 10	gs) - Begin at petal)-day intervals.	petal s.			
	Oriental Fruit Moth* - Begin at petal fall; use and frequent field inspection to determine ne Continue treatment in cover sprays an residual-type insecticides registered for this	eed for treatment. d alternate with	(or 3/4 lb. per 1	3 pts. 00 gals. up to 400 gals. per acre)	4	4 days
	Green Peach Aphid					
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 18 pints of <i>LAI</i> DO NOT make more than 6 applications *Oriental Fruit Moth (Ground Application of	per crop.	e per crop.			

Crops	Insects	Rate <i>LANVEER LV</i> Pts. Per Acre	Last Application - Days To Harvest	REI
Peanuts	Corn Earworm* Potato Leafhopper Fall Armyworm	3/4 - 3		
	Beet Armyworm	1 1/4 - 3]	
	Green Cloverworm Velvetbean Caterpillar Cabbage Looper Soybean Looper** Thrips Granulate Cutworm	1 1/2 - 3	21	48 hrs
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 12 pints of LANVEER LV per acm DO NOT make more than 8 applications per crop. DO NOT feed treated vines. "LANVEER LV has ovicidal and larvicidal control on corn ea "Soybean Looper is difficult to control. DO NOT apply to v		ations.	
Pears Northeast only	Green Fruitworm Oblique banded Leafroller	1 1/2 - 3*	7	48 hrs
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 6 pints of <i>LAWEER LV</i> per acre DO NOT make more than 2 applications per crop. *Apply in a minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre.	per crop.		
Peas (succulent) Including: Pigeon peas, Chick peas, Garbanzo beans,	Alfalfa Looper Cabbage Looper* Pea Aphid Beet Armyworm Saltmarsh Caterpillar Varlegated Cutworm	1 1/2 - 3	1 - Peas 5 - Forage 14 - Hay	
Dwarf peas, Garden peas, Green peas,	Alfalfa Caterpillar Armyworm Green Cloverworm	3/4 - 3		48 hrs
English Peas, Field peas, Ediblepod peas	Apply in 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water per acre. Use of a wettin		is at 5- to-7 day intervals or	
Pecans	Aphids	1 1/2 - 3	30	48 hrs
Southeast only	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 21 pints of <i>LANVEER LV</i> per acro DO NOT make more than 7 applications per crop.	e per crop.		
Peppers Including: Bell, Hot, Pimentos, Sweet	Loopers Beet Armyworm Green Peach Aphid Armyworm Fall Armyworm	1 1/2 - 3	3	
	Variegated Cutworm	3/4 - 1 1/2]	48 hrs
	European Corn Borer	3]
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 12 pints of <i>LAWVEER LV</i> per acro DO NOT make more than 8 applications per crop.	e per crop.		

Crops	Insects	Rate <i>LANVEER LV</i> Pts. Per	Acre	Last Application - Days To Harvest	REI
Pomegranates	Omnivorous Leafroller	3		14	
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 6 pints of LANVEER LV per acre p DO NOT make more than 2 applications per crop.	er crop.			48 hrs
Potato	Tuberworm* Loopers Aphids Beet Armyworm Leafhoppers Fall Armyworm	1 1/2 - 3	6	48 hrs	
	Variegated Cutworm Flea Beetles	1 1/2			
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 15 pints of LAWVEER LV per acre DO NOT make more than 10 applications per crop. Chemigation: LAWVEER LV may be applied by overhead sp 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water per acre. See CHEMIGATION sect "Repeat applications of LAWVEER LV on a 5-7 day schedu effective insecticides with different modes of action may be reduce the risk of larval damage to the tubers. Failure to a risk of tuber damage.	rinkler chemigation. For best results, use the tion for more information. Ie, or longer as needed, to control tuber we needed to keep foliar feeding larval popudequately control tuberworm larvae prior to	vorm populations. lations as low as	An application schedule of possible prior to harvest to	48 hrs
Sorghum	Sorghum Webworm	1 1/2 *			
Including: Sudangrass (Except Sweet Sorghum)	Sorghum Midge - Apply when 50% bloom and 3-5 days later if needed. Fall Armyworm (Budworm) Beet Armyworm Com Earworm Armyworm	3/4 - 1 1/2*		14**	48 hrs
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 3 pints of <i>LANVEER LV</i> per acre p DO NOT make more than 2 applications per cry Minimum of 10 gallons per acre by ground or 2 gallons pe "DO NOT apply within 14 days of feeding forage or cutting	r acre by air.			
Soybeans	Green Cloverworm Velvetibean Caterpillar Mexican Bean Beetle Corn Earworm - Light to Moderate infestations	2/5 - 3/4			
	Corn Earworm - Moderate to severe infestations	3/4 - 1 1/2			
	Soybean Aphid	1/2 - 1]	
	Beet Armyworm Saltmarsh Caterpillar Bean Leaf Beetle Fall Armyworm Thrips Silver Spotted Skipper - Light to Moderate infestations	3/4 - 1		14 - Soybeans 3 - Forage 12 - Hay	48 hrs
	Silver Spotted Skipper - Moderate to severe infestations	1 - 1 1/2			
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 4.5 pints of <i>LANVEER LV</i> per acre DO NOT make more than 3 applications per crop.	per crop.		,	

Crops	Insects	Rate <i>LANVEER LV</i> Pts. Per Acre	Last Application - Days To Harvest	REI	
Spinach	Alfalfa Looper Cabbage Looper Beet Armyworm Fall Armyworm	1 1/2 - 3	7	48 hrs	
	Variegated Cutworm	1 1/2	1		
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply when minimum daily temp, is 32 °F, or lower. DO NOT apply to seedlings less than 3" diameter. DO NOT apply more than 12 pints of LAMVEER LV per acre per crop. DO NOT make more than 8 applications per crop.				
Sugar Beet	Beet Webworm Flea Beetles Carrion Beetles Beet Armyworm* Aphids* Western Yellowstriped Armyworm*	3/4 - 3	30 - Tops 21 - Roots		
	Variegated Cutworm	1 1/2]	48 hrs	
	DO NOT apply more than 15 pints of LANVEER LV per acre per crop. DO NOT make more than 10 applications per crop. "Chemigation: LANVEER LV may be applied by overhead sprinkler chemigation to control beet armyworm, aphids and western yellowstriped armyworm. For best results, use the highest listed rate of LANVEER LV. Apply in 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water per acre. See CHEMIGATION section for more information.				
Summer Squash* Including: Crookneck squash, Straightneck squash, Scallop squash, Vegetable marrow, Spaghetti squash, HyotanCucuzza, Hechima, Chinese okra, Bitter melon, Balsam pear, Balsam apple Chinese Cucumber	Loopers Tobacco Budworm Beet Armyworm Yellowstriped Armyworm Granulate Cutworm Flea Beetles Cucumber Beetles Melon Aphid Melonworm Pickleworm Fall Armyworm	1 1/2 - 3	1 1/2 pts 1 day Over 1 1/2 pts 3 days	48 hrs	
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 18 pints of <i>LANVEER LV</i> per acre per crop. DO NOT make more than 12 applications per crop. "Fruit of the Gourd (Cucurbitaceae) family that are consumed when immature, 100% of the fruit is edible cooked or raw, once picked cannot be stored, has a soft rind which is easily penetrated, and if seeds were harvested they would not germinate.				
Tangelo, Tangerine CA, AZ & HI only	Thrips Western Tussock Moth Orange Tortrix Beet Armyworm	1 1/2 - 3	1	72 hrs	
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 9 pints of <i>LANVEER LV</i> per acre per crop. DO NOT make more than 4 applications per crop.				

Crops	Insects	Rate <i>LANVEER LV</i> Pts. Per Acre	Last Application - Days To Harvest	REI	
Tobacco (Except shade)	Flea Beetle Hornworm	3/4 - 1 1/2	5 - Flue cured 14 - Air or fire cured	48 hrs	
	Loopers Aphids Tobacco Budworm Fall Armyworm	1 1/2			
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 7.5 pints of <i>LANVEER LV</i> per acre per crop. DO NOT make more than 5 applications per crop.				
Tomato (Including Tomatillos*)	Tomato Fruitworm Aphilis Hornworm Loopers Beet Armyworm Southern Armyworm Pinworm Armyworm Fall Armyworm	1 1/2 - 3	1	48 hrs	
	Variegated Cutworm	1 1/2	1		
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 21 pints of <i>LANVEER LV</i> per acre per crop. DO NOT make more than 16 applications per crop. "For tomatillos DO NOT apply more than 15 pints of <i>LANVEER LV</i> per acre per crop. DO NOT make more than 5 applications per crop.				
Turf (For use on sod farms only)	Sod Webworm (after application, sprinkle irrigate for 15 minutes)	3 (1.1 fl. oz. per 1,000 sq. ft.)			
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 12 pints of <i>LAWVEER LV</i> per acre per crop. DO NOT make more than 4 applications per crop. DO NOT graze or feed.				
Wheat (States of Idaho, Oregon, and Washington only)	Armyworms Cereal Leaf Beetle* Aphids**	3/4 - 1 1/2	7		
	RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT apply more than 6 pints of LANVEER LV per acre per crop. DO NOT make more than 4 applications per crop. Chemigation: LANVEER LV may be applied by overhead sprinkler chemigation. For best results, use the highest listed rate of LANVEER LV INSECTICIDE. Apply in 0.1 LV may be applied by overhead sprinkler chemigation. For best results, use the highest listed rate of LANVEER LV INSECTICIDE. Apply in 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water per acre. See CHEMIGATION section for more information. *Cereal leaf beetle: LANVEER LV can provide contact ovicidal effect on cereal leaf beetle eggs when applied according to label directions. Application should be timed to correspond with the appearance of newly laid eggs or in anticipation of egg hatch to achieve maximum ovicidal effect. Use on this pest stage (egg) is not currently registered in California. **Aphids: For aphid control, crop must be actively growing and not under stress from adverse environmental conditions (such as, extreme temperatures or drought). Applications on Russian wheat aphid need to begin when aphid population is low (<10 adults per stem).				

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: DO NOT subject to temperatures below 32 °F. Store product in original container only. Not for use or storage in or around the home

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional

CONTAINER HANDLING:

Refer to the Net Contents section of this product's labeling for the applicable "Nonrefillable Container" or "Refillable Container" designation.

Nonrefillable Plastic and Metal Containers (Capacity Equal to or Less Than 5 Gallons): Nonrefillable container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then, (a) for Plastic Containers, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning; if burned, stay out of smoke, or (b) for Metal Containers, offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by their procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Nonrefillable Plastic and Metal Containers (Capacity Greater Than 5 Gallons): Nonrefillable container. Do NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container or 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its edia and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then, (a) for Plastic Containers, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning; if burned, stay out of smoke, or (b) for Metal Containers, offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Nonrefillable Plastic and Metal Containers, e.g., Intermediate Bulk Containers [IBC] (Size or Shape Too Large to be Tipped, Rolled or Turned Upside Down): Nonefillable container. Do NOT reuse or refill this container. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining product contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain rinsate for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Then, (a) for Plastic Containers, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning; if burned, stay out of smoke, or (b) for Metal Containers, offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

All Refillable Containers: Refillable containers. Refilling Container. Refill this container with LAWYEER LV containing methomyl only. **DO NOT** reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. Prior to refilling, inspect carefully for damage such as cracks, punctures, abrasions, worn out threads and closure devices. Check for leaks after refilling and before transporting. <u>Disposing of Containers</u> **DO NOT** reuse this container for any other purpose other than refilling (see proceeding). Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. To clean the container before final disposal, emply the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then, (a) for Plastic Containers, offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning; if burned, stay out of smoke, or (b) for Metal Containers, offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities. **DO NOT** transport if container is damaged or leaking.

In the event of a major spill, fire or other emergency, call CHEMTREC Day or Night, 1-800-424-9300,

CONDITION OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of INNVICTIS CROP CARE, LLC or Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold INNVICTIS CROP CARE, LLC and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

INNVICTIS CROP CARE, LLC warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. This warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or INNVICTIS CROP CARE, LLC, and Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, INNVICTIS CROP CARE, LLC MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, neither INNI/CITS CROP CARE, LLC nor Seller shall be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF INNI/CITS CROP CARE, LLC AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISS; RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE LECTION OF INNI/CITS CROP CARE, LLC OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

INNVICTIS CROP CARE, LLC and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of INNVICTIS CROP CARE, LLC.

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RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Due to high Acute Toxicity to Humans

For retail sale to and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision, and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's Certification. Direct supervision for this product requires the Certified Applicator to review federal and supplemental label instructions with all personnel prior to application, mixing, loading, repair or cleaning of application equipment.

LANVEER LV[™]

 Water Soluble Liquid
 By Weight

 Active Ingredient:
 By Weight

 Methomyl (S-methyl-N-[(methylcarbamoyl) oxy]thioacetimidate)
 29%

 Other Ingredients:
 71%

 Total:
 110%

Contains Methanol

Contains 2.4 lbs. active ingredient per gallon.



KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER / POISON PELIGRO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you **DO NOT** understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

FIRST AID

(N-Methyl Carbamate insecticide)

IF IN LYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 6 minutes, hen continue misning eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, pretengiably by mouth-remount, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further tearhent advice. IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. DO NOT induce womiting unless told to by a poson control center or doctor. DO NOT give anything to an unconscious person. IF ON SKIN DR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. ATROPINE IS AN ANTIDITE - SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION AT ONCE IN. ALL CASES OF SUSPECTED POISONING. If poisoning symptoms appear (see POISONING SYMPTOMS),

POISONING SYMPTOMS - Methomyl poisoning produces effects associated with anticholinesterase activity which may include weakness, blurred vision, headache, nausea, abdominal cramps, discomfort in the chest, constriction of pupils, sweating, slow pulse, muscle tremors. If poisoning symptoms appear, refer to First Aid section and seek medical attention at once.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. TREATMENTAlropine sulfate should be used for treatment. Administer repeated dosse, 1.2 to 2.0 mg intravenously and to 30 minutes until full atropination is achieved. Maintain atropinization until the patient recovers. Artificial respiration or oxygen may be necessary. Allow no further exposure to any cholinesterase inhibitor until recovery is assured. Do NoT use 2-PAM for exposure to LANVEER allone. However, for exposure to combinations of LANVEER and organophosphorous insecticides, 2-PAM may be used as required to supplement the atropine sulfate treatment. Do NoT use morphine. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact the National Poison Control Center 24-hr Emergency Hotline at: 1-800-222-1222.

See inside booklet for additional Precautionary Statements and Directions For Use.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

Contains Methanol. Methanol may cause blindness. Cornosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. May be fatal if swallowed or if inhaled. Harmful if absorbed through skin. **DO NOT** get in eyes or on clothing. **DO NOT** breaths expary mist. Avoid contact with skin.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Combustible. DO NOT use or store near heat or open flame. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation. The product shows otential explosive properties when heated to elevated temperatures.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restrictedentry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI). REI Summany: REI peaches = 4 day; REI apple, cotton, grapefruit, lemon, nectarine, orange, tangelo, tangerine = 3 day; all other WPS uses = 48 hour REI.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of Barrier Laminate, Butyl Rubber ≥14 mils, Nitrile Rubber ≥14 mils, Neoprene Rubber ≥14 mils, Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) ≥14 mils, or Viton ≥14 mils
- · Shoes plus socks
- · Protective eyewear

Discard clothing or other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. **DO NOT** reuse them.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

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In the event of a major spill, fire or other emergency, call CHEMTREC Day or Night, 1-800-424-9300.





Distributed By: INNVICTIS® CROP CARE, LLC 1880 FALL RIVER DRIVE, Suite 100 Loveland, CO 80538

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EPA Reg. No.: 89167-91-89391 EPA Est. No.: 67545-AZ-001 Net Contents: 2.5 Gal (9.46 L)