

Maestro[®] Advanced

Selective Herbicide

For the Control of Certain Broadleaf Weeds in Wheat, Barley, Oats and Rye, Grasses Grown for Seed and Sod Production, Flax, Conservation Preserve Program (CRP) and Fallowland

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

| | |
|---|-------|
| Octanoic acid ester of bromoxynil* (3,5-dibromo-4-hydroxybenzonitrile) | 18.7% |
| Heptanoic acid ester of bromoxynil* (3,5-dibromo-4-hydroxybenzonitrile) | 18.1% |
| 2-ethylhexyl ester of MCPA** | 40.0% |

OTHER INGREDIENTS:

| | |
|---------------------|--------|
| | 23.2% |
| TOTAL: | 100.0% |

Contains petroleum distillates.

* Equivalent to or not less than 2.5 pounds bromoxynil per gallon.

** Equivalent to or not less than 2.5 pounds MCPA acid per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION / PRECAUCIÓN

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.
(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

SEE INSIDE BOOKLET FOR FIRST AID AND ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

For Chemical Spill, Leak, Fire, or Exposure, Call CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300
For Medical Emergencies Only, Call (877) 325-1840

EPA REG. NO. 71368-77

Manufactured for
Nufarm, Inc.
11901 S. Austin Avenue
Alsip, IL 60803

 **Nufarm**
Grow a better tomorrow



Net Contents

2.5 Gal.
(9.46 L)

Nonrefillable Container

12754000

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
CAUTION / PRECAUCIÓN**

Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with skin or clothing. Causes moderate eye irritation. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or chewing tobacco. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Mixers, loaders, applicators, flaggers and other handlers must wear:

Long-sleeved shirt,
Long pants, and
Shoes plus socks

When mixing, loading, or using any hand-held equipment:

Chemical-resistant gloves, made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber > 14 mils, nitrile rubber > 14 mils or viton.

When cleaning equipment, mixing and loading:

Chemical-resistant apron

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

See engineering controls for additional requirements.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls Statements: If you will handle a total of 48 gallons or more of this product per day, you must use a mechanical transfer system for all mixing and loading operations. If this product is packaged in a 30 gallon or larger container, you must use a mechanical transfer system which terminates in a drip-free hard coupling which may be used only with a spray or mix tank which has been fitted with a compatible coupling. If you do not presently own or have access to a mechanical transfer system with this type of coupling, contact your dealer for information on how to obtain such a system or to modify your present system. When using a mechanical transfer system, do not remove or disconnect the pump or probe from the container until the container has been emptied and rinsed. The pump or probe system must be used to rinse the empty container and to transfer the rinsate directly to the mixing or spray tank.

Application from a tractor with a completely enclosed cab or aerial application is required whenever this product is applied to 360 or more acres in a day. The closed systems and enclosed cabs must be used in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d)(4-6)]. The handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

Enclosed Cockpits Engineering Controls: Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6)].

To reduce exposure to residues, wash the spray rig, tractor, and all other equipment used to handle or apply this product with water daily or before using the equipment for any other purpose.

APPLICATION BY CHEMIGATION must be done by fixed pipe, overhead sprinkler systems or hand moved pipe. If hand moved pipe is used for chemigation, the pipe must not be handled in any way until 24 hours after chemigation has been completed and residues have been flushed from the system. When applying by chemigation, no person may enter the application site unless in an enclosed vehicle.

AERIAL APPLICATION: Aerial application is prohibited within 300 feet of residential areas (e.g., homes, schools, playgrounds, shopping areas, hospitals, etc.)

Do not apply with backpack or hand-held application equipment.

Apply to non-residential turf only. Do not apply to residential, playground, or schoolyard turf.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users Should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

FIRST AID

| | |
|---|--|
| IF SWALLOWED | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.• Do not give any liquid to the person.• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. |
| IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Take off contaminated clothing.• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
| IF IN EYES | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes.• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
| IF INHALED | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Move person to fresh air.• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth- to-mouth, if possible.• Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. |
| HOT LINE NUMBER | |
| Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-877-325-1840 for emergency medical treatment information. | |
| NOTE TO PHYSICIAN | |
| Contains petroleum distillate - vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia. | |

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish, and may be toxic to aquatic invertebrates and aquatic plants. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours. This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Combustible. Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

NOTICE:

This product contains low volatile isooctyl ester of MCPA. At high air or ground surface temperatures, vapors from this product may cause injury to susceptible plants. This fact should be considered when applying this product.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

IT IS A VIOLATION OF FEDERAL LAW TO USE THIS PRODUCT IN A MANNER INCONSISTENT WITH ITS LABELING. Read entire label before using this product.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard (WPS), 40 CFR Part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the WPS.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated crops during the restricted entry interval (REI). For all crops except turf, the REI is 24 hours. The REI for harvesting sod farm turf is 12 days. The REI for other turf activities is 24 hours. For uses on turf grown for transplanting (e.g. on sod farms), notify workers of the application by warning them orally and by posting warning signs at entrances to treated areas.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the WPS and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls, shoes plus socks, and chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box only apply to use of this product on non-residential turfgrass areas that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Do not enter or allow others to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

This product is formulated as an emulsifiable concentrate of octanoic acid and heptanoic acid esters of bromoxynil containing the equivalent of 2.5 pounds of bromoxynil per gallon and 2.5 pounds per gallon of isooctyl ester of MCPA.

This product is a selective postemergence herbicide for control of important broadleaf weeds infesting wheat, barley, oats, rye, flax, and grass grown for sod. Optimum weed control is obtained when this product is applied to actively growing weed seedlings. This product is a contact and systemic herbicide; therefore thorough coverage of the weed seedlings is essential for optimum control.

This product has little residual activity. Therefore subsequent flushes of weeds will not be controlled by the initial treatment. Generally crops that form a good canopy will help shade subsequent weed flushes.

Occasional transitory leaf burn may occur. The temporary leaf burn is similar to that seen with liquid fertilizer. Because the activity of this product is mainly contact, recovery of the crop is generally rapid with no lasting effect. Frequency and amount of leaf burn may be greater when crops are stressed by abrasive winds, cool to cold evening temperatures or mechanical injury, such as that caused by hail, sleet or insect feeding. To reduce the potential for temporary leaf burn, applications should be made to dry foliage in the listed spray volumes per acre when weather conditions are not extreme.

Wheat, barley, oats, rye and flax treated with MCPA may be replanted with any crop specified on an MCPA label or any crop for which a residue tolerance exists for MCPA. For crops not listed on an MCPA label, or on crops for which no residue tolerances for MCPA have been established, a 60 day plantback interval must be observed

MIXING, LOADING AND HANDLING INSTRUCTIONS

2.5 Gallon Containers

Take special care in mixing and loading this product. Hands should be placed on the container in such a way as to avoid possible drip or splash.

Bulk Containers

If you will handle a total of 48 gallons or more of this product per day, you must use a mechanical transfer system for all mixing and loading operations. If this product is packaged in a 30 gallon or larger container, you must use a mechanical transfer system which terminates in a drip-free hard coupling which may be used only with a spray or mix tank which has been fitted with a compatible coupling. If you do not presently own or have access to a mechanical transfer system with this type of coupling, contact your dealer for information on how to obtain such a system or to modify your present system. When using a mechanical transfer system, do not remove or disconnect the pump or probe from the container until the container has been emptied and rinsed. The pump or probe system must be used to rinse the empty container and to transfer the rinsate directly to the mixing or spray tank.

THIS PRODUCT ALONE: Fill the spray tank 1/2 to 3/4 full with clean water. Begin agitation and add the specified amount of this product. Add water to the spray tank to the desired level. Maintain sufficient agitation to ensure a uniform spray mixture during application.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with other pesticide products provided that these other products are registered for use on the crop/use site to be treated. The tank mix must be used in accordance with the more restrictive pesticide label limitations and precautions. No label dosage rates may be exceeded. This product cannot be mixed with any product containing a label prohibition against such mixing.

This product can be applied in tank mixture with many other herbicides and insecticides registered for use on approved crops. Refer to the specific crop section for rate recommendations and other restrictions. To apply this product in mixture with another product, fill the spray tank 1/2 to 3/4 full with clean water and begin agitation. If tank mixing with wettable powder, soluble powder, flowable or dry flowable products, add the powder or flowable product first. After the other herbicide is thoroughly mixed with water add the specified amount of this product and add water to the spray tank to the desired level. If tank mixing with other product types, add this product first before adding the other product. Always mix one product in water thoroughly before adding another product or compatibility problems may occur.

Maintain sufficient agitation while mixing and during application to ensure a uniform spray mixture. If spray mixture is allowed to remain without agitation for short periods of time, be sure to agitate until uniformly mixed before application.

If tank mixing with products other than those listed within each crop section, a compatibility test is recommended to ensure satisfactory spray preparation. To test for compatibility, use a small container and mix a small amount (0.5 to 1 quart) of spray, combining all ingredients in the same ratio as the anticipated use. If any indications of physical incompatibility develop, do not use this mixture for spraying. Indications of incompatibility usually will appear within 5 to 15 minutes after mixing. To ensure maximum crop safety and weed control, follow the most restrictive of the labeling limitations and precautions of all the products used in the tank mixture.

SPRAYABLE LIQUID FERTILIZERS AND SPRAY ADDITIVES

This product can be applied in combination with sprayable liquid fertilizer or spray additives such as surfactants or crop oil concentrate. When tank mixing with liquid fertilizer always add the fertilizer to the spray tank first and agitate thoroughly before adding this product. Always predetermine the compatibility with liquid fertilizer by mixing small proportional quantities in advance. Agitation must be maintained during filling and application operations to ensure that this product is evenly mixed with the fertilizer. Leaf burn may occur when this product is applied with liquid fertilizer, but new leaves are not adversely affected.

NOTICE: Fertilizers and spray additives can increase foliage leaf burn when applied with this product. Do not apply fertilizers or spray additives with this product if leaf burn is a major concern due to environmental conditions, crop or variety sensitivity to this product. If this product is mixed with liquid fertilizer, the fertilizer should compose no more than 1/2 the total spray mix.

APPLICATION PROCEDURES

This product can be applied to registered use areas by ground, aerial and sprinkler irrigation equipment.

GROUND APPLICATION

Select a spray volume and delivery system that will ensure thorough and uniform spray coverage. For optimum spray distribution and thorough coverage use of flat fan nozzles spaced no more than 20 inches on the boom with a spray pressure of 40-50 psi. Nozzle types, nozzle spacing and lower spray pressures that produce coarse spray droplets may not provide adequate coverage of the weeds to ensure optimum control. Raindrop® nozzles and flood nozzles are not recommended as weed control with this product may be reduced. A spray volume of 10 to 20 gallons per acre (GPA) is required for optimum spray coverage. A maximum ground speed of 10 mph is suggested. Ground applications made when dry, dusty field conditions exist may provide reduced weed control in wheel track areas. Applications using less than 10 gallons per acre may result in reduced weed control.

When weed infestations are heavy, use of higher spray volumes will be helpful in obtaining uniform weed coverage. If you are unsure of the infestation level or size of crop, consult your local agronomist or extension service.

Do not apply when winds are gusty or when other conditions favor poor spray coverage and/or off target spray movement.

AERIAL APPLICATION

Use orifice discs, cores and nozzle types and arrangements that will provide for optimum spray distribution and maximum coverage.

A minimum spray volume of 5 GPA and a maximum pressure of 40 psi. A minimum spray volume of 3 gallons per acre may be used if crop canopy and weed density allow adequate spray coverage. Aerial applications using less than 5 gallons of spray volume per acre may result in reduced weed control.

Do not apply during inversion conditions, when winds are gusty or when other conditions favor poor spray coverage and/or off target spray movement. Off target spray movement can be minimized by increasing the spray volume per acre and not applying when winds exceed 10 mph.

SPRINKLER IRRIGATION APPLICATION

This product can be applied through sprinkler irrigation systems to wheat, barley, oats, rye and grasses grown for food.

Apply this product through sprinkler systems including center pivot, lateral move, side (wheel) roll, solid set or hand move irrigation systems only. If hand moved pipe is used for chemigation, the pipe must not be handled in any way until 24 hours after chemigation has been completed and residues have been flushed from the system. When applying by chemigation, no person may enter the application site unless in an enclosed vehicle. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS FOR APPLICATION THROUGH AUTOMATED SPRINKLER IRRIGATION SYSTEM

1. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
4. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
5. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
6. Systems must use a pesticide pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.
8. Agitation is required in the pesticide supply tank when applying this product.
9. This product should be applied continuously for the duration of the water application with center pivot and continuous lateral move systems. Application of this product should be made during the last 30-45 minutes of the irrigation set with other overhead sprinkler systems.
10. For best performance, set the sprinkler system to deliver approximately 0.5 inch or less of water per acre.
11. Remove scale, pesticide residues and other foreign matter from the supply tank and entire injector system. Flush with clean water.
12. If this product is diluted in the supply tank, fill the tank with half of the water amount desired, add this product and then add remaining water amount with agitation. Always dilute with at least 4 parts water to 1 part this product.
13. Start the sprinklers and then inject this product into the irrigation line. This product should be injected with a positive displacement pump into the main line at least 8 feet ahead of a right angle turn to insure adequate mixing. Refer to the section on application rates and timings in this label.

CHEMIGATION USE RESTRICTIONS

- Do not apply when conditions favor drift, when system connections or fittings leak, or when nozzles do not provide uniform distribution.
- Do not connect an irrigation system used for pesticide application to a public water system.

CHEMIGATION USE PRECAUTIONS

- Application of more than 0.5 inch/acre of irrigation water may result in decreased product performance on certain soils.
- Allow sufficient time for pesticide to be flushed through all the lines and nozzles before turning off irrigation water.
- Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.
- A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operations, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

SENSITIVE AREAS: The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitats for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulation. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed. The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information.

Apply only as a medium or coarser spray (ASAE standard 572) or a volume mean diameter of 300 microns or greater for spinning atomizer nozzles. Apply only when the wind speed is 2-10 mph at the application site. For ground boom application, do not apply with a nozzle height greater than 4 feet above the crop canopy.

Additional requirements for aerial applications: The boom length must not exceed 75% of the wingspan or 90% of the rotor blade diameter. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees. Release spray at the lowest height consistent with efficacy and flight safety. Do not release spray at height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy. When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this displacement at the downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Do not make applications into temperature inversions.

INFORMATION ON DROPLET SIZE: (This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements) The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions below).

CONTROLLING DROPLET SIZE: (This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements)

- Volume - Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure - Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of nozzles - Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle Orientation - Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle Type - Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

BOOM LENGTH: (This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements)

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 75% of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

APPLICATION HEIGHT: (This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements)

Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

SWATH ADJUSTMENT: (This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements)

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downward. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.)

WIND: (This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements)

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 - 10 mph. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY: (This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements)

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS: (This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements)

Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

GENERAL WEED LIST

Postemergence application of this product will control the following weeds when sprayed in the seedling stage. Maximum weed stage of growth is listed.

MOST SUSCEPTIBLE BROADLEAF WEED SPECIES

| | | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Annual sowthistle | (<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>) | Lanceleaf sage | (<i>Salvia reflexa</i>) |
| Black mustard | (<i>Brassica nigra</i>) | London rocket | (<i>Sisymbriumirio</i>) |
| Black nightshade | (<i>Solanum nigrum</i>) | Marshelder | (<i>Iva xanthifolia</i>) |
| Common cocklebur | (<i>Xanthium strumarium</i>) | Pennsylvania smartweed | (<i>Polygonum strumarium</i>) |
| Common lambsquarters | (<i>Chenopodium album</i>) | Pepperweed spp. | (<i>Lepidium app.</i>) |
| Common tarweed | (<i>Hemizonia con gesta</i>) | Redroot pigweed | (<i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i>) |
| Cow cockle | (<i>Saponaria vaccaria</i>) | Russian thistle | (<i>Salsola kali</i>) |
| Cutleaf nightshade | (<i>Solanum triflorum</i>) | Shepherdspurse | (<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>) |
| Eastern black nightshade | (<i>Solanum ptycanthum</i>) | Silverleaf nightshade | (<i>Solanum elaeagnifolium</i>) |
| Coast fiddleneck | (<i>Amsinckia intermedia</i>) | Sunflower ¹ | (<i>Helianthus annuus</i>) |
| Field pennycress | (<i>Thlaspi arvense</i>) | Tall Waterhemp | (<i>Amaranthus tube rculatus</i>) |
| Green smartweed | (<i>Polygonum scabrum</i>) | Tartary buckwheat | (<i>Fagopyrum tataricum</i>) |
| Hairy nightshade | (<i>Solanum sarachoides</i>) | Tumble mustard | (<i>Sisymbrium altissimum</i>) |
| Horned Poppy | (<i>Glaucium corniculatum</i>) | Wild buckwheat | (<i>Polygonum convolvulus</i>) |
| Jimsonweed | (<i>Datura stramonium</i>) | Wild mustard | (<i>Sinapis arvensis</i>) |
| Ladysthumb | (<i>Polygonum persicaria</i>) | Yellow rocket | (<i>Barbarea vulgaris</i>) |

¹For control of sunflower, delay application until first sunflower seedlings emerging are 4 inches in height.

SUSCEPTIBLE BROADLEAF WEED SPECIES

| | | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|
| Blue (purple) mustard | (<i>Chlorispora tenella</i>) | Mayweed | (<i>Anthemis cotula</i>) |
| Common groundsel | (<i>Senecio vulgaris</i>) | Prostrate knotweed | (<i>Polygonum aviculare</i>) |
| Common ragweed | (<i>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</i>) | Puncture vine | (<i>Tribulus terrestris</i>) |
| Corn chamomile | (<i>Anthemis arvensis</i>) | Redroot pigweed | (<i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i>) |
| Corn gromwell | (<i>Lithospermum arvense</i>) | Smooth pigweed | (<i>Amaranthus hybridus</i>) |
| Fumitory | (<i>Fumaria officinalis</i>) | Spiny pigweed | (<i>Amaranthus spinosus</i>) |
| Giant ragweed | (<i>Ambrosia trifida</i>) | Tall morningglory | (<i>Ipomoea purpurea</i>) |
| Hemp sesbania | (<i>Sesbania exaltata</i>) | Tall Waterhemp | (<i>Amaranthus tuberculatus</i>) |
| Henbit | (<i>Lamium amplexicaule</i>) | Tansy mustard | (<i>Descurainia pinnata</i>) |
| Ivyleaf morningglory | (<i>Ipomoea hederacea</i>) | Tarweed | (<i>Hemizonia spp.</i>) |
| Knawel | (<i>Scleranthus annuus</i>) | Velvetleaf | (<i>Abution theophrasti</i>) |
| Kochia | (<i>Kochia scoparia</i>) | Wild radish | (<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>) |

Weeds germinating after spraying will not be controlled.

WEED SUPPRESSION

Canada Thistle (*Cirsium arvense*)

This product applied at 1-1/2 pints per acre provides burn down of top growth. Regrowth may occur. Make applications when Canada thistle is 8 inches tall to the bud stage. Refer to the tank mix instructions on this label for optimum suppression options.

WHEAT, BARLEY, OATS AND RYE

| RATES | | | APPLICATION TIMING AND SPECIFIC COMMENTS | |
|------------------------------|--------------|-----------|--|---|
| Pints/A | Fl. Oz./A | Acres/Gal | CROP | WEEDS |
| 4/5 | 12.8 | 10 | Fall seeded wheat, barley, oats and rye throughout the United States and spring seeded wheat, barley, oats and rye in Idaho, Oregon, Washington, Colorado, Wyoming and Montana. Apply to wheat, barley, oats and rye from the 3 leaf stage but before the crop reaches the boot stage. | MOST SUSCEPTIBLE BROADLEAF WEEDS: Apply to weeds up to the 8 leaf stage or 4 inches in height, whichever comes first. If weed forms rosette, apply before weeds exceed 2 inches in diameter. |
| 1-1/5 to 1-3/5 | 19.2 to 25.6 | 6.7 to 5 | | SUSCEPTIBLE BROADLEAF WEEDS: Apply to weeds up to the 4 leaf stage or 2 inches in height, whichever comes first. If weed forms rosette, apply before weeds exceed 1 inch in diameter. |
| 1-3/5 | 25.6 | 5 | | Apply to henbit, knawel and mayweed up to the 4 leaf stage or 2 inches in height, whichever comes first. Apply to kochia and tansy mustard for improved control when these weeds exceed the listed stage of growth or are growing under cool, dry conditions. |
| 4/5 to 1-1/5 | 12.8 to 19.2 | 10 to 6.7 | Spring seeded wheat and barley except Idaho, Oregon, Washington, Colorado, Montana, and Wyoming. Apply to wheat, barley, oats and rye from the 3 leaf stage but before the crop reaches the boot stage. | MOST SUSCEPTIBLE AND SUSCEPTIBLE BROADLEAF WEEDS: Apply to weeds that do not exceed the 8 leaf stage or 4 inches in height, whichever comes first. If weed forms rosette, apply before weeds exceed 2 inches in diameter. Apply to kochia up to 2 inches in height. |
| 1-1/5 to 1-3/5 | 19.2 to 25.6 | 6.7 to 5 | Spring seeded wheat and barley except Idaho, Oregon, Washington, Colorado, Montana, and Wyoming. Apply to wheat, barley, oats and rye from the 3 leaf stage but before the crop reaches the boot stage. | Apply to kochia that is 2 to 4 inches in height. |
| Chemigation Only 1-3/5 | 25.6 | 5 | Apply to wheat, barley, oats and rye from the 3 leaf stage but before the boot stage. Apply through automated sprinkler irrigation systems with mechanical transfer loading system only. See MIXING LOADING AND HANDLING INSTRUCTIONS section for complete details. | Apply to MOST SUSCEPTIBLE and SUSCEPTIBLE broadleaf weeds up to the 4-leaf stage, 2 inches in height or 1 inch in diameter, whichever comes first. |
| Post-harvest 3/5 to 1-3/5 | 9.6 to 25.6 | 13.3 to 5 | Make applications following harvest of wheat, barley, oats, and rye in the states of ND, SD, MN and MT. For crops on this label, or crops with an established MCPA tolerance, there is a 30 day plant back interval (PBI). For all other crops the PBI is 60 days. | Apply 3/5 to 4/5 pint/A to MOST SUSCEPTIBLE BROADLEAF WEEDS up to the 8 leaf stage or 4 inches in height, whichever comes first. Apply 1-1/5 to 1-3/5 pints/A to SUSCEPTIBLE BROADLEAF WEEDS up to the 4 leaf stage or 2 inches in height, whichever comes first. For control of both grasses and broadleaf weeds, tank mix this product with Roundup® or other labeled brands of glyphosate + 2,4-D. |

WHEAT, BARLEY, OATS AND RYE TANK MIXTURE INSTRUCTIONS

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

| APPLICATION RATES | | | APPLICATION TIMING AND SPECIFIC COMMENTS | |
|---|---|-------------|---|---|
| PRODUCT | Pints/A | Fl. Oz./A | CROP | WEEDS |
| Maestro® Advanced + MCPA ester | 3/5 to 1-3/5 + Refer to Product Label | 9.6 to 25.6 | Apply to spring seeded wheat, barley, oats and rye from the 3-leaf stage, but before boot stage. | For control of MOST SUSCEPTIBLE and SUSCEPTIBLE weeds and improved control of redroot pigweed and kochia. Apply to weeds up to the 8-leaf stage, 3 inches in height or 2 inches in diameter, whichever comes first. Apply to kochia and red root pigweed up to 2 inches in height or diameter. |
| Maestro Advanced + Starane® | 3/5 to 1-3/5 + Refer to Product Label | 9.6 to 25.6 | Apply to spring seeded wheat, barley, oats and rye from the 2-leaf stage up to and including flag leaf emergence. | Enhances the control of kochia up to 4" (including ALS resistant). Apply to kochia up to 4 inches in height or diameter. |
| Maestro Advanced + 2,4-D ester | 3/5 to 1-3/5 + Refer to Product Label | 9.6 to 25.6 | Apply to spring seeded wheat, barley and rye after grain is fully tillered (usually about 4 to 8 inches high) but before it is forming joints in the stem. Do not apply to grain in boot to dough stage. | For control of MOST SUSCEPTIBLE and SUSCEPTIBLE weeds and improved control of redroot pigweed, wild buckwheat and kochia (including ALS-resistant weeds). Apply to weeds up to the 8-leaf stage, 3 inches in height or 2 inches in diameter, whichever comes first. Apply to kochia and redroot pigweed up to 2 inches in height or diameter. |
| Maestro Advanced + Banvel® or Clarity® or Diablo® dicamba | 3/5 to 1-1/5 + Refer to Product Label | 9.6 to 19.2 | FOR USE ON WHEAT ONLY. DO NOT TREAT BARLEY, OATS OR RYE. Fall seeded wheat from the 3-leaf stage but before jointing. Spring seeded wheat from the 3 to 5-leaf stage of growth. | This tank mix improves control of broadleaves such as prostrate knotweed and kochia (including ALS- resistant weeds). Apply to weeds up to the 8-leaf stage, 3 inches in height or 2 inches in diameter, whichever comes first. Apply to kochia up to 2 inches in height or diameter. |
| Maestro Advanced + Glean® (Refer to Glean label for adjuvant instructions.) | 3/5 to 1-1/5 + Refer to Product Label | 9.6 to 19.2 | Apply to wheat and barley from the 3-leaf stage but before the crop reaches the boot stage. Refer to Glean label for crop rotation and other restrictions. | This tank mix improves control of broadleaf weeds such as Kochia, henbit, tansy mustard and chickweed. Apply to weeds up to the 8-leaf stage, 4 inches in height or 2 inches in diameter, whichever comes first. |
| Maestro Advanced + Finesse® (Refer to Finesse label for adjuvant instructions.) | 3/5 to 1-1/5 + Refer to Product Label | 9.6 to 19.2 | Apply to wheat and barley from the 3-leaf stage but before the crop reaches the boot stage. Refer to Finesse label for crop rotation and other restrictions. | This tank mix improves control of broadleaf weeds such as Kochia, henbit, tansy mustard and chickweed. Apply to weeds up to the 8-leaf stage, 4 inches in height or 2 inches in diameter, whichever comes first. |

continued

WHEAT, BARLEY, OATS AND RYE TANK MIXTURE INSTRUCTIONS

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

| APPLICATION RATES | | | APPLICATION TIMING AND SPECIFIC COMMENTS | |
|--|---------------------------------------|-------------|---|--|
| PRODUCT | Pints/A | Fl. Oz./A | CROP | WEEDS |
| Maestro Advanced + Ally® or Purestand® (Refer to Ally or Purestand® label for adjuvant instructions.) | 3/5 to 1-1/5 + Refer to Product Label | 9.6 to 19.2 | Apply to wheat and barley from the 3-leaf stage but before the crop reaches the boot stage. Refer to Ally or Purestand label for crop rotation and other restrictions. | This tank mix improves control of broadleaf weeds such as Kochia, henbit, tansy mustard and pigweed. Apply to weeds up to the 4-leaf stage, 4 inches in height or 2 inches in diameter, whichever comes first. |
| Maestro Advanced + Peak® (Refer to Peak label for adjuvant instructions.) | 3/5 to 1-1/5 + Refer to Product Label | 9.6 to 19.2 | Apply to wheat and barley from the 3-leaf stage but before the crop reaches the boot stage. Refer to Peak label for crop rotation and other restrictions. | This tank mix improves control of broadleaf weeds such as Kochia, henbit, tansy mustard and chickweed (including ALS-resistant weeds). Apply to weeds up to the 8-leaf stage, 4 inches in height or 2 inches in diameter, whichever comes first. |
| Maestro® Advanced + Harmony® Extra or Treaty Extra or Harmony® GT (Refer to Harmony or Treaty Extra Harmony GT label for adjuvant instructions.) | 3/5 to 1-1/5 + Refer to Product Label | 9.6 to 19.2 | Winter wheat. Apply from the 3- leaf stage but before the crop reaches the boot stage. Refer to the Harmony Extra or Treaty Extra or GT label for crop rotation and other restrictions. Spring wheat and barley. Apply from the 3-leaf stage but before the crop reaches the boot stage. Spring oats: From the third leaf stage of crop, but before jointing. Refer to the Harmony Extra or GT label for crop rotation and other restrictions. | This tank mix improves control of broadleaf weeds such as Kochia, henbit, chickweed and redroot pigweed. Apply to weeds up to the 8- leaf stage, 4 inches in height or across, whichever comes first. |
| Maestro Advanced + Amber® (Refer to Amber label for adjuvant instructions.) | 3/5 to 1-1/5 + Refer to Product Label | 9.6 to 19.2 | Apply to wheat and barley from the 3-leaf stage, but before the crop reaches the boot stage. Refer to the Amber label for crop rotation and other restrictions. | This tank mix improves control of broadleaf weeds such as Kochia, henbit, tansy mustard, and pigweed. Apply to weeds up to the 4-leaf stage, 4 inches in height or 2 inches in diameter, whichever comes first. |

continued

WHEAT, BARLEY, OATS AND RYE TANK MIXTURE INSTRUCTIONS

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

| APPLICATION RATES | | | APPLICATION TIMING AND SPECIFIC COMMENTS | |
|--|--|--------------|--|---|
| PRODUCT | Pints/A | Fl. Oz./A | CROP | WEEDS |
| Maestro Advanced + Express® or Victory® (Refer to the Express or Victory label for adjuvant instructions.) | 3/5 to 1-1/5 + Refer to Product Label | 9.6 to 19.2 | Wheat and barley. Apply from the 3-leaf stage but before the crop reaches the boot stage. Refer to the Express or Victory label for crop rotation and other restrictions. | This tank mix improves control of broadleaf weeds such as Kochia, henbit, chickweed, redroot pigweed and suppression of Canada thistle. Apply to annual weeds up to the 8- leaf stage, 4 inches in height or across, whichever comes first and to Canada thistle 4 to 8 inches tall with 2 to 6 inches of new growth. |
| Maestro Advanced + Curtail® or Curtail M or Cutback M | 3/5 to 1-1/5 + Refer to Product Label | 9.6 to 19.2 | Apply to wheat and barley after the crop begins to tiller up to the 1st node detectable. | This tank mix improves suppression of Canada thistle. Apply to annual broadleaf weeds up to the 8-leaf stage, 4 inches in height or 2 inches in diameter and to Canada thistle in the rosette to prebud stage. |
| Maestro Advanced + metribuzin (Sencor® or Lexone®) | 4/5 + Refer to Product Label | 12.8 | Winter wheat in ID, OR and WA. Apply in spring after growth has started and secondary roots with a minimum of 3 to 4 tillers have been established, but before the forming of joints in the stem. Avoid application when crop has experienced winter kill, frost damage, disease or drought. | This tank mix improves control of broadleaf weeds such as chickweed, filaree, and henbit. Apply to weeds up to the 4-leaf stage, 2 inches in height or diameter, whichever comes first. A recognized authority should be consulted concerning the use of this mixture in your area. |
| Maestro Advanced + Avenge® | 4/5 to 1-3/5 + Refer to Product Label | 12.8 to 25.6 | Winter wheat. Apply from 4-leaf to tillering stage. Refer to Avenge label for varietal and other restrictions. Spring wheat. Apply from 5 to 6- leaf stage. Refer to Avenge label for varietal and other restrictions. Barley. Apply from 3 to 7-leaf stage. | This tank mix will provide wild oat control in addition to broadleaves. Apply to wild oats in the 3 to 5-leaf stage and broadleaves that do not exceed the 4-leaf stage or rosettes of 1.5 inches in diameter. Avenge use rates per acre are 2-1/2 pints (1-10 oats per sq ft), 3 pints (11- 25 oats per sq ft) or 4 pints (more than 25 oats per sq ft). |
| Maestro Advanced + Puma® | 4/5 + Refer to Product Label | 12.8 | Apply to wheat and barley from the 3-leaf stage, but before boot stage. No closer than 60 days prior to harvest in MN, MT, ND and SD, and no closer to harvest than 70 days in all other states. Do not use this tank mix on two- row malting barley. | This tank mix will control broadleaf weeds, green foxtail and foxtail millet. If the higher Puma rate is used, additional grasses controlled include wild oats and barnyard grass. Yellow foxtail will be suppressed. |
| | 1-1/5 + Refer to Product Label | 19.2 | For use on winter wheat only in the states of WA, OR, and Northern Idaho. | |
| Maestro Advanced + Discover® | 3/5 to 1-3/5 + Refer to Product Label | 9.6 to 25.6 | Refer to the Discover label for proper rates, crops, adjuvants, rotation restrictions and application timing information. | Increase the rate of Maestro Advanced as the broadleaf weed size increases. Use minimum spray volume of 10 GPA by ground and 5 GPA by air. |
| Maestro Advanced + Everest® | 4/5 + Refer to Product Label | 12.8 | Refer to the Everest label for proper rates, crops, adjuvants, rotation restrictions and application timing information. | This tank mix will control broadleaf weeds, green foxtail and foxtail millet. |

continued

**WHEAT, BARLEY, OATS AND RYE
TANK MIXTURE INSTRUCTIONS**

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

| APPLICATION RATES | | | APPLICATION TIMING AND SPECIFIC COMMENTS | |
|------------------------------|--|--------------|---|--|
| PRODUCT | Pints/A | Fl. Oz./A | CROP | WEEDS |
| Maestro Advanced + Achieve® | 4/5 to 1-3/5 Refer to Product Label | 12.8 to 25.6 | Refer to the Achieve label for proper rates, crops, adjuvants, rotation restrictions and application timing information. | This tank mix will control broadleaf weeds, green and yellow foxtail and wild oats. |
| Maestro Advanced + Maverick® | 4/5 to 1-3/5 Refer to Product Label | 12.8 to 25.6 | Refer to the Maverick label for proper rates, crops, adjuvants, rotation restrictions and application timing information. | This tank mix will control broadleaf weeds plus grasses as listed on the Maverick label. |

PRECAUTIONS: WHEAT, BARLEY, OATS AND RYE

- Reduced weed control may occur when weeds are stressed from lack of moisture or cold temperatures.

RESTRICTIONS: WHEAT, BARLEY, OATS AND RYE

- Do not graze treated fields within 45 days after application.
- Refer to labels of products used in tank mixture for additional restrictions and precautions.
- Do not apply more than 1.6 pints of this product per acre in a single growing season.
- For crops on this label, or crops with an established MCPA tolerance, there is a 30 day plant back interval (PBI). For all other crops the PBI is 60 days.
- Do not apply more than 0.75 lb ae MCPA per acre per year from all sources.
- Do not apply in the boot to dough stage.

**GRASSES GROWN FOR SEED OR SOD PRODUCTION
MAESTRO® ADVANCED INSTRUCTIONS
Seedling and Established Grasses**

| MAESTRO® ADVANCED RATE | | APPLICATION TIMING AND SPECIFIC COMMENTS | | |
|------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| Per ACRE | Per 1,000 SQ. FT. | CROP | WEEDS | |
| 4/5 to 1-3/5 pints | 0.3 to 0.6 fl. oz. | Apply to established and newly seeded grasses grown for sod production before the boot stage. Established grasses tolerant to this product include bentgrasses, Kentucky Bluegrass, Fescues, Ryegrass, Bermudagrass, St. Augustinegrass and Zoysiagrass. This product may also be used on seedling grasses such as Merion, Park, Delta or common Kentucky bluegrasses, Pennlawn, Chewings, Illahee or Alta Fescues, Orchard grass, Highland, Seaside or Astoria Bentgrasses, perennial Ryegrasses, Bahiagrass and Zoysiagrass. | Refer to the GENERAL WEED LIST for a listing of susceptible broadleaf weeds. Optimal control will be attained when weeds are treated in the seedling stage (less than 4-leaf stage, 2 inches in height or 1 inch in diameter). | |
| Chemigation only 1-3/5 pints | 0.6 fl. oz. | Apply to established and newly seeded grasses grown for sod production before the boot stage. Apply through automated sprinkler irrigation systems with mechanical transfer loading system only. See MIXING, LOADING AND HANDLING INSTRUCTIONS section for complete details. Refer to the list of established grasses that are tolerant to this product. | | |

RESTRICTIONS: GRASSES GROWN FOR SOD PRODUCTION

- Do not allow livestock to graze in treated areas or feed treated grasses to livestock.
- Do not apply this product to grasses grown for seed or sod production with backpack or hand-held application equipment.
- Do not apply more than 1.6 pints of this product per acre in a single growing season.
- For crops on this label, or crops with an established MCPA tolerance, there is a 30 day plant back interval (PBI). For all other crops the PBI is 60 days.
- Do not apply more than 1.5 lb ae MCPA per acre per year from all sources.
- Do not apply more than 2 applications per year with a minimum retreatment interval of 21 days.

FLAX (*Linum usitatissimum* only)
MAESTRO® ADVANCED INSTRUCTIONS

| MAESTRO ADVANCED RATE | | | APPLICATION TIMING AND SPECIFIC COMMENTS | |
|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|---|---|
| Pints/A | Fl. Oz./A | Acres/Gal | CROP | WEEDS |
| 0.7 | 11.0 | 11.0 | Apply to flax that is 2 to 8 inches in height. Do not apply this product to flax during or after the bud stage. | Apply to MOST SUSCEPTIBLE weeds that do not exceed the 4-leaf stage, 2 inches in height or 1 inch in diameter, whichever comes first. |

PRECAUTIONS: FLAX (*Linum usitatissimum* only)

- HIGHER SPRAY VOLUMES OF 15 TO 20 GALLONS PER ACRE WILL DECREASE POTENTIAL FOR FLAX INJURY.
- Unacceptable crop injury may occur following product application to flax grown on high organic, peat type soils.
- Application under high humidity conditions can injure flax.
- Do not apply if temperatures are expected to exceed 85°F at or 3 days following application or crop injury may occur.

RESTRICTIONS: FLAX (*Linum usitatissimum* only)

- Do not use on ornamental flax.
- Do not apply more than 0.8 pint of this product (0.25 lb ae MCPA) per acre per year from all sources.
- For crops on this label, or crops with an established MCPA tolerance, there is a 30 day plant back interval (PBI). For all other crops the PBI is 60 days.
- Unless otherwise instructed, do not apply this product to flax with crop oil concentrate, surfactants or nitrogen solutions.

CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAM (CRP)

APPLICATION TIMING

Apply at a rate of 2/3 to 1-3/5 pints per acre, depending upon the susceptibility of the weed species. Apply to grasses from the 3-leaf stage. Unless otherwise specified below, apply when broadleaf weeds are up to the 8-leaf stage, 4 inches in height or 2 inches in diameter, whichever comes first. Kochia seedlings less than 4 inches tall (including ALS resistant biotypes) will be controlled using the 2/3 pint per acre rate.

However, when conditions for control are less favorable, such as under drought or cool temperature, a rate of 1 pint per acre will provide more consistent control of kochia seedlings 1 to 4 inches tall. For more consistent control of small kochia, apply when the plants are at least 1 inch tall. A rate of 1 pint per acre should be used for optimal control of dicamba tolerant kochia populations.

PRECAUTIONS: CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAM (CRP)

- If legumes are included in CRP area planting, severe injury may occur.

RESTRICTIONS: CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAM (CRP)

- Do not allow livestock to graze in treated areas or feed treated grass to livestock.
- Do not plant any crop until 90 days after application. Within 90 to 120 days after application, plant only crops listed on this label (wheat, barley, rye or oats not under-seeded with a legume). Do not plant other crops within 90 to 120 days of application.

FALLOWLAND

APPLICATION TIMING

Apply at a rate of 2/3 to 1-3/5 pints per acre, depending upon the susceptibility of the weed species. Apply to grasses from the 3-leaf stage. Unless otherwise specified below, apply when broadleaf weeds are up to the 8-leaf stage, 4 inches in height or 2 inches in diameter, whichever comes first.

Kochia seedlings less than 4 inches tall (including ALS resistant biotypes) will be controlled using the 2/3 pint per acre rate. However, when conditions for control are less favorable, such as under drought or cool temperature, a rate of 1 pint per acre will provide more consistent control of kochia seedlings 1 to 4 inches tall. For more consistent control of small kochia, apply when the plants are at least 1 inch tall. A rate of 1 pint per acre should be used for optimal control of dicamba tolerant kochia populations.

RESTRICTIONS: FALLOWLAND

- Do NOT make more than two applications per year, with a minimum retreatment interval of 21 days.
- Do NOT apply more than 1-3/5 pints of this product per acre per growing season.
- Do NOT allow livestock to graze in treated areas or feed treated plant material to livestock.
- Do NOT plant any crop until 90 days after application. Within 90 to 120 days after application, plant only crops listed on this label (wheat, barley, rye or oats not under-seeded with a legume). Do not plant other crops within 90 to 120 days of application.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store at temperatures below 100°F. If allowed to freeze, remix before using.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

NOTE: This product is available in multiple containers. Refer to the Net Contents section of this products labeling for the applicable "Nonrefillable" or "Refillable" designation. Follow the container disposal [handling] instructions below that apply to your container type / size.

Nonrefillable Containers 5 Gallons or Less: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse as follows:** Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinse into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinse for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. Plastic containers are also disposable by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned stay out of smoke.

Nonrefillable containers larger than 5 gallons: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available. If recycling or reconditioning not available, puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. Plastic containers are also disposable by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned stay out of smoke. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse as follows:** Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinse into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinse for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse as follows:** Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinse for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

Refillable containers larger than 5 gallons: Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes. Pour or pump rinse into application equipment or rinse collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

Refillable Container: Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Close all openings and replace all caps. Contact Nufarm's Customer Service Department at 1-800-345-3330 to arrange for return of the empty refillable container.

WARRANTY DISCLAIMER

The directions for use of this product must be followed carefully. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, (1) THE GOODS DELIVERED TO YOU ARE FURNISHED "AS IS" BY MANUFACTURER OR SELLER AND (2) MANUFACTURER AND SELLER MAKE NO WARRANTIES, GUARANTEES, OR REPRESENTATIONS OF ANY KIND TO BUYER OR USER, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OR BY USAGE OF TRADE, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, WITH REGARD TO THE PRODUCT SOLD, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, USE, OR ELIGIBILITY OF THE PRODUCT FOR ANY PARTICULAR TRADE USAGE. UNINTENDED CONSEQUENCES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO INEFFECTIVENESS, MAY RESULT BECAUSE OF SUCH FACTORS AS THE PRESENCE OR ABSENCE OF OTHER MATERIALS USED IN COMBINATION WITH THE GOODS, OR THE MANNER OF USE OR APPLICATION, INCLUDING WEATHER, ALL OF WHICH ARE BEYOND THE CONTROL OF MANUFACTURER OR SELLER AND ASSUMED BY BUYER OR USER. THIS WRITING CONTAINS ALL OF THE REPRESENTATIONS AND AGREEMENTS BETWEEN BUYER, MANUFACTURER AND SELLER, AND NO PERSON OR AGENT OF MANUFACTURER OR SELLER HAS ANY AUTHORITY TO MAKE ANY REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY OR AGREEMENT RELATING IN ANY WAY TO THESE GOODS.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, IN NO EVENT SHALL MANUFACTURER OR SELLER BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, OR FOR DAMAGES IN THEIR NATURE OF PENALTIES RELATING TO THE GOODS SOLD, INCLUDING USE, APPLICATION, HANDLING, AND DISPOSAL. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, MANUFACTURER OR SELLER SHALL NOT BE LIABLE TO BUYER OR USER BY WAY OF INDEMNIFICATION TO BUYER OR TO CUSTOMERS OF BUYER, IF ANY, OR FOR ANY DAMAGES OR SUMS OF MONEY, CLAIMS OR DEMANDS WHATSOEVER, RESULTING FROM OR BY REASON OF, OR ARISING OUT OF THE MISUSE, OR FAILURE TO FOLLOW LABEL WARNINGS OR INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE, OF THE GOODS SOLD BY MANUFACTURER OR SELLER TO BUYER. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, ALL SUCH RISKS SHALL BE ASSUMED BY THE BUYER, USER, OR ITS CUSTOMERS. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, BUYER'S OR USER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY, AND MANUFACTURER'S OR SELLER'S TOTAL LIABILITY SHALL BE FOR DAMAGES NOT EXCEEDING THE COST OF THE PRODUCT.

If you do not agree with or do not accept any of the directions for use, the warranty disclaimers, or limitations on liability, do not use the product, and return it unopened to the Seller, and the purchase price will be refunded.

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Maestro® Advanced

Selective Herbicide

For the Control of Certain Broadleaf Weeds in Wheat, Barley, Oats and Rye, Grasses Grown for Seed and Sod Production, Flax, Conservation Preserve Program (CRP) and Fallowland

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

| | |
|--|-------|
| Octanoic acid ester of bromoxynil* (3,5-dibromo-4-hydroxybenzotrile)..... | 18.7% |
| Heptonoic acid ester of bromoxynil* (3,5-dibromo-4-hydroxybenzotrile)..... | 18.1% |
| 2-ethylhexyl ester of MCPA**..... | 40.0% |

| | |
|---------------------------------|--------|
| OTHER INGREDIENTS: | 23.2% |
| TOTAL: | 100.0% |

Contains petroleum distillates.

* Equivalent to or not less than 2.5 pounds bromoxynil per gallon.

** Equivalent to or not less than 2.5 pounds MCPA acid per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION / PRECAUCIÓN

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See Inside Booklet for FIRST AID, ADDITIONAL
PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS and DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

For Chemical Spill, Leak, Fire, or Exposure, Call CHEMTREC
(800) 424-9300. For Medical Emergencies Only, Call (877) 325-1840.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION / PRECAUCIÓN

Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with skin or clothing. Causes moderate eye irritation. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or chewing tobacco. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

FIRST AID

IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. **IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING** Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. **IF IN EYES** Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. **IF INHALED** Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. **HOT LINE NUMBER** Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-877-325-1840 for emergency medical treatment information. **NOTE TO PHYSICIAN** Contains petroleum distillate - vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

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STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store at temperatures below 100°F. If allowed to freeze, remix before using.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

NOTE: This product is available in multiple containers. Refer to the Net Contents section of this products labeling for the applicable "Nonrefillable" or "Refillable" designation. Follow the container disposal (handling) instructions below that apply to your container type / size.

Nonrefillable Containers 5 Gallons or Less: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse as follows:** Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. Plastic containers are also disposable by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned stay out of smoke.

Nonrefillable containers larger than 5 gallons: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available. If recycling or reconditioning not available, puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. Plastic containers are also disposable by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned stay out of smoke. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse as follows:** Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse as follows:** Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

Refillable containers larger than 5 gallons: Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

Refillable Container: Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Close all openings and replace all caps. Contact Nufarm's Customer Service Department at 1-800-345-3330 to arrange for return of the empty refillable container.

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PULL HERE TO OPEN