## RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE DUE TO TOXICITY TO FISH AND AQUATIC ORGANISMS

FOR RETAIL SALE TO AND USE ONLY BY CERTIFIED APPLICATORS OR PERSONS UNDER THEIR DIRECT SUPERVISION AND ONLY FOR THOSE USES COVERED BY THE CERTIFIED APPLICATOR'S CERTIFICATION.

## PARADIGM®

Contains 1 pound of active ingredient per gallon

#### SHAKE WELL BEFORE USING

# CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

	FIRST AID
IF ON SKIN OR	Take off contaminated clothing.
CLOTHING:	Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF SWALLOWED:	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
	Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
	Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.
	Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
IF IN EYES:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
	Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes; then continue rinsing eye.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF INHALED:	Move person to fresh air.
	If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance; then give artificial respiration,
	preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
	ntainer or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.
You may also call 1-	877-424-7452 for emergency medical treatment information.

Manufactured for: United Suppliers, Inc. 30473 260<sup>th</sup> Street Eldora, IA 50627

EPA Reg. No. 66222-223-33270

EPA Est. No.
NET CONTENTS: \_\_\_ GALLON(S)
1/0119/6

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through the skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wear appropriate protective clothing.

Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Skin exposure may also result in a sensation described as a tingling, itching, burning, or prickly feeling. Onset may occur immediately to 4 hours after exposure and may last 2-30 hours, without damage. Wash exposed areas once with soap and water. Relief from the skin sensation may be obtained by applying an oil-based cream.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category **A** on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

#### Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as nitrile rubber or butyl rubber
- Shoes plus socks

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning and maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

#### **USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

#### Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish and aquatic organisms and toxic to wildlife. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the Agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

#### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 24 hours. PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as nitrile rubber or butyl rubber
- Shoes plus socks

#### PRODUCT INFORMATION

Apply in sufficient water for thorough coverage of listed crops unless otherwise specifically noted. Base rate of application upon pest pressure, timing of sprays, and field scouting. Use higher rates under heavy pest pressure and lower rates under low to moderate pest pressure. Base timing and frequency of applications upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds and other local methods. For ground and air applications, unless otherwise noted, use the following spray volumes:

**Row Crops:** By ground, apply in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre. By air, apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre.

**Orchard and Vine Crops:** By ground, apply in a minimum of 50 gallons of finished spray per acre. By air, apply in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre.

For cutworm control, PARADIGM may be applied before, during, or after planting. For soil incorporated applications, use listed higher rates for improved control.

#### **RESISTANCE**

Some insects tend to develop resistance to products used repeatedly for control. Because the development of resistance cannot be predicted, the use of this product must conform to resistance management strategies established for the use area. Consult your local or state agricultural authorities for details.

If resistance to this product develops in your area, this product or other products with a similar mode of action may not provide adequate control. If poor performance cannot be attributed to improper application or extreme weather conditions, a resistant strain of insect may be present. If you experience difficulty with control and resistance is a reasonable cause, immediately consult your local company representative or agricultural advisor for the best alternative method of control for your area.

#### **SPRAY DRIFT PRECAUTIONS**

### **BUFFER ZONES**Vegetative Buffer Strip

Construct and maintain a minimum 10-foot-wide vegetative filter strip of grass or other permanent vegetation between the field edge and down gradient aquatic habitat (such as but not limited to lakes; reservoirs; rivers; permanent streams; marshes or natural ponds; estuaries; and commercial fish farm ponds).

Only apply products containing lambda-cyhalothrin onto fields where a maintained vegetative buffer strip of at least 10 feet exists between the field and down gradient aquatic habitat.

For guidance, refer to the following publication for information on constructing and maintaining effective buffers: *Conservation Buffers to Reduce Pesticide Losses. Natural Resources Conservation Services.* USDA, NRCS. 2000. Fort Worth, Texas. 21 pp.

http://www.in.nrcs.usda.gov/technical/agronomy/newconbuf.pdf

#### Buffer Zone for Ground Application (ground boom, overhead chemigation, or airblast)

Do not apply within 25 feet of aquatic habitats (such as but not limited to lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

#### **Buffer Zone for ULV Aerial Application**

Do not apply within 450 feet of aquatic habitats (such as but not limited to lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

#### **Buffer Zone for Non-ULV Aerial Application**

Do not apply within 150 feet of aquatic habitats (such as but not limited to lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

In the state of New York, a 25 foot vegetated, non-cropped buffer strip untraversed by drainage tiles must be maintained between a treated field and a coastal salt marsh or stream that drains into a coastal salt marsh, for both aerial or ground application. For aerial applications, the 25 foot vegetated non-cropped buffer strip for runoff protection would be part of the larger 150 foot buffer strip (or 450 foot buffer strip for ULV application) required for spray drift.

#### **SPRAY DRIFT REQUIREMENTS**

#### Wind Direction and Speed

Only apply this product if the wind direction favors on-target deposition.

Do not apply when the wind velocity exceeds 15 mph.

#### **Temperature Inversion**

Do not make aerial or ground applications into temperature inversions.

Inversions are characterized by stable air and increasing temperatures with height above the ground. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas. The applicator may detect the presence of an inversion by producing smoke and observing a smoke layer near the ground surface.

#### **Droplet Size**

Use only medium or coarser spray nozzles (for ground and non-ULV aerial application) according to ASAE (S572) definition for standard nozzles. In conditions of low humidity and high temperatures, use a coarser droplet size.

#### **Additional Requirements for Ground Applications**

Wind speed must be measured adjacent to the application site on the upwind side, immediately prior to application.

For ground boom applications, apply using a nozzle height of no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.

For airblast applications, turn off outward pointing nozzles at row ends and when spraying the outer two rows. To minimize spray loss over the top in orchard applications, spray must be directed into the canopy.

#### **Additional Requirements for Aerial Applications**

Mount the spray boom on the aircraft to minimize drift caused by wingtip or rotor vortices. Use the minimum practical boom length; do not exceed 75% of the wing span or 80% rotor diameter.

Flight speed and nozzle orientation must be considered in determining droplet size.

Spray must be released at the lowest height consistent with pest control and flight safety. Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety.

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this displacement at the downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.

#### **TANK MIX APPLICATION**

Fill the spray tank at least one-third full of clean water or diluent. With the pump and agitator running continuously, add the specified amount of each product in the tank mix to the spray tank and allow to fully

disperse, adding PARADIGM last. Add the remainder of water or diluent to the spray tank. Follow the precautions and limitations of the most restricted product in the tank mixture.

**Compatibility testing for tank mixing partners:** Test compatibility of the intended tank mixture by adding proportionate amounts of each ingredient to a pint or quart jar, cap, shake, and let set 15 minutes. Formation of precipitates that do not readily redisperse indicates an incompatible mixture that must not be used.

Do not use non-emulsifiable oils in combination with PARADIGM. If adjuvants are used, use only:

- Nonionic Surfactant (NIS) containing at least 75% surface agent, or
- Non-phytotoxic Crop Oil Concentrate (COC) including once refined Vegetable Oil concentrate (VOC), or
- Methylated Seed Oils (MSO) containing a minimum of 17% emulsifier.

Adjuvants other than NIS or COC may be used providing the product;

- 1. Contains only EPA exempt ingredients.
- 2. Is non-phytotoxic to the target crop.
- 3. Is compatible in mixture (may be established through a jar test).
- 4. Is supported locally for use with PARADIGM on the target crop through proven field trials and through university and extension specifications.

The following may be used as diluents:

Crop Oil Concentrate

Methylated Seed Oils

**Urea-Ammonium Nitrate** 

Do not use the following in combination with PARADIGM as diluents or adjuvants:

Non-emulsifiable Oils

Diesel Fuel

Straight Mineral Oil

When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, United Suppliers, Inc. suggests the use of a Chemical Producers and Distributors Association certified adjuvant.

#### **CHEMIGATION**

#### **Sprinkler Irrigation Application**

Apply PARADIGM at rates and timing described elsewhere in this label. Consult your local State Extension Service or other local experts for specifications pertinent for your area.

Thorough, uniform coverage of foliage is required for good control. Maintain good agitation in the pesticide supply tank prior to and during the entire application period.

Apply by injecting the specified rate of PARADIGM into the irrigation system using a metering device that will introduce a constant flow and by distributing the product to the target area in 0.1-0.2 acre-inch of water. Use the least amount of water required for proper distribution and coverage. Inject the product into the main irrigation line ahead of a right angle turn in the line to insure adequate dispersion or mixing in the irrigation water. Once the application is completed, flush the entire irrigation and injection system with clean water before stopping the system.

Additionally, if application is being made during a normal irrigation set of a stationary sprinkler, inject the specified rate of PARADIGM for the area covered into the system only during the end of the irrigation set for sufficient time to provide adequate coverage and product distribution.

Do not apply PARADIGM through an irrigation system connected to a public water system. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

#### **Use Precautions: Sprinkler Irrigation Application**

Apply this product only through sprinkler irrigation systems (including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move). Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, contact state extension service specialist, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum-relief valve, and a low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

## CROP USE DIRECTIONS AGRICULTURAL USES

CROP	TARGET PESTS	RATE		REMARKS
		lb a.i./A	fl oz/A	]
ALFALFA AND ALFALFA GROWN FOR SEED	Alfalfa Caterpillar Army cutworm Cutworm spp. Green Cloverworm Leafhopper spp. Looper spp. Threecornered Alfalfa Hopper Velvetbean Caterpillar Webworm spp.	0.015-0.025	1.92-3.20	Ground application: Apply in a minimum of 10 gals per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area.  Air application: Apply in a minimum of 2 gals per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area.  Make applications when pests appear. Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage of foliage.  When foliage is dense and/or pest populations are high, use 5-10 gals/A by air or 20 gals/A by ground and higher use rates. Use higher rates for increased residual control.  Avoid application when bees are actively foraging by applying during the early morning or during the evening hours. Be aware of bee hazard resulting from a cool evening and/or morning dew. It may be advisable to remove bee shelters during and for 2-3 days following application. Avoid direct application to bee shelters.  Apply only to fields planted to pure stands of alfalfa.  Apply as required by scouting.  1For control of first and second instars only.  2Suppression only.  3See resistance statement under PRODUCT INFORMATION.  4 Does not include Western Flower Thrips

	T			T
	Alfalfa Seed Chalcid (Adult) Alfalfa Weevil Armyworm Bean Leaf Beetle (Adult) Blister Beetle spp. Blue Alfalfa Aphid Clover Leaf Weevil spp. Clover Root Borer (Adult) Clover Root Curculio spp. (Adult) Clover Stem Borer (Adult) Corn Earworm Cowpea Aphid Cowpea Curculio (Adult) Cowpea Weevil (Adult) Cucumber Beetle spp. (Adult) Egyptian Alfalfa Weevil Fall Armyworm¹ Grape Colaspis (Adult) Green June Beetle (Adult) Green Peach Aphid³ Japanese Beetle (Adult) Meadow Spittlebug Mexican Bean Beetle Pea Aphid Pea Weevil (Adult) Plant Bug spp., including Lygus spp.³ Spotted Alfalfa Aphid Stink Bug spp. Sweet Clover Weevil (Adult) Thrips spp.⁴ Western Yellow-striped Armyworm Whitefringed Beetle spp. (Adult)	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84	
	Yellow-striped Armyworm	0.00	2.04	-
	Beet Armyworm <sup>1,3</sup> Blotch Leafminer <sup>3</sup> Spider Mites <sup>2</sup>	0.03	3.84	
	Do not apply more than 0.0	1 13 lhai (0.24 n	t) ner acre nor	cutting
	Do not apply more than 0.			
	Do not apply within 1 day of			
CANOLA	Armyworm spp. Cabbage Seedpod Weevil Cutworm spp. Diamondback Moth Flea Beetle Grasshoppers Looper spp. Lygus Bug	0.015-0.03	1.92-3.84	Ground application: Apply in sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area.  Air application: Apply in a minimum of 2 gals per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area.  Make applications when pests appear. If
	Cabbage Aphid	0.03	3.84	needed, make repeat applications after at least 5 or more days. Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage of foliage.
	<ul> <li>Do not apply within 7 days</li> </ul>	of harvest.		
Ì	Do not apply more than 0.		t) per acre per	vear.
	apply more than or	a (0.12 p	-, po. aoio poi	<i>j</i>

<b>CEREAL GRAINS:</b>	Corn Rootworm Larvae	0.005 lb	a.i.	0.66	fl oz per	Banded App	olications: Ap	ply at planting as
Corn (At-Plant):	(Western, Northern,	per 1000	O ft	100	00 ft of	a 5-7 inch T-	band sprayed	across the open
Field Corn	Southern, Mexican)	of row	2		ow <sup>2</sup>	seed furrow	between the fu	urrow openers
Popcorn	Cutworm spp.					and the pres	s wheels or as	s a band
Seed Corn	Seedcorn Maggot					application b	ehind the pres	ss wheel.
Sweet Corn	Seedcorn Beetle					In-Furrow A	pplications: /	Apply into the
	Lesser Cornstalk Borer					seed furrow	through spray	nozzles or
	White Grub spp.					microtubes b	ehind the plan	nter furrow
	Wireworm spp.					openers and	in front of the	press wheel.
	Red Imported Fire Ant <sup>1</sup>					Apply a minir	mum of 3 gals	of finished
						spray/A.		
						<sup>1</sup> Suppression	n only.	
	<sup>2</sup> lbs ai and fl oz/A of PA	RADIGM a	applie	ed at 0	.66 fl oz/1	1000 ft of row	for various re	ow spacings:
	Row Spacing	40"	38	<b>3</b> "	36"	34"	32"	30"
	Linear ft per acre	13,068	13,	756	14,520	15,374	16,335	17,424
	Lbs a.i. per acre	0.067	0.	07	0.075	0.079	0.084	0.09
	Fl oz per acre	8.6	9	.1	9.6	10.1	10.8	11.5
	Do not harvest or graze liv	estock or c	ut trea	ated c	ops for fe	ed within 21 da	ays of at-plant	application.
	Do not apply more than 0.0	0.09 lb a.i. (0.72 pt) per acre per cr			op at-plant.			
	Do not apply more than 0.	12 lb a.i. pe	er acre	e per c	rop from a	at-plant and fol	iar application	s for field corn,
	popcorn, and seed corn. F							
	plant and foliar application		,		,			•

	piant and ioliar application	ა.		
CEREAL GRAINS Corn (Foliar): Field Corn Popcorn Seed Corn	Corn Earworm¹ Cutworm spp. Green Cloverworm Meadow Spittlebug Western Bean Cutworm¹ Armyworm² Bean Leaf Beetle Bird Cherry-Oat Aphid³ Cereal Leaf Beetle Corn Leaf Aphid³ English Grain Aphid³ European Corn Borer¹ Fall Armyworm² Flea Beetle spp. Grasshopper spp. Hop Vine Borer¹ Japanese Beetle (Adult) Lesser Cornstalk Borer Mexican Corn Rootworm Beetle (Adult) Northern Corn Rootworm Beetle (Adult) Sap Beetle (Adult) Seedcorn Beetle Southern Corn Rootworm Beetle (Adult) Southwestern Corn Borer¹ Stalk Borer¹ Stink Bug spp. Tobacco Budworm¹.⁴ Webworm spp. Western Corn Rootworm Beetle (Adult) Yellow-striped Armyworm²	0.015-0.025	2.56-3.84	Ground application: Apply in sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area.  Air application: Apply in a minimum of 2 gals per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area.  Make applications when pests appear. If needed, make repeat applications after at least 7 days. Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage of foliage.  Chinch bug control: Begin applications when bugs migrate from small grains or grass weeds to small corn. Direct spray to the base of corn plants. Repeat applications at 3-5 day intervals if needed. PARADIGM may only suppress heavy infestations and/or subsequent migrations.  Adult corn rootworm beetles (Diabrotica species): Use a minimum of 3.84 fl oz per acre (0.03 lb a.i. per acre) as part of an aerial-applied corn rootworm control program.  ¹For control before the larva bores into the plant stalk or ear.  ²For control of first and second instar only.  ³Suppression only.  4See resistance statement under PRODUCT INFORMATION.

Beet Armyworm <sup>4</sup>	0.03	3.84	
Chinch Bug			
Green Bug <sup>3,4</sup>			
Southern Corn Leaf Beetle <sup>3</sup>			
Rice Stalk Borer <sup>1</sup>			
Mexican Rice Borer <sup>1</sup>			
Sugarcane Borer <sup>1</sup>			

- Do not apply within 21 days of harvest.
- Do not allow livestock to graze in treated areas or harvest treated corn forage as feed for meat or dairy animals within 1 day after last treatment.
- Do not feed treated corn fodder or silage to meat or dairy animals within 21 days after last treatment.
- Do not apply more than 0.12 lb a.i. (0.96 pt) per acre per crop from at-plant and foliar applications.
- Do not apply more than 0.06 lb a.i. (0.48 pt) after silk initiation.
- Do not apply more than 0.03 lb a.i. (0.24 pt) after corn has reached the milk stage (yellow kernels with milky fluid).

	milky fluid).			
CEREAL GRAINS Corn (Foliar): Sweet Corn	Aphid spp. <sup>2,3</sup> Armyworm <sup>1</sup> Aster Leafhopper Beet Armyworm <sup>1,3</sup> Chinch Bug Common Cornstalk Borer Corn Earworm Cutworm spp. European Corn Borer Fall Armyworm <sup>1</sup> Flea Beetle spp. Grasshopper spp. Japanese Beetle (Adult) Mexican Corn Rootworm Beetle (Adult) Northern Corn Rootworm Beetle (Adult) Sap Beetle (Adult) Southern Armyworm <sup>1</sup> Southern Armyworm <sup>1</sup> Southern Corn Rootworm Beetle (Adult) Southwestern Corn Borer Spider Mite spp. <sup>2</sup> Stink Bug spp. Tarnished Plant Bug Webworm spp. Western Bean Cutworm Western Corn Rootworm Beetle (Adult) Yellow-Striped Armyworm <sup>1</sup> Corn Silkfly (Adult) <sup>2</sup>	0.02-0.03	3.84	Ground application: Apply in sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area.  Air application: Apply in a minimum of 2 gals per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area.  Make applications when pests appear. If needed, make repeat applications after at least 4 days and before insects enter the stalk or ear. Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage of foliage and ears (if present).  Adult corn rootworm beetles (Diabrotica species): Use a minimum of 3.2 fl oz per acre (0.025 lb a.i. per acre) as part of an aerial-applied corn rootworm control program.  ¹For control of first and second instar only. ²Suppression only. ³See resistance statement under PRODUCT INFORMATION.
	Do not apply within 1 day of	of harvest	·	

- Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.
- Do not allow livestock to graze in treated areas or harvest treated corn forage as feed for meat or dairy animals within 1 day after last treatment.
- Do not feed treated corn fodder or silage to meat or dairy animals within 21 days after last treatment.
- Do not apply more than 0.48 lb a.i. (3.84 pts) per acre per crop from at-plant and foliar applications.

CEREAL GRAINS:	Bird Cherry-Oat Aphid	0.025-0.04	3.20-5.12	Ground application: Apply in sufficient
Rice	Chinch Bug			spray volume to obtain full coverage of the
Wild Rice	Fall Armyworm			foliage or target area.
	Grasshopper spp.			Air application: Mixers/loaders supporting
	Greenbug			aerial applications to wild rice at a rate of
	Leafhopper spp.			0.04 a.i./A, and treating 1200 acres (or more)
	Rice Stink Bug			per day must wear dust/mist respirator.
	Rice Water Weevil (Adult)			Apply in a minimum of 2 gals per acre in
	Riceworm			sufficient spray volume to obtain full
	Sharpshooter spp.			coverage of the foliage or target area.
	True Armyworm			Adding 1 pint per acre of an emulsifiable
	Yellow Sugarcane Aphid			crop oil will help improve coverage, reduce
	Yellow-striped Armyworm			evaporation, and improve efficacy.
	European Corn Borer <sup>1</sup>	0.03-0.04	3.84-5.12	Monitor insect populations to determine
	Mexican Rice Borer <sup>1</sup>			timing and frequency of applications. Scout
	Rice Seed Midge <sup>1</sup>			fields at a minimum of 5-day intervals.
	Rice Stalk Borer <sup>1</sup>			Make applications when pests appear. If
	Sugarcane Borer <sup>1</sup>			needed, make repeat applications after at
				least 5-7 days. Apply in sufficient volume to
				ensure sufficient coverage of foliage.
				PARADIGM can be safely used when
				propanil products are being used for weed
				control.

CEDEAL CDAING	1	Dies Water Wassill, le deu assalad ries
CEREAL GRAINS:		Rice Water Weevil: In dry seeded rice,
Rice		make a foliar application as indicated by
Wild Rice		scouting for the presence of adults and/or
(continued)		feeding scars usually within 0-5 days after
,		permanent flood establishment. Do not
		exceed 10 days from starting permanent
		flood until insecticide application unless
		scouting indicates weevils have not been
		previously present. Adults may also be
		treated at later stages of rice development to
		reduce overwintering populations. In water
		seeded rice, make the first foliar application
		after pinpoint flood as indicated by scouting
		for the presence of adults and/or feeding
		scars usually when rice has emerged 0.5
		inch above the waterline. Under conditions
		of prolonged migration into the field, start
		field scouting for rice water weevil adults
		and/or feeding scars 3-5 days after the initial
		treatment and, if needed, apply a second
		application within 7-10 days of the first
		application. Adults may also be treated at
		later stages of rice development to reduce
		overwintering populations.
		California: In addition to above directions.
		for control of rice water weevil in water
		seeded rice, PARADIGM may be applied at
		the 1- to 3-leaf growth stage with the
		majority at the 2-leaf growth stage.
		Adults are vulnerable on levees and in the
		water. Larvae are vulnerable while feeding
		on the leaf prior to entering the soil. Monitor
		for adults based upon field history and
		density of population. Monitor field edges
		and levee areas for adults. Treat in the
		following manner: a) spray the inside
		perimeter of the field, or b) spray the entire
		field.
		Green Bug: Known to have many biotypes,
		PARADIGM may only provide suppression.
		If satisfactory control is not achieved, a
		resistant biotype may be present. Use
		alternate chemistry for control.
		For control of stem borers, scout fields when
		rice growth is near panicle differentiation, for
		early symptoms of damaging populations
		exhibited as discoloration (orange-tan)
		around the junction of the leaf sheath and
		leaf blade which is caused by feeding of
		young larvae within the sheath. Applications
		must be made before larvae bore into rice
		stems. Make the first application at panicle
		differentiation to 2 inch panicle for partial
		control. Make the second application at boot
		to heading for maximum control. All rice
		varieties are susceptible to stem borer
		damage, but Cocodrie and Priscilla are
		particularly susceptible.
		<sup>1</sup> For control before the larvae bores into the
		plant stalk.
		· ·

	- Do not rologge flaggingto	r within 7 days at	on appliantin	n			
	Do not release floodwater within 7 days of an application.  Do not release floodwater within 7 days of an application.						
	Do not apply more than 0.12 lb a.i. (0.96 pt) per acre per season.						
	Do not apply more than 0.04 lb a.i. (0.32 pt) per acre within 21 to 27 days of harvest.						
	<ul> <li>Do not apply within 21 da</li> </ul>	ys of harvest.					
	<ul> <li>Do not use treated rice field</li> </ul>	elds for the aqua	culture of edib	le fish and crustacea.			
	<ul> <li>Do not apply as an ultra-l</li> </ul>	ow volume (ULV	) sprav.				
CEREAL GRAINS:	Rice Water Weevil	0.03-0.04	3.84-5.12	Uniformly apply at 3.84-5.12 fl oz of product			
Wet-sown Rice				per acre as a pre-flood, pre-plant, broadcast			
(CA Only)				soil application for control of Rice Water			
(37. 3)				Weevil (Lissorhoptrus oryzophilus) in wet-			
				sown rice culture.			
				Apply by air or ground equipment using			
				sufficient water to obtain full coverage. Apply			
				in a minimum of 2 gals of water (or a total			
				carrier volume)/Acre by air or a minimum of			
				20 gals of water (or a total carrier			
				volume)/Acre by ground.			
		For improved efficacy, light incorporation of					
		this product into the upper 1-2 inches of soil					
				following application is recommended - a			
				"roller" may be used for this incorporation.			
				Apply pinpoint flood not more than 5 days			
				after the soil application of this product, or			
				weevil control may be reduced. Scout for			
				feeding scars after plant emergence and			
				apply a second foliar treatment if needed.			
	Restricted Reentry Interval						
	Do not apply more than 0.0	•		er season.			
	Do not release floodwater within 7 days of application.						
	Do not use treated rice field	ds for aquacultur	e of edible fisl	h and crustacea.			
	Do not apply as an ultra-log	w volume (ULV)	spray.				
	Do not apply by chemigation	, ,	- •				
L		_					

CEREAL GRAINS:	Cutworm spp.	0.015-0.02	1.92-2.56	Ground application: Apply in sufficient
Sorghum (Grain)	Sorghum Midge  Armyworm  Beet Armyworm³  Corn Earworm  European Corn Borer²  Fall Armyworm¹  Flea Beetle spp.  Grasshopper spp.  Lesser Cornstalk Borer²  Southwestern Corn Borer²  Stink Bug spp.  Webworm spp.	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84	spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area.  Air application: Apply in a minimum of 2 gals per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area.  Make applications when pests appear. If needed, make repeat applications after at least 5 days. Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage of foliage.  Sorghum Midge: Begin applications when 25% of the sorghum heads have emerged
	Yellow-striped Armyworm <sup>1</sup> Chinch Bug Mexican Rice Borer <sup>2</sup> Rice Stalk Borer <sup>2</sup> Sugarcane Borer <sup>2</sup>	0.03	3.84	and are in tip bloom. Repeat applications at 5 day intervals if needed. Chinch Bug: Begin applications when bugs migrate from small grains or grass weeds to small sorghum. Direct spray to the base of sorghum plants. Repeat applications at 3 to 5 day intervals if needed. PARADIGM may only suppress heavy infestations and/or subsequent migrations.  1For control of first and second instar only. 2For control before the larva bores into the plant stalk. 3See resistance statement under PRODUCT INFORMATION.
	<ul><li>Do not apply within 30 day</li><li>Do not apply more than 0.</li><li>Do not apply more than 0.</li></ul>	08 lb a.i. (0.64 pt		season. season after crop emergence.
	<ul> <li>Do not apply more than 0.</li> </ul>	02 lb a.i. (0.16 pt	) per acre per	season once crop is in soft dough stage.

CEREAL GRAINS:	Armore Curturo reco	0.015-0.025	1.92-3.20	Ground application: Apply in sufficient
	Army Cutworm	0.015-0.025	1.92-3.20	
Barley Buckwheat	Cutworm spp.	0.02-0.03	0.50.004	spray volume to obtain full coverage of the
Oats	Armyworm	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84	foliage or target area.
0 0.10	Bird Cherry-Oat Aphid <sup>1</sup>			Air application: Apply in a minimum of 2
Rye	Cereal Leaf Beetle			gals per acre or sufficient spray volume to
Triticale	English Grain Aphid <sup>1</sup>			obtain full coverage of the foliage or target
Wheat	Fall Armyworm			area.
Wheat Hay	Flea Beetle spp.			Make applications when pests appear. If
	Grasshopper spp.			needed, make repeat applications after at
	Hessian fly <sup>4</sup>			least 5 days. Apply in sufficient volume to
	Orange Blossom Wheat			ensure sufficient coverage of foliage.
	Midge			Chinch Bug: Repeat applications at 3 to 5
	Russian Wheat Aphid <sup>1</sup>			day intervals if needed. PARADIGM may
	Stink Bug spp.			only suppress heavy infestations and/or
	Yellow-striped Armyworm			migrations.
	Grass Sawfly	0.025-0.03	3.20-3.84	Green Bug: Known to have many biotypes,
	Chinch Bug	0.03	3.84	PARADIGM may only provide suppression.
	Corn Leaf Aphid <sup>2</sup>			If satisfactory control is not achieved, a
	Greenbug <sup>1,3</sup>			resistant biotype may be present. Use
	Mite spp. <sup>2</sup>			alternate chemistry for control.
				<sup>1</sup> Best control is obtained before insects
				begin to roll leaves. Once wheat has
				started to boot, PARADIGM may provide
				suppression only. Higher rates and
				increased coverage will be necessary.
				<sup>2</sup> Suppression only.
				<sup>3</sup> See resistance statement under
				PRODUCT INFORMATION.
				<sup>4</sup> Make applications when adults emerge.
	<ul> <li>Do not apply within 30 da</li> </ul>	ays of harvest.		
	<ul> <li>Do not allow livestock to</li> </ul>	graze in treated	areas or harve	st treated wheat forage as feed for meat or
				treated straw to meat or dairy animals within
	30 days after the last trea			·
	Do not apply more than (		ot) per acre pe	r season.
L			, <sub>1</sub> , 2, 3, 3, 5	

	1		1	1			
COLE CROPS	Alfalfa Looper	0.015-0.025	1.92-3.20	Ground application: Apply in sufficient			
Head and stem	Cabbage Looper			spray volume to obtain full coverage of the			
brassica crop	Cabbage Webworm			foliage or target area.			
group including:	Cutworm spp.			<b>Air application:</b> Apply in a minimum of 2			
Broccoli	Imported Cabbageworm			gals per acre or sufficient spray volume to			
Brussels Sprouts	Southern Cabbageworm			obtain full coverage of the foliage or target			
Cabbage	Aphid spp. <sup>2,3</sup>	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84	area.			
Cavalo Broccolo	Armyworm			Make applications when pests appear. If			
Cauliflower	Beet Armyworm <sup>1,3</sup>			needed, make repeat applications after at			
Chinese Broccoli	Corn Earworm			least 5 days. Apply in sufficient volume to			
(gai lon)	Diamondback Moth <sup>3</sup>			ensure sufficient coverage of foliage.			
Chinese Cabbage	Fall Armyworm <sup>1</sup>			<sup>1</sup> For control of first and second instar only.			
(napa)	Flea Beetle spp.			<sup>2</sup> Suppression only.			
Chinese Mustard	Grasshopper spp.			<sup>3</sup> See resistance statement under			
Cabbage (gai	Japanese Beetle (Adult)			PRODUCT INFORMATION.			
choy)	Leafhopper spp.						
Kohlrabi	Meadow Spittlebug						
	Plant Bug spp. including						
	Lygus spp. <sup>3</sup>						
	Spider Mite spp. <sup>2</sup>						
	Stink Bug spp.						
	Thrips spp.2						
	Vegetable Weevil (Adult)						
	Whitefly spp. <sup>2,3</sup>						
	Yellow-striped Armyworm						
	Do not apply within 1 da						
	Do not apply more than 0.24 lb a.i. (1.92 pts) per acre per season.						

COTTON	Cutworm spp.	0.015-0.02	1.92-2.56	Ground application: Apply in sufficient
	Soybean Thrips			spray volume to obtain full coverage of the
	Tobacco Thrips			foliage or target area.
	Cabbage Looper	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84	Air application: Apply in sufficient spray
	Cotton Fleahopper			volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage
	Cotton Leafperforator			or target area.
	Cotton Leafworm			ULV application: PARADIGM may be mixed
	Lygus Bug spp.3			with once-refined vegetable oil and applied
	Pink Bollworm			in a minimum of at least 1 qt. of finished
	Saltmarsh Caterpillar			spray per acre.
	Bandedwing Whitefly <sup>2,3</sup>	0.025-0.04	3.20-5.12	Make applications when pests appear. If
	Beet Armyworm <sup>1,3</sup>			needed, make repeat applications after at
	Boll Weevil			least 5 to 7 days. Apply in sufficient volume
	Brown Stink Bug			to ensure sufficient coverage of foliage.
	Cotton Aphid <sup>2,3</sup>			Under light bollworm/budworm infestation
	Cotton Bollworm			levels, 0.02 lb a.i. per acre may be applied
	European Corn Borer			in conjunction with intense field monitoring.
	Fall Armyworm			Boll Weevil: Spray on a 3- to 5-day
	Green Stink Bug			schedule.
	Southern Green Stink Bug			Cotton Bollworm, Tobacco Budworm:
	Sweetpotato Whitefly <sup>2,3</sup>			PARADIGM also provides ovicidal control
	Tobacco Budworm <sup>3</sup>			of unhatched <i>Heliothine</i> spp. eggs.
	Two-spotted Spider Mite <sup>2</sup>			<sup>1</sup> For control of first and second instar only.
				<sup>2</sup> Suppression only.
				<sup>3</sup> See resistance statement under
				PRODUCT INFORMATION.
	Do not apply within 21 d.	ays of harvest.		

- Do not graze livestock in treated areas.
- Do not apply more than 1.6 pts (0.2 lb a.i.) per acre per season.
- Do not make more than a total of 10 synthetic pyrethroid applications (of one product or combination of products) to a cotton crop in one growing season. Synthetic pyrethroid products include but are not limited to Ambush® insecticide (or other permethrin insecticide), Asana® XL insecticide (or other esfenvalerate insecticide), Baythroid® emulsifiable pyrethroid insecticide (or other cyfluthrin insecticide), Capture® insecticide/miticide (or other bifenthrin insecticide), Danitol® 2.4 EC Spray insecticide/miticide (or other fenpropathrin insecticide), Decis® insecticide, Fanfare® 2EC, Karate® insecticide (or other lambda-cyhalothrin insecticide), Karate® insecticide with Zeon® technology, Mustang® insecticide, and Warrior® or Warrior® insecticide with Zeon® technology (or other lambda cyhalothrin insecticide).

CUCURBIT	Armyworm spp. <sup>1</sup>	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84	Ground application: Apply in sufficient
VEGETABLES	Blister Beetle spp.			spray volume to obtain full coverage of the
CROP GROUP	Cabbage Looper			foliage or target area.
Including:	Corn Earworm			When applied by ground, use a minimum of
Chayote (fruit)	Cricket spp.			10 gals. solution per acre.
Chinese Waxgourd	Cucumber Beetle spp.			<b>Air application:</b> Apply in a minimum of 2
(Chinese pre-	(adults)			gals per acre or sufficient spray volume to
serving melon)	Cutworm spp.			obtain full coverage of the foliage or target
Citron Melon	Flea Beetle spp.			area.
Cucumber	Grasshopper spp.			
Gherkin	June Beetle spp.			Monitor insect populations-to determine
Gourd (edible)	Leaffooted Bug			timing and frequency of applications. Scout
Lagenaria spp. –	Leafhopper spp.			fields at a minimum of 5 day intervals.
Includes:	Lygus Bug spp.1			Apply in sufficient volume to ensure
hyotan, cucuzza	Melonworm			sufficient coverage of foliage.
Luffa acutangula,	Pickleworm			
Includes:	Plant Bug spp.			Insects that bore or tunnel into leaves, vines,
hechima,	Rindworm spp.			stems, or fruit must be controlled before
Chinese okra	complex			penetration. Only exposed insects (larvae
Momordica spp	Saltmarsh Caterpillar			and/or adults) can be controlled with foliar
Includes:	Squash Beetle			applications of PARADIGM.
balsam apple,	Squash Bug spp.			<sup>1</sup> See resistance statement under <b>PRODUCT</b>
balsam pear,	Squash Vine Borer			INFORMATION.
bitter melon,	spp.			<sup>2</sup> Does not include Western Flower Thrips.
Chinese	Stink Bug spp.			<sup>3</sup> Suppression only.
cucumber	Thrips spp. 1,2			Cuppicoolon only.
Muskmelon	Tobacco Budworm <sup>1</sup>			
(hybrids and/or	Webworm spp.			
cultivars of	Aphid spp.1	0.03	3.84	
Cucumis melo) –	Leafminer spp. 1,3			
Includes:	Spider Mite spp. <sup>3</sup>			
true cantaloupe,	Whitefly spp. 1,3			
cantaloupe,	, , ,			
	<ul> <li>Do not apply more than</li> </ul>	0.18 lb a.i. (1.44 r	ots of product)	per season.
casaba,			ots of product)	per season.
	<ul><li>Do not apply more than</li><li>Do not apply within 1 day</li></ul>		ots of product)	per season.
casaba,			ots of product)	per season.
casaba, crenshaw melon,			ots of product)	per season.
casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw			its of product)	per season.
casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon			ots of product)	per season.
casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon honeydew melon,			ots of product)	per season.
casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon Persian melon,			ots of product)	per season.
casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon			ots of product)	per season.
casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon Persian melon,			ots of product)	per season.
casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon,			ots of product)	per season.
casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon			ots of product)	per season.
casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon Pumpkin			ots of product)	per season.
casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon Pumpkin Squash, summer			ots of product)	per season.
casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon Pumpkin Squash, summer (Cucurbita pepo			ots of product)	per season.
casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon Pumpkin Squash, summer (Cucurbita pepo var. melopepo) —			ots of product)	per season.
casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon Pumpkin Squash, summer (Cucurbita pepo var. melopepo) — includes:			ots of product)	per season.
casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon Pumpkin Squash, summer (Cucurbita pepo var. melopepo) — includes: crookneck			ots of product)	per season.
casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon Pumpkin Squash, summer (Cucurbita pepo var. melopepo) — includes: crookneck squash,			ots of product)	per season.
casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon Pumpkin Squash, summer (Cucurbita pepo var. melopepo) — includes: crookneck squash, straightneck			ots of product)	per season.
casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon Pumpkin Squash, summer (Cucurbita pepo var. melopepo) — includes: crookneck squash, straightneck squash,			ots of product)	per season.
casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon Pumpkin Squash, summer (Cucurbita pepo var. melopepo) — includes: crookneck squash, straightneck squash, vegetable			ots of product)	per season.
casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon Pumpkin Squash, summer (Cucurbita pepo var. melopepo) — includes: crookneck squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow,			ots of product)	per season.
casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon Pumpkin Squash, summer (Cucurbita pepo var. melopepo) — includes: crookneck squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini			ots of product)	per season.
casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon Pumpkin Squash, summer (Cucurbita pepo var. melopepo) — includes: crookneck squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini Squash, winter			ots of product)	per season.
casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon Pumpkin Squash, summer (Cucurbita pepo var. melopepo) — includes: crookneck squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini Squash, winter (Cucurbita			ots of product)	per season.
casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon Pumpkin Squash, summer (Cucurbita pepo var. melopepo) — includes: crookneck squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini Squash, winter			ots of product)	per season.

C. moschata) – includes:

butternut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash (C. mixta; C. pepo) – Includes: acorn squash, spaghetti squash Watermelon – includes: Hybrids and/or varieties of Citrulius lanatus

FRUITING VEGETABLES (EXCEPT	Cabbage Looper Cutworm spp. Hornworm spp.	0.015-0.025	1.92-3.20	Ground application: Apply in sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area.
CUCURBITS) CROP GROUP Including:  Eggplant Ground Cherry Pepino Peppers (bell and nonbell) Tomatillo Tomato	Aphid spp. <sup>2,3</sup> Beet Armyworm <sup>1,3</sup> Blister Beetle spp. Colorado Potato Beetle <sup>3</sup> Cucumber Beetle spp. (Adult) European Corn Borer <sup>4</sup> Fall Armyworm <sup>1</sup> Flea Beetle spp. Grasshopper spp. Japanese Beetle (Adult) Leafhopper spp. Leafminer spp. <sup>2</sup> Meadow Spittlebug Pepper Weevil (Adult) <sup>2</sup> Plant Bug spp. Southern Armyworm <sup>1</sup> Spider Mite spp. <sup>2</sup> Stalk Borer <sup>4</sup> Stink Bug spp. Thrips <sup>5</sup> Tobacco Budworm <sup>3</sup> Tomato Fruitworm Tomato Pinworm Tomato Psyllid <sup>2,3</sup> Vegetable Weevil (Adult) Whitefly spp. <sup>2,3</sup> Yellow-striped Armyworm <sup>1</sup>	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84	Air application: Apply in a minimum of 2 gals per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area.  Make applications when pests appear. If needed, make repeat applications after at least 5 days. Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage of foliage.  ¹For control of first and second instar only. ²Suppression only. ³See resistance statement under PRODUCT INFORMATION. ⁴For control before the larva bores into the plant stalk or fruit. ⁵Does not include Western Flower Thrips.
	<ul><li>Do not apply within 5 da</li><li>Do not apply more than</li></ul>	•	ots) per acre p	er season.

GRASS FORAGE, FODDER, AND HAY Pasture and Rangeland Grass, Grass Grown for	Army Cutworm Cutworm spp. Essex Skipper Range Caterpillar Striped Grass Looper	0.015-0.025	1.92-3.20	Ground application: Apply in sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area.  Air application: Apply in a minimum of 2 gals per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target
Hay or Silage, Grass Grown for Seed	and grasses grown for s	seed. A minimum receiving 0.03 lb	e-treatment in a.i./A which ha	Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage of foliage.  Chinch bugs: PARADIGM may only suppress heavy infestations and/or migrations. In this situation, a second application using an alternative chemistry may be needed.  Greenbug: Greenbug is known to have many biotypes. PARADIGM may provide suppression only. In this situation, a second application using an alternative chemistry may be needed.  Pasture and rangeland grass: May be used for grazing or cut for forage 0 days after application. Do not cut grass to be dried and harvested for hay until 7 days after the last application.  Grass grown for seed: Straw and mature seed (seed screenings) may be used as feed 7 days after the last application.  Grass grown for seed: Straw and mature seed (seed screenings) may be used as feed 7 days after the last application.  Best control is obtained before insects begin to roll leaves.  See resistance statement under PRODUCT INFORMATION.  Suppression only.

LEGUME	Cutworm one	0.015.0.025	1 02 2 20	Ground application: Apply in sufficient
VEGETABLES	Cutworm spp. Green Cloverworm	0.015-0.025	1.92-3.20	
-				spray volume to obtain full coverage of the
(SUCCULENT OR	Imported Cabbageworm			foliage or target area.
DRIED) CROP	Mexican Bean Beetle			Air application: Apply in a minimum of 2
GROUP Including	Saltmarsh Caterpillar			gals per acre or sufficient spray volume to
but limited to:	Velvetleaf Caterpillar	0.00.0.00	0.50.004	obtain full coverage of the foliage or target
(BEANS AND	Alfalfa Caterpillar	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84	area.
PEAS) Edible	Aphid spp. <sup>4</sup>			Make applications when pests appear. If
Podded (only)	Armyworm <sup>2</sup>			needed, make repeat applications after at
Canavalia gladiata- sword bean	Bean Leaf Beetle			least 5 days. Apply in sufficient volume to
Canavalia ensi-	Bean Leaf skeletonizer			ensure sufficient coverage of foliage.
	Blister Beetle spp.			<sup>1</sup> For control before the larva bores into the
formis –jackbean	Corn Earworm			plant stalk or pods.
Glycine max –	Corn Rootworm Beetle			<sup>2</sup> For control of the first and second instar
Soybean immature seed	spp.			only. <sup>3</sup> For suppression only.
Edible Podded,	(Adult)			<sup>4</sup> See resistance statement under
Succulent Shelled,	Cucumber Beetle spp. (Adult)			PRODUCT INFORMATION.
or Dried Shelled	Curculio and Weevil spp. <sup>1</sup>			<sup>5</sup> Does not include Western Flower Thrips.
Phaseolus spp.	(foliage and pod feeding			Does not include western nower minps.
includes: black.	adults and larvae)			
field, kidney, lima,	European Corn Borer			
navy, pinto, runner,	Fall Armyworm <sup>2</sup>			
snap, tepary, and	Flea Beetle spp. (Adult)			
wax beans Vigna	Flea Hopper spp.			
spp. includes:	Grasshopper spp.			
adzuki, asparagus,	Japanese Beetle (Adult)			
moth, mung, rice,	Leafhopper spp.			
urd and yardlong	Leaftier spp.			
beans, black-eyed	Looper spp.			
pea, catjang,	Meadow Spittlebug			
Chinese longbean,	Painted Lady Butterfly			
cowpea, Crowder	(larva)			
pea, and Southern	Plant Bug spp. including			
pea <i>Pisum</i> spp.	Lygus spp.4			
includes: dwarf,	Stalk Borer <sup>1</sup>			
edible-pod, English,	Stink Bug spp.			
field, garden, green,	Three-cornered Alfalfa			
snow and sugar	Hopper			
snap peas <i>Cajanus</i>	Thrips spp. <sup>4.5</sup>			
cajan-Pigeon pea	Tobacco Budworm <sup>4</sup>			
Succulent Shelled	Webworm spp.			
or Dried Shelled	Western Bean Cutworm			
Vicia fababroad-	Western Yellow-striped			
bean (favabean)	Armyworm <sup>2</sup>			
Dried Shelled	Yellow-striped			
(only) Lupinus	Armyworm <sup>2</sup>			
spp. includes: grain,	Beet Armyworm <sup>3,4</sup>	0.03	3.84	
sweet, white and	Leafminer spp. <sup>3,4</sup>			
sweet white lupines	Lesser Cornstalk Borer <sup>3</sup>			
Cicer arietimum-	Soybean Looper <sup>3,4</sup>			
chickpea (garbanzo	Spider Mite spp. <sup>3</sup>			
bean) Cyamopsis	Whitefly spp. <sup>3,4</sup>			
tetragonoloba-guar	For edible podded and su	ucculent shelled le	gume vegetab	les, do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
Lablab pupureus - Lablab bean	For dried shelled legume	vegetables, do no	ot apply within	21 days of harvest.
(hyacinth bean)	Do not apply more than 0			
Lens esculata -				raze livestock in treated areas or harvest
Lentils	vines for forage or hay	-		
Loridio	ı			

LEGUME	Bean Leaf Beetle	0.015-0.025	1.92-3.20	Ground application: Apply in sufficient
VEGETABLES	Cabbage Looper	0.010-0.020	1.32-3.20	spray volume to obtain full coverage of the
Soybean	Corn Earworm			foliage or target area.
	Cutworm spp.			Air application: Apply in a minimum of 2
	Green Cloverworm			gals per acre or sufficient spray volume to
	Mexican Bean Beetle			obtain full coverage of the foliage or target
	Mexican Corn Rootworm			area.
	Beetle (Adult)			Make applications when pests appear. If
	Northern Corn Rootworm			needed, make repeat applications after at
	Beetle (Adult)			least 5 or more days.
	Painted Lady (Thistle)			Apply in sufficient volume to ensure
	Caterpillar			sufficient coverage of foliage.
	Potato Leafhopper			Adult corn rootworm beetles (Diabrotica
	Saltmarsh Caterpillar			.species): Use a minimum of 2.56 fl oz per
	Southern Corn Rootworm			acre (0.02 lb a.i. per acre) as part of an
	Beetle (Adult)			aerial-applied corn rootworm control
	Soybean Aphid <sup>4</sup>			program.
	Three-Cornered Alfalfa			<sup>1</sup> Use higher rates for large larvae.
	Hopper			<sup>2</sup> Suppression only.
	Thrips spp. <sup>5</sup>			<sup>3</sup> See resistance statement under
	Velvetbean Caterpillar			PRODUCT INFORMATION.
	Western Corn Rootworm			<sup>4</sup> Use lower rates for early season
	Beetle (Adult)			applications and/or lighter populations.
	, ,			5Does not include Western Flower Thrips.
	Woollybear Caterpillar Armyworm <sup>1</sup>	0.005.0.00	2 20 2 04	1 *Does not include Western Flower Trinps.
		0.025-0.03	3.20-3.84	
	Blister Beetle spp.			
	European Corn Borer			
	Fall Armyworm <sup>1</sup>			
	Grasshopper spp.			
	Japanese Beetle (Adult)			
	Plant Bug spp.			
	Silverspotted Skipper			
	Stink Bug spp.			
	Tobacco Budworm <sup>3</sup>			
	Webworm spp.			
	Yellow-striped Armyworm <sup>1</sup>			
	Beet Armyworm <sup>2,3</sup>	0.03	3.84	
	Lesser Cornstalk Borer <sup>2</sup>			
	Soybean Looper <sup>2,3</sup>			
	Spider Mite spp. <sup>2</sup>			
	Do not apply within 30 co	lays of harvest.		
	Do not apply more than		ot) per acre pe	r season.
				or hay for livestock feed.
LETTUCE (HEAD	Alfalfa Looper	0.015-0.025	1.92-3.20	Ground application: Apply in sufficient
AND LEAF)	Cabbage Looper			spray volume to obtain full coverage of the
,	Cutworm spp.			foliage or target area.
	Green Cloverworm			Air application: Apply in a minimum of 2
	Imported Cabbageworm			gals per acre or sufficient spray volume to
	-			gais per acre or sumicient spray volume to
	Saltmarsh Caterpillar		l	

Adult) g luding rm (Adult)	area. Make ap needed, least 5 or volume to foliage. <sup>1</sup> For cont <sup>2</sup> Suppres <sup>3</sup> See res PRODU	plications when pests appear. If make repeat applications after at r more days. Apply in sufficient o ensure sufficient coverage of trol of first and second instar only. ssion only. istance statement under ICT INFORMATION.
within 1 day of harv		
nore than 0.3 lb a.i. -0.015	4 pts) per acre per season. 25 1.92-3.20 <b>Ground</b>	application: Apply in sufficient
dult) ult) (Adult)  0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.015- 0.0	spray vol foliage on Air appli gals per obtain fu area. Make ap needed, least 5 or volume to foliage. Use the I population situations For thrips addition a silicone a directions the spray 1 For contonly. 2 Suppress	lume to obtain full coverage of the r target area.  ication: Apply in a minimum of 2 acre or sufficient spray volume to all coverage of the foliage or target applications when pests appear. If make repeat applications after at r more days. Apply in sufficient to ensure sufficient coverage of higher label rates as thrips on increases and avoid rescue
 within 14 days of ha		ICT INFORMATION.
	.92 pts) per acre per season.	
0.015- r ut Worm falfa	25 1.92-3.20 <b>Ground</b> spray vo foliage o <b>Air appl</b> i gals per obtain fu	application: Apply in sufficient solume to obtain full coverage of the or target area. ication: Apply in a minimum of 2 acre or sufficient spray volume to all coverage of the foliage or target
		n 0.015-0.025 1.92-3.20 Ground spray vo foliage of Air appl gals per obtain fu

	Bean Leaf Beetle Corn Earworm Fall Armyworm¹ Grasshopper spp. Southern Corn Rootworm (Adult) Stink Bug spp. Tobacco Thrips Vegetable Weevil Whitefringed Beetle (Adult)	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84	Make applications when pests appear. If needed, make repeat applications after at least 7 or more days. Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage of foliage.  1 Use higher rates for large larvae. 2 Suppression only. 3 See resistance statement under PRODUCT INFORMATION.
	Aphid spp. <sup>2</sup> Beet Armyworm <sup>2,3</sup> Lesser Cornstalk Borer <sup>2</sup> Soybean Looper <sup>2,3</sup> Spider Mite spp. <sup>2</sup>	0.03	3.84	
	Do not apply within 14 or			
DOME EDUITO	Do not apply more than  Apple Apple			Season.
POME FRUITS CROP GROUP Including: Apple Crabapple Loquat Mayhaw Oriental Pear Pear Quince	Apple Aphid Apple Maggot (Adult) Cherry Fruit Fly spp. (Adult) Codling Moth Green Fruitworm Japanese Beetle Leafhopper spp. Leafroller spp. Lesser Appleworm Omnivorous leafroller Orange Tortrix Oriental Fruit Moth Pear Psylla¹ Pear Sawfly Periodical Cicada Plant Bug spp. Plum Curculio Rosy Apple Aphid San Jose Scale (fruit infestations only) Spirea Aphid¹ Stink Bug spp. Tent Caterpillar spp. Tent Caterpillar spp. Tentiform Leaf Miner spp. Tree Borer spp. Tufted Apple Budworm Webworm spp.	0.02-0.04	2.56-5.12	Ground application: Apply in sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area.  Air application: Apply in a minimum of 5 gals per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area.  Make applications when pests appear. If needed, make repeat applications after at least 5 or more days. Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage of foliage.  ¹Suppression only.
	<ul><li>Do not apply more than</li><li>Do not apply more than</li></ul>	0.2 lb a.i. (1.6 pts)		

Do not apply more than 0.2 lb a.i. (1.6 pts) per acre per year.     Do not apply more than 0.16 lb a.i. (1.28 pts) per acre per year post bloom.  Mexican Rice Borer¹ Pygmy Mole Cricket Rice Stalk Borer¹ Sugarcane Aphid³ Sugarcane Beetle (Adult)² Sugarcane Borer¹ Western Indian Cranefly Yellow Sugarcane Aphid³  Make applications when pests appear. If needed, make repeat applications after at least 7 or more days. Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage of foliage.  1For control before the larva bores into the plant stalk. 2Suppression only of beetles active above ground. 3See resistance statement under PRODUCT INFORMATION.	STONE FRUITS CROP GROUP Including: Apricot Sweet and Tart Cherry Nectarine Peach Plum Chickasaw Plum Damson Plum Japanese Plum Plumcot Prune	American Plum Borer Apple Maggot (Adult) Black Cherry Aphid Cherry Fruit Fly spp. (Adult) Codling Moth Green Fruitworm Japanese Beetle June Beetle Leafhopper spp. Leafroller spp. Oriental Fruit Moth Peach Twig Borer Peachtree Borer spp. Pear Sawfly Periodical Cicada Plant Bug spp. Plum Curculio Rose Chafer Stink Bug spp. Tent Caterpillar spp. Thrips spp.	0.02-0.04	2.56-5.12	Ground application: Apply in sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area.  Air application: Apply in a minimum of 5 gals per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area.  Make applications when pests appear. If needed, make repeat applications after at least 5 or more days. Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage of foliage.
Mexican Rice Borer¹ Pygmy Mole Cricket Rice Stalk Borer¹ Sugarcane Aphid³ Sugarcane Beetle (Adult)² Sugarcane Borer¹ Western Indian Cranefly Yellow Sugarcane Aphid³  Make applications when pests appear. If needed, make repeat applications after at least 7 or more days. Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage of foliage.  1 For control before the larva bores into the plant stalk. 2 Suppression only of beetles active above ground. 3 See resistance statement under PRODUCT INFORMATION.		Do not apply more than	0.2 lb a.i. (1.6 pts		
<ul> <li>Do not apply within 21 days of harvest.</li> <li>Do not apply more than 0.16 lb a.i. (1.28 pts) per acre per season.</li> </ul>	SUGARCANE	Mexican Rice Borer¹ Pygmy Mole Cricket Rice Stalk Borer¹ Sugarcane Aphid³ Sugarcane Beetle (Adult)² Sugarcane Borer¹ Western Indian Cranefly Yellow Sugarcane Aphid³  • Do not apply within 21 of	0.025-0.04	3.20-5.12	Ground application: Apply in sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area.  Air application: Apply in a minimum of 2 gals per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area.  Make applications when pests appear. If needed, make repeat applications after at least 7 or more days. Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage of foliage.  1For control before the larva bores into the plant stalk. 2Suppression only of beetles active above ground. 3See resistance statement under PRODUCT INFORMATION.

SUNFLOWER  Cutworm spp. Sunflower Beetle  Banded Sunflower Moth  Cutworm spp. Sunflower Beetle  Danded Sunflower Moth  Cutworm spp. Sunflower Beetle  Cutworm spp. Sunflower Beetle	
Banded Sunflower Moth 0.02-0.03 2.56-3.84 foliage or target area.	nage of the
	~
Fall Armyworm <sup>1</sup> Air application: Apply in a min	nimum of 2
Grasshopper spp. gals per acre or sufficient spray	
Head-Clipper Weevil obtain full coverage of the foliage	
''	ge of larger
(* *******)	oppoor If
Japanese Beetle (Adult)  Make applications when pests a policy report application and a policy report application.	
Leafhopper spp. needed, make repeat application	
Meadow Spittlebug least 5 or more days. Apply in	
Painted Lady (Thistle) volume to ensure sufficient cov	erage of
Caterpillar foliage.	
Seed Weevil (Adult)  1 For control of first and second	instar only.
Spotted Cabbage Looper 2Suppression only.	
Stem Weevil (Adult)  3See resistance statement und	er
Stink Bug spp. PRODUCT INFORMATION.	
Sunflower Maggot (Adult)	
Sunflower Moth	
Woollybear Caterpillar	
Beet Armyworm <sup>2,3</sup> 0.03 3.84	
Spider Mite spp. <sup>2</sup>	
Do not apply within 45 days of harvest.	
• Do not apply more than 0.12 lb a.i. (0.96 pt) per acre per season. Do not apply more than	0.09 lb a.i.
(0.72 pt) per acre per season after bloom initiation.	0.00
Do not apply as an ultra-low volume (ULV) spray.	
TOBACCO Armyworm spp. 1 0.015-0.03 1.92-3.84 Ground application: Apply in	sufficient
Blister Beetle spp. spray volume to obtain full covers	erage of the
Cabbage Looper foliage or target area.	
Corn Earworm Air application: Apply in a min	nimum of 2
Cucumber Beetle spp. gals per acre or sufficient spray	
(Adult) obtain full coverage of the folia	
Cutworm spp. area.	
Grasshopper spp. Make applications when pests	appear. If
Japanese Beetle (Adult) needed, make repeat application	
Katydid spp. least 7 or more days. Apply in	
Plant Bug spp. <sup>3</sup> volume to ensure sufficient cov	
Potato Tuberworm foliage.	J. 490 01
Salt Marsh Caterpillar <sup>1</sup> For control of first and second	instar only
Stink bug spp.   Stink bug spp.   Suppression only.	otar orny.
Tobacco Aphid spp. <sup>2,3</sup>	⊇r
Tobacco Budworm <sup>2</sup> PRODUCT INFORMATION.	<b>5</b> 1
Tobacco Flea Beetle	
(Adult)	
Tobacco Hornworm	
Tobacco Thrips spp. <sup>2</sup>	
Tomato Hornworm	
Tree Cricket spp.	
Vegetable Weevil (Adult)	
1	
Webworm spp.	
<ul> <li>Webworm spp.</li> <li>Do not apply within 40 days of harvest.</li> <li>Do not apply more than 0.09 lb a.i. (0.72 pt) per acre per year.</li> </ul>	

TREE NUTS CROP GROUP Including: Almond Beech Nut Brazil Nut Butternut Cashew Chestnut Chinquapin Filbert (Hazelnut) Hickory Nut Macadamia Nut (Bush Nut) Pistachio Walnut, Black Walnut, English (Persian)	Ants Chinch Bug Codling Moth Filbertworm Leaffooted Bug Leafroller spp. Navel Orangeworm Peach Twig Borer Plant Bug spp. Stink Bug spp. Walnut Aphid Walnut Husk Fly spp. (Adult)	0.02-0.04	2.56-5.12	Ground application: Apply in or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area.  Air application: Apply in a minimum of 5 gals per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area.  Make applications when pests appear. If needed, make repeat applications after at least 5 or more days. Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage of foliage.
Pecan	Hickory Shuckworm Pecan Casebearer spp. Pecan Weevil Pecan Aphid spp. Pecan Spittlebug Stink bug spp. Pecan Phylloxera spp.  Do not apply within 14 of		2.56-5.12	
	<ul> <li>Do not apply more than</li> </ul>			
TUDEDALIS	Do not apply more than			
TUBEROUS AND CORM VEGETABLES CROP GROUP Including: Arracacha	Cutworm spp. Leafhopper spp. Saltmarsh Caterpillar Sweet Potato Hornworm Woollybear Caterpillar spp.	0.015-0.025	1.92-3.20	Ground application: Apply in sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area.  Air application: Apply in a minimum of 2 gals per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target
Arrowroot Artichoke (Chinese and Jerusalem only) Canna (edible) Cassava (bitter and sweet)	Aphid species <sup>1</sup> Armyworm spp. <sup>1</sup> Blister Beetle spp. Colorado Potato Beetle <sup>1</sup> Corn Earworm Cricket spp. Cucumber Beetle spp.	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84	area.  Make applications when pests appear. If needed, make repeat applications after at least 7 or more days. Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage of foliage.
Chayote (root) Chufa Dasheen Ginger Leren Potato Sweet Potato	(adult) European Corn Borer Flea Beetle spp. (adult) Grasshopper spp. Looper spp. 1 Lygus Bug spp. 1 Plant Bug spp.			Insects that bore or tunnel into leaves, vines, stems, tubers, or corms must be controlled before penetration. Only exposed insects (larvae and/or adults) can be controlled with foliar applications of PARADIGM.
Tanier Turmeric Yam (bean and true)	Potato Psyllid Potato Tuberworm Stink Bug spp. Sweet Potato Leaf Beetle (adult) Swet Potato Vine Borer Thrips spp. 1,2 Tortoise Beetle spp. Webworm spp.			<sup>1</sup> See resistance statement under <b>PRODUCT INFORMATION.</b> <sup>2</sup> Does not include Western Flower Thrips. <sup>3</sup> Suppression only.
	Weevil spp. (adult) Leafminer spp. <sup>1,3</sup> Whitefly spp. <sup>1,3</sup> Spider Mite spp. <sup>3</sup>	0.03	3.84	

	Do not apply more than 0.12 lb a.i. (0.96 pt) per acre per year per season.					
	Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.					
CROPS GROWN FOR SEED: Dill Carrot* Parsley Parsnip  (WA and OR only) (*WA, OR and ID only)	1	2.56-3.84	Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre by air or 10 gallons per acre by ground. When foliage is dense and/or pest populations are high, 5-10 gallons per acre by air or 20 gallons per acre by ground and higher use rates are recommended. Use higher rates for increased residual control, such as prior to crop blooming. If application is made during bloom, use the lower rate of application.  This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or broadleaf weeds. Do not apply the 3.84 fl oz/acre (0.03 lb ai/acre) rate of this product to blooming seed crops. Apply the 3.84 fl oz/acre (0.03 lb ai/acre) rate as a prebloom or postbloom spray only.  Applications of the 2.56 fl oz/acre (0.02 lb ai/acre) rate of this product to blooming seed crops must be timed to coincide with periods of minimum bee activity between late evening and midnight. Be aware of bee hazard resulting from a cool evening and/or morning dew. Avoid direct application to bee shelters/hives. It may be advisable to remove bee shelters/hives during and for 2-3 days following application.  If used as a prebloom spray, it is not advisable to use during bloom to reduce potential for the development of insecticide resistance.  'See resistance statement under			
			RESISTANCE.			
	Do not apply more than 0.12 lb ai (0.96 pints) per acre per season.					
	Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.  RESTRICTIONS					
	<ul> <li>All dill, carrot, parsley, and parsnip seed screenings shall be disposed of in such a way that they cannot be distributed or used for human food or animal feed. The seed conditioner shall keep records of screening disposal for three years from the date of disposal and shall furnish the records to the director immediately upon request. Conditional disposal records shall consist of documentation of on-farm disposal, disposal at a controlled dumpsite, incinerator, composter, or other equivalent disposal site and shall include the lot numbers, amount of material disposed of, the grower(s), and the date of disposal.</li> <li>No portion of the carrot, parsley, parsnip, and dill seed plant, including but not limited to green chop, hay, pellets, meal, whole seed, cracked seed, roots, bulbs, leaves, and seed screenings may be used or distributed for food or feed purposes.</li> <li>Carrot, parsley, parsnip, and dill seed shall bear a tag or container label which forbids use of the seed for human consumption or animal feed.</li> <li>Carrot, parsley, parsnip, and dill seed may not be distributed for human consumption or animal feed.</li> </ul>					

## USE DIRECTIONS OTHER USES

CROP	TARGET PESTS	RATE		REMARKS	
		lb a.i./A	fl oz/A		
CONIFER AND DECIDUOUS TREES: Plantations and Nurseries	Bagworm Balsam Twig Aphid Birch Leafminer Black Pine Weevil Elm Leaf Beetle European Elm Bark Beetle Gypsy Moth Japanese Beetle June Beetle spp. Leaf Beetle spp. Leaf Beetle spp. Leafroller spp. May Beetle spp. Mealybug spp.¹ Pales Weevil Pine Chafer Pine Colaspis Beetle Pine Conelet Bug Pine Leaf Chermid Balsam Woolly Aphid Pine Needle Scale Pine Sawfly spp. Pine Tip Moth spp. Pine Tortoise Scale Pine Weevil spp. Poplar Aphid spp. Sawfly spp. Spittlebug spp. Spittlebug spp. Spruce Budworm Tent Caterpillar spp. Tussock Moth spp. Webworm spp.	0.02-0.04	2.56-5.12	Ground application: Apply in sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area.  Air application: Apply in a minimum of 2 gals per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area.  Make applications when pests appear.  Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage of foliage.  To control exposed foliage, flower, cone, seed, and bark feeding insects, apply as required by scouting.  1 Suppression only.	
CONIFER AND	Do not apply more than  Coneworm spp.	See Remarks	See Remarks		
DECIDUOUS TREES: Seed Orchards	Coneworm spp. Seed Bug spp. Thrips spp.			For high volume sprayers, dilute 5.12 fl oz per 100 gals of water and apply 5-10 gals of finished spray per tree. For low volume sprayers, dilute 20 fl oz per 100 gals of water and apply 100 gals of finished spray per acre. For aerial applications, apply 15 fl oz/A in a minimum of 10 gals finished spray per acre.	
	Do not apply more than 0.5 lb a.i. (4.0 pts) per acre per year.				
NON- CROPLAND (Excluding Public Land)	See specific agricultural crop listing on this PARADIGM label for target pests and rates.  • Do not exceed 0.2 lb a.i	See specific agricultural crop listing	See specific agricultural crop listing	Spray non-cropland adjacent to agricultural areas to control migratory insects which may threaten crops. Follow use directions, rates, and spray directions found elsewhere on this label for the adjacent crop and target pests. Use highest labeled rates for dense/large foliage, high insect populations and larger larval stages. Repeat as necessary to maintain control.	
	Do not graze livestock in		o por your.		

RATE CONVERSION CHART							
Lb ai/A	FI Oz/A	Pints/A	Treated Acres/ Gallon of product				
0.015	1.92	0.12	66				
0.020	2.56	0.16	50				
0.025	3.20	0.20	40				
0.030	3.84	0.24	33				
0.040	5.12	0.32	25				

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store in original containers only. Keep container closed when not in use. Do not store near food or feed. In case of spill or leak on floor or paved surfaces, soak up with sand earth, or synthetic absorbent. Remove to chemical waste area. **DO NOT ALLOW PRODUCT TO FREEZE.** 

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your state pesticide or environmental control agency or the hazardous waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

#### **CONTAINER HANDLING:**

**Nonrefillable Container (five gallons or less):** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. If recycling is not available, puncture or dispose of in a sanitary landfill or incineration or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned stay out of smoke.

Nonrefillable Container (greater than five gallons): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. If recycling is not available, puncture or dispose of in a sanitary landfill or incineration or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned stay out of smoke.

Refillable Container (greater than 55 gallons): Refillable container. Refill this container with lambda-cyhalothrin only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. For final disposal, offer for recycling or reconditioning if appropriate, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

#### WARRANTY DISCLAIMER

The directions for use of this product must be followed carefully. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, (1) THE GOODS DELIVERED TO YOU ARE FURNISHED "AS IS" BY MANUFACTURER OR SELLER AND (2) MANUFACTURER AND SELLER MAKE NO WARRANTIES, GUARANTEES, OR REPRESENTATIONS OF ANY KIND TO BUYER OR USER, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OR BY USAGE OF TRADE, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, WITH REGARD TO THE

PRODUCT SOLD, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, USE, OR ELIGIBILITY OF THE PRODUCT FOR ANY PARTICULAR TRADE USAGE. UNINTENDED CONSEQUENCES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO INEFFECTIVENESS, MAY RESULT BECAUSE OF SUCH FACTORS AS THE PRESENCE OR ABSENCE OF OTHER MATERIALS USED IN COMBINATION WITH THE GOODS, OR THE MANNER OF USE OR APPLICATION, INCLUDING WEATHER, ALL OF WHICH ARE BEYOND THE CONTROL OF MANUFACTURER OR SELLER AND ASSUMED BY BUYER OR USER. THIS WRITING CONTAINS ALL OF THE REPRESENTATIONS AND AGREEMENTS BETWEEN BUYER, MANUFACTURER AND SELLER, AND NO PERSON OR AGENT OF MANUFACTURER OR SELLER HAS ANY AUTHORITY TO MAKE ANY REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY OR AGREEMENT RELATING IN ANY WAY TO THESE GOODS.

#### LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, IN NO EVENT SHALL MANUFACTURER OR SELLER BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, OR FOR DAMAGES IN THE NATURE OF PENALTIES RELATING TO THE GOODS SOLD, INCLUDING USE, APPLICATION, HANDLING, AND DISPOSAL. MANUFACTURER OR SELLER SHALL NOT BE LIABLE TO BUYER OR USER BY WAY OF INDEMNIFICATION TO BUYER OR TO CUSTOMERS OF BUYER, IF ANY, OR FOR ANY DAMAGES OR SUMS OF MONEY, CLAIMS OR DEMANDS WHATSOEVER, RESULTING FROM OR BY REASON OF, OR RISING OUT OF THE MISUSE, OR FAILURE TO FOLLOW LABEL WARNINGS OR INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE, OF THE GOODS SOLD BY MANUFACTURER OR SELLER TO BUYER. ALL SUCH RISKS SHALL BE ASSUMED BY THE BUYER, USER, OR ITS CUSTOMERS. BUYER'S OR USER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY, AND MANUFACTURER'S OR SELLER'S TOTAL LIABILITY SHALL BE FOR DAMAGES NOT EXCEEDING THE COST OF THE PRODUCT.

If you do not agree with or do not accept any of directions for use, the warranty disclaimers, or limitations on liability, do not use the product, and return it unopened to the Seller, and the purchase price will be refunded.

Karate® Insecticide, Karate® Insecticide With Zeon™ Technology, Warrior® Insecticide with Zeon™ Technology, E-Z Handler®, and the Syngenta logo are trademarks of a Syngenta Group company Capture® and Mustang® are trademarks of FMC Corporation

Asana® is a trademark of E.I. du Pont de Nemours & Co. (Inc.)

Baythroid® is a trademark of Mobay Corporation

Danitol® is a trademark of Sumitomo Chemical Co., LTD.

DECIS® is a registered trademark of Hoechst Schering AgrEvo S.A.deC.V

PARADIGM is a registered trademark of United Suppliers, Inc.