

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

2,4-D, dimethylamine salt	6.42%
Quinclorac	2.13%
Dicamba, dimethylamine salt	0.60%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	90.85%
TOTAL 1	00 00%

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS:

0.456 lb 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid equivalent per gallon or 5.33% 0.182 lb 3,7-dichloro-8-quinolinecarboxylic acid per gallon or 2.13% 0.043 lb 3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid equivalent per gallon or 0.50%

Isomer Specific By AOAC Methods.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION



PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Harmful if swallowed. When using this product, wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, socks, shoes, and rubber gloves.

Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum or using tobacco. After using this product, rinse gloves before removing, remove clothing and launder separately before reuse, and promptly and thoroughly wash hands and exposed skin with soap and water. Remove saturated clothing as soon as possible and shower.

User Safety Recommendations

- Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. If pesticide gets on skin, wash immediately with soap and water.
- Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product.
 Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

First Aid	
If in eyes:	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed:	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything to an unconscious person.
	ct container or label with you when calling a poison r doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact

1-877-800-5556 for emergency medical treatment advice.

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help avoid run off to water bodies or drainage systems.

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination. Application around a cistern or well may result in contamination of drinking water or groundwater.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

1. Use Restrictions

- · For residential lawn use only.
- Do not apply this product in a way that will contact any person or pet, either directly or through drift. Keep people and pets out of the area during application. Do not allow people or pets to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.
- Use on established lawns. Do not use on Bahiagrass, Bentgrass (colonial and creeping), Carpetgrass, Centipedegrass, Dichondra, Gardens (including vegetables, fruit trees, vines and berries), Ornamental plants (flowers, trees, groundcovers, landscape beds and shrubs), Seashore Paspalum, St. Augustinegrass, and turfgrass species that are not listed on this label.)
- Do not use clippings from the treated areas as mulch or compost around flowers, ornamentals, trees, or in vegetable gardens.
- Do not apply this product to food crops (gardens, fruits, and vegetables), forage crops, or ornamental plants including flowers, trees, shrubs, hedges, woody ornamentals, groundcovers established in landscape plantings and other nontarget plants.
- Do not spray exposed roots of ornamentals and trees.

Spray Drift Management

It is the responsibility of the applicator to avoid spray drift at the application site. Do not allow the herbicide solution to mist, drip, drift, or splash onto desirable broadleaf plants, as small amounts of this product can damage sensitive plants near the treated area. If desirable plants are accidentally sprayed, immediately rinsing leaves with water may reduce or eliminate plant damage.

2. How Much To Apply

For Bermudagrass (common and hybrid), Buffalograss, Kentucky Bluegrass, mixtures of cool season grasses containing fine fescues (red, hard and chewings), Ryegrass (perennial and annual), Tall Fescue, and Zoysiagrass

Entire Lawn Treatments: This container covers 5,000 sq.ft. Measure the size of your yard. If the area to be treated is larger than 5,000 sq.ft., you may need to buy more containers.

Over-application or rates above those specified on this label can cause turf injury.

3. When To Use

Apply this product when weeds are small and actively growing.

Weed species	Timing	Comments
Crabgrass (large and smooth):	Apply in spring from crabgrass emergence until the crabgrass is 3 to 4 inches in height.	Re-treat at the same rate at 21 days later for dense populations or for continued crabgrass emergence.
Foxtail (green, giant and yellow):	Apply in spring and early summer during the early growth stages or when foxtail is 1 to 4 inches in height.	Re-treat at the same rate at 21 days later for dense populations.
Broadleaf signalgrass	Apply in spring and early summer during the early growth stages or during the 3 to 7 leaf stage.	Re-treat at the same rate at 21 days later if needed.
Dandelion, plantain, buttercup, speedwell, knotweed and other listed broadleaf weeds	Apply in spring when broadleaf weeds are small and actively growing.	Apply when broadleaf weeds are young and actively growing with adequate soil moisture.

(continued on next page)

Weed species (cont.)	Timing (cont.)	Comments (cont.)
Henbit, chickweed, white clover, ground ivy, lawn burweed and other listed broadleaf weeds	Apply in fall when broadleaf weeds are young and actively growing.	Apply when broadleaf weeds are young and actively growing with adequate soil moisture.

The maximum application rate is 6.4 fl.oz. of product per 1,000 sq.ft. per application. The maximum number of applications is limited to 2 per year with a minimum of 21 days between applications. The maximum seasonal rate is 12.8 fl.oz. of product per 1,000 sq.ft.

4. How To Apply

- Connect your garden hose to the hose-end sprayer. With your thumb, snap off the safety locking tab that prevents accidental discharge of spray solution. Leave control valve in the OFF position.
- 2. To BEGIN spraying: Turn on water at faucet. Extend hose to the furthest point from the faucet. Point nozzle toward the lawn to be treated and turn the control valve to the ON position. Water will automatically mix with the product. Walk backwards as you apply in order to avoid contact with the treated area. For best results, spray evenly over the measured area.
- 3. To STOP spraying: Turn control valve to the OFF position. Turn off water at faucet. To relieve pressure, turn control valve to ON position and wait until water stops spraying before removing sprayer from hose.

5. Use Precautions

- · Apply when weeds are young and actively growing.
- Delay mowing 2 days before and until 2 days after the application of this product.
- If the lawn is dry, water 24 hours before using this product.
- Do not water lawn within 24 hours of treatment.
- Certain hard-to-kill weeds may need to be spot treated in 21 days.
- For new lawns, apply only when grass has reached a height of at least 2 inches.
- · Bare spots may be seeded 3 to 4 weeks after application.
- Spray when air temperatures are cooler than 90°F.
- Avoid applications during the spring transition of the warm season grasses and during periods of extremely high temperatures.
- Application to bermudagrass may cause temporary yellowing or discoloration but full recovery can be expected. Do not apply to bermudagrass when daytime temperatures exceed 85°F.

6. Grass and Broadleaf Weeds Killed

GRASS WEEDS		
Crabgrass, large and smooth	Foxtail, green, yellow and giant	Signalgrass, broadleaf

	-	
BROADLEAF WEEDS		
Annual yellow	Burning nettle	Dogfennel
sweetclover	Burweed	Dollarweed
Aster	Buttercup	False dandelion
Austrian fieldcress	Buttonweed	Falseflax
Bedstraw	Canada thistle	False sunflower
Beggarticks	Carolina geranium	Fiddleneck
Betony, Florida	Carpetweed	Florida pusley
Bindweed, field	Catchweed bedstraw	Frenchweed
Bird vetch	Catnip	Galinsoga
Bitter wintercress	Catsear	Goathead
Bittercress, hairy	Chickweed, common	Goldenrod
Bitterweed	Chickweed, mouseear	Ground ivy
Black-eyed Susan	Chicory	Gumweed
Black medic	Cinquefoil	Hairy fleabane
Black mustard	Clover, crimson	Hawkweed
Blackseed plantain	Clover, hop	Healall
Blessed thistle	Clover, red	Heartleaf drymary
Bloodflower milkweed	Clover, strawberry	Heathaster
Blue lettuce	Clover, sweet	Hedge bindweed
Blue vervain	Clover, white	Hedge mustard
Bracted plantain	Cockle	Hemp
Brassbuttons	Cocklebur	Henbit
Bristly oxtongue	Common mullein	Hoary cress
Broadleaf dock	Creeping Jenny	Hoary plantain
Broadleaf plantain	(Creeping Charlie)	Hoary vervain
Broomweed	Cudweed	Horsenettle
Buckhorn	Curly dock	Jimsonweed
Buckhorn plantain	Daisy, English	Knawel
Bulbous buttercup	Daisy fleabane	Knotweed
Bull thistle	Daisy, oxeye	Kochia
Bullnettle	Dandelion	Lambsquarters
Burclover	Dichondra	Lespedeza
Burdock	Dogbane	(cont. on next column

BROADLEAF WEEDS (cont.)		
Mallow	Puncturevine	Tumble pigweed
Matchweed	Purslane, common	Velvetleaf
Mexicanweed	Ragweed	Venice mallow
Milk vetch	Red sorrel	Virginia buttonweed
Morningglory	Redroot pigweed	Virginia creeper
Mouseear hawkweed	Redstem filaree	Virginia pepperweed
Mugwort	Rough cinquefoil	Wavyleaf bullthistle
Musk thistle	Rough fleabane	Western clematis
Mustard	Russian pigweed	Western salsify
Narrowleaf plantain	Russian thistle	White mustard
Narrowleaf vetch	Scarlet pimpernel	Wild aster
Nettle	Scotch thistle	Wild buckwheat
Orange hawkweed	Sheep sorrel	Wild carrot
Oriental cocklebur	Shepherd's purse	Wild four-o'clock
Oxalis	Slender plantain	Wild garlic
Parsley-piert	Smallflower galinsoga	Wild geranium
Parsnip	Smooth dock	Wild lettuce
Pearlwort	Smooth pigweed	Wild marigold
Pennycress	Sorrel	Wild mustard
Pennywort	Sowthistle	Wild onion
Peppergrass	Spanish needles	Wild parsnip
Pepperweed	Speedwell	Wild radish
Pigweed	Spiny amaranth	Wild rape
Pineywoods bedstraw	Spiny cocklebur	Wild strawberry
Plains coreopsis	Spiny sowthistle	Wild sweet potato
(tickseed)	Spotted catsear	Wild vetch
Plantain	Spotted spurge	Wild violet
Poison ivy	Spurweed	Woodsorrel
Poison oak	Stinging nettle	Woolly croton
Pokeweed	Strawberry, India mock	Woolly morningglory
Poorjoe	Tall nettle	Woolly plantain
Prairie sunflower	Tall vervain	Wormseed
Prickly lettuce	Tansy ragwort	Yarrow
Prickly sida	Tansy mustard	Yellow rocket
Prostrate knotweed	Tanweed	Yellowflower
Prostrate pigweed	Thistle	pepperweed

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Trailing crownvetch

Tumble mustard

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Keep from freezing. Store in original container in a locked storage area inaccessible to children and pets.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL AND CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. If empty: Place in trash or offer for recycling if available. If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

FOR USE ONLY AS DIRECTED. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE HEREBY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, IN NO CASE SHALL THE MANUFACTURER BE LIABLE FOR INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, OR SPECIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT. If these terms are not acceptable, return this product unopened immediately to the point of purchase, and the purchase price will be refunded in full. The terms of this Limited Warranty and Disclaimer cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements at the point of sale or elsewhere.

GORDON'S® logo and TRIMEC® are registered trademarks of PBI-Gordon Corporation.

761/10-2022 AP040616 EPA REG. NO. 2217-896

Prostrate spurge

Prostrate vervain



Employee-Owned

MANUFACTURED BY PBI/GORDON CORPORATION P.O. BOX 860350 SHAWNEE, KANSAS 66286 www.GordonsUSA.com

ATTENTION: This specimen label is provided for informational use only. This product may not yet be available for sale in your state or area. The information found in this label may differ from the information found on the product label you are using. Always follow the instructions for use and precautions on the label of the product you are using.